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TELEGRAMS.

The Army Reorganization Bill in the French Corps Legislatif.

The Italian Ministry Disavowed by the Chamber of Deputies.

Burial Services of the Victims of the Angola Disaster.

FRANCE.

Discussion of the Army Reorganization Bill in the Corps Legislatif.

PARIS, Sunday, Dec. 22.

The bill for the reorganization of the Army, which has been under discussion for the past week in the Senate, was introduced in the Corps Legislatif by M. GRESSIER, and was debated during the sitting of yesterday.

M. GRESSIER, on reporting the bill, made a speech explaining the features and defending the character of the measure. He denied that it was a preparation for early war, because, in reality, it would operate to reduce the present effective force of the army. He insisted that the measure was intended only as a wise provision for the necessities of the future.

M. ROUHER, the Minister of State, also spoke in support of the bill. He strongly protested against the opinion which has been expressed, that the introduction of the bill looked to war with a foreign Power; and declared that the bill was not proposed by the Government as a temporary expedient to meet an immediate contingency, but as a permanent measure to improve the organization and promote the general efficiency of the military forces of the Empire.

M. JULES FAVRE made a powerful speech in opposition to the bill.

Toward the close of the sitting a vote was taken, and the Ministry was sustained by the majority of the Chamber.

ITALY.

The Debates on the Policy of the Government in the Roman Question.

FLORENCE, Sunday, Dec. 22.

The long and angry debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the policy of the Government in the Roman question terminated to-day. A final vote was taken, and the Ministry was defeated by a majority of two. The announcement of the result was received by the Opposition with loud cheering.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Government Prepared to Defeat the Plans of the Fenians.

LONDON, Sunday, Dec. 22.

The London *Observer*, in its issue of Saturday, says that the British Government, in all the extraordinary precautions which it is now taking against the Fenians, is acting with a full knowledge of their secret plans.

The alarm caused by the Fenians in the city is subsiding.

AUSTRIA.

Promulgation of the New Constitution.

VIENNA, Sunday, Dec. 22.

The new Constitution of Austria, which recently passed the Reichsrath, has been promulgated throughout the Empire by Imperial decree.

JAPAN.

The Opening of the Ports of Yeddo and Osaka.

LONDON, Sunday, Dec. 22.

Advices from Japan announce that, in accordance with the treaty concluded with the Commissioners of the foreign Powers, the ports of Yeddo and Osaka will be thrown open to foreigners for settlement and commerce on the 29th of January, 1868.

THE ANGOLA DISASTER.

Burial Services Over the Remains of the Unidentified Dead—Imposing Demonstration of Popular Sympathy—Further Discovery of Relics.

BUFFALO, Sunday, Dec. 22.

An immense crowd filled the large Central Depot on Exchange-street this afternoon, to witness the services preceding the burial of the unclaimed and charred bodies of the victims of the railroad disaster at Angola. A large platform, 100 feet in length by 20 feet deep, draped in mourning, was erected on the south side of the depot. On this were placed seats for the accommodation of those intended to occupy it, and a large melodeon to aid in the singing. Nineteen boxes containing the remains of the unfortunate strangers were placed on either side of a desk erected for the use of the clergy. The stand, at 2 o'clock precisely, was occupied by the city clergy, the Mayor and City Council, the railroad officials and the choirs of the different churches. Full eight thousand spectators stood in front and around the platform. The most solemn feeling prevailed, and sadness was depicted on each countenance. The services were conducted in the most impressive manner in the following order:

Invocation and reading of the scriptures by Chaplain COOK.

Singing—"I would not live alway," under the direction of Mr. BIXBY.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. HANCOCK.

Addresses by Rev. Drs. LORD and HOTCHKISS.

Singing—"Solemn sounds the funeral note."

Benediction by Rev. Dr. MILLER.

At the close of the ceremonies in the depot a procession was formed in the following order:

A detachment of Police.

The Mayor and Common Council of Buffalo.

The clergy in carriages.

The wagons of the American Express Company draped in mourning, each drawn by four bay horses, containing the remains, and flanked on either side by pall-bearers.

Thirteen carriages containing the railroad officers and citizens.

The procession was flanked by police, and proceeded up Exchange-street to Main, up Main to Niagara, up Niagara to Pearl, and down Pearl to St. Paul's Cathedral, where the bodies were deposited in a vault under the Cathedral, Rev. Dr. SHELTON, rector of St. Paul's, reading the beautiful and solemn funeral service of the Episcopal Church.

The streets were lined with people as the procession moved slowly along. Had the weather been more favorable the crowd would have been still greater.

Inquiries for friends are still being made, and relics are being found. The gold lever watch, marked No. 1,434, bore the inscription, "Presented to Joseph Abell by A. T. Norton," and not "A. T. Johnson, as previously reported. The ring marked "C. L.," found on a charred body, is supposed to belong to Charles Lobdell, the Assistant Editor of the Lacrosse (Wis.) *Democrat*, who, it is thought, was on the train.

The witnesses for the Coroner's inquest have all been subpoenaed, and taking of testimony will commence to-morrow.

The body of Herman Nichols, an unknown woman and child, and an unknown man, are still retained at the "Rest" for identification.

Accident on the Hudson River Railroad.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sunday, Dec. 22.

On Saturday evening as the 6:30 express train from New-York reached Gainsan's Station, the locomotive *R. E. Fenton*, which was drawing it, dashed into a caboose car attached to a freight train which was on a side track, the cars being on a curve in the switch. The engine was badly damaged, and the engineer, WM. BAIRD, of this city, was injured, though not seriously. The express train fortunately was running at a slow rate of speed at the time or a serious loss of life might have ensued. The train was delayed two hours by the accident.

Tennessee Judicial Convention—Arrest of Deserters—Fire in Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Saturday, Dec. 21.

The Radical Judicial Convention held here to-day, was one of the most stormy political meetings ever held in the State. Nearly two thousand negroes were present. The Convention adjourned from the Court-house to the Capitol, where it broke up in confusion while making the nomination for Attorney-General. Messrs. H. H. HARRISON was nominated for Chancellor, JNO. H. SMITH for Criminal Court Judge, and EUGENE CORRY for Circuit Court Judge. While Mr. CORRY was speaking, he was knocked down by Judge M. M. BRIEN, one of the opposing candidates in the Convention, and the present Circuit Judge. Both were arrested. CORRY is a Northern man.

Two deserters captured at the St. Charles Hotel last night, made a desperate resistance, and one of them was seriously wounded with a bayonet and sabre.

Alloway's Building, on Church-street, was destroyed by fire this morning, causing a loss of $20,000, on which there was $10,000 insurance. McKendrie Church narrowly escaped the flames.

The following important order was also issued on the 17th inst:

"Commanding officers are directed to notify the leading colored men, and to take such other measures as may be necessary, to give general publication of the fact, that all freedmen, who are able, will be required to earn their own support during the coming year, and to go to work upon the best terms that can be procured, even should it furnish a support only, and thus prevent their becoming a burden to the Government. All freedmen, who can, but will not, earn a livelihood, when employment can be procured, will lay themselves liable to arrest and punishment as vagrants. The coöperation of Sheriffs and Constables and Police Magistrates is requested in the enforcement of this order, and any just action of theirs, under its provisions, will be sustained by the military authorities."

Railroad Accident near Natick, Mass.

BOSTON, Mass., Sunday, Dec. 22.

The express train from New-York for Boston ran into a freight train this morning near Natick. JAMES MCCURDY, a brakeman, is supposed to be fatally injured, and several passengers are more or less hurt, but none seriously.

SECOND DISPATCH.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sunday, Dec. 22.

JAMES MCCURDY, the brakeman who had both legs broken by the accident to the express train near Natick this morning, died a few hours afterward. Only four passengers, Messrs. W. S. WROE, S. B. GILMAN and HATCH and HOPKINS, were slightly injured.

Disaster to the Brig L. S. Watson.

FORTRESS MONROE, Friday, Dec. 20.

The revenue cutter *Nemaha*, which came in from a cruise this evening, is in the bay, and reports speaking on the 18th inst. the brig *L. S. Watson*, Capt. BAILEY, from Navassa *via* Cuba, 14 days from Baltimore. A few days after leaving Navassa she experienced a heavy gale of wind, which strained the vessel and caused a leak. The Captain made Cumberland Harbor, on the southeast coast of Cuba, when he was obliged to run the vessel ashore to keep her from sinking. He remained there three weeks and after throwing overboard two-thirds of his cargo and making some repairs, proceeded on his voyage to Baltimore.

Arrest of an Alleged Murderer.

ALBANY, Sunday, Dec. 22.

JOSEPH BROWN and JOSEPHINE BROWN were brought here from Hartford yesterday by Officer KELLY, on a requisition by Gov. FENTON. The man is charged with having murdered a child, and then fired the house, in Canaan, Columbia County, the motive being to secure $5,000 insurance which he had effected in the name of the child, with the Hartford Accidental Insurance Company. The woman who accuses BROWN of the crime, says he also effected an insurance of $5,000 on her life, and she believes he intended to destroy her too. He will be sent to Hudson to-morrow. The child was adopted by them in Dayton, Ohio. Her name was ANGIE STEWART.

The Georgia Convention's Expenses.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sunday, Dec. 22.

The Commissioner sent to Milledgeville by the Convention to draw $40,000 from the State's Treasury to pay its expenses so far, returned this morning and reports "no funds." The State Treasurer said he was bonded not to pay out any of the public moneys except on a warrant signed by the Governor. The Commissioner made no application to Gov. JENKINS. The Finance Committee has failed to negotiate a loan for the Convention expenses with capitalists here.

Action of the Cotton Factors of South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sunday, Dec. 22.

A memorial is in circulation among the leading cotton factors here praying Congress, in view of the prostrate condition of the planting interest, to make an appropriation to assist factors in making advances to planters.

Burning of Grain in Toledo.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sunday, Dec. 22.

The Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company's grain elevator in this city was destroyed by fire last night. About 80,000 bushels of grain, mostly wheat, was consumed, involving a loss of $300,000, on which there is an insurance of $208,000, nearly all in New-England companies.

Seizure of Distilleries in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Sunday, Dec. 22.

Four large distilleries were seized yesterday by Collector JOHN MILLER, acting under orders of the Revenue Board. The charge against the distillers is one involving the defrauding of the Government by false returns. The distilleries belonged to JAMES CARR, JOHN MONROE, JAMES MCGUIRE and FRANK H. DEAL.

Arrest of a Negro Criminal.

FONDA, N. Y., Sunday, Dec. 22.

The negro who committed the outrage on the person of Mrs. D. D. BROWN at Greenville, Schenectady County, was arrested here this morning by Sheriff WINGATE.

The Mississippi River at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Saturday, Dec. 21.

The river has fallen three and a half feet in the channel.

Railroad Disaster in Iowa—Narrow Escape of Passengers.

From the Dubuque (Iowa) Times, Dec. 19.

The accommodation train which left this city for the west last evening, over the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad, met with an accident about three miles from the city, in which the passenger, baggage and one freight car were completely used up. The train was crossing a culvert, and striking a misplaced rail, three cars were thrown from the track. The passenger car was raised into the air and coming down lodged on the mason work of the culvert, and there still remains. Had the car cleared the culvert it would have gone down some twenty feet, in which case probably many lives would have been lost, but as it was no one was severely hurt, although every seat in the car was wrenched from its place. There were some twenty persons in the car who made their escape by crushing through the windows. Our informant, Mr. J. J. MAYNES, who was in the car, informs us that there was but one lady passenger in the car, and she, when the accident occurred, immediately sprang from her seat and exclaimed, "Gentlemen, don't get frightened." There was a German in the baggage-car who was thrown through the window and landed several feet from the track.

At St. Louis, on the 19th inst., the workmen excavating for the pier of the bridge over the Mississippi, came upon the wreck of the steamer *Glencoe*, which was wrecked by a boiler explosion seventeen years ago. Six skeletons were found imbedded in the mud on the deck. The *Glencoe* when wrecked, had just landed from New-Orleans, and was thronged with persons looking for friends, hotel agents, &c. The three boilers exploded at once, and the boat disappeared. A large number were known to be killed, many more were missing, and the affair created great excitement, which led to the licensing of engineers by the Government.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE BREMEN STEAMSHIP HERMANN.

The steamship *Hermann*, from Bremen, Dec. 7, and Southampton, Dec. 10, arrived at this port yesterday. Her advices are two days later than those received by the *Africa*.

AMERICAN TOPICS.

Views of the British Press Upon the Failure of Impeachment.

From the London Times, Dec. 10.

The refusal of the House of Representatives to prosecute the impeachment of President JOHNSON terminates one of the strangest episodes in the history of the American Union. There never was a more *startling instance of the power of public opinion on a legislative body*. The House of Representatives is divided between Republicans and Democrats nearly in the ratio of three to one. Of the seven Republican members of the Impeachment Committee, five supported the resolution recommending the House to impeach the President at the bar of the Senate. Under ordinary circumstances the impeachment must have followed as a matter of course. *A few months ago it would have been inevitable.* It had been proposed to the House by the Judiciary Committee, it was supported by a large majority of the Republican members of the Committee, and the House itself was mainly composed of members of the Republican Party. But the elections of the Autumn had shown that the majority of the voters of the North recoiled from the extreme measures of the Republican leaders, and, though the elections had no direct effect on the House itself, they apparently exercised an immense moral influence on its members. By a vote of 108 to 57 the proposal was rejected, and *the danger of a complete dead lock of legislation unbalanced by any practical advantage was removed.* * * *

The rejection of the proposal to impeach the President for high crimes and misdemeanors *will leave Congress free to attend to the more pressing wants of the Union;* but the mischief of this mistaken proposal will, probably, not so easily disappear. It seems not unlikely that the leaders of the Republican Party will have reason to repent their unbridled animosity against the President, but if this were all, they would receive, as they deserve, little commiseration. It is to be feared that the nation at large will be prejudiced by this abortive manifestation. The President has given abundant proofs of his own intractable disposition, and the abstract of his last Message shows that up to the meeting of Congress he had not learnt the necessity of abating any of his pretensions. The conclusive vote against the prosecution of his impeachment may not improbably be taken by such a man as an approval of his policy. It must in any case confirm him in the course he has adopted. The consequences which may be traced in the legislation of the session which has just begun cannot be doubtful. The strength of the Republican Party is broken, yet it commands a majority in the House and in the Senate. The tenacity of the President is confirmed, yet he is liable to be overruled by the votes of adverse majorities. The hopes of a satisfactory reconstruction are diminished. As it cannot be supposed that the Republicans will acquiesce in Mr. JOHNSON's schemes, and it is beyond hope that Mr. JOHNSON will modify his own views, there must be a trial of strength on every question as it arises, and the doubtful balance will sometimes incline to one and sometimes to the other side. Neither can get rid of the other, and the utmost that can be anticipated is a little amendment of the more pressing difficulties of the present situation, followed by a postponement of the rest of the work to a better season. Shut out from the prospect of useful legislation in Congress, the energy of the nation must be almost entirely devoted to what would, under any circumstances, be *the great task of the coming year—the selection of the new President and the determination of the "platform" upon which his Cabinet shall be constructed.*

FENIANISM IN IRELAND.

The Demonstrations of Respect for the Manchester Fenians—Funeral Procession in Dublin—Violent Speech of Mr. John Martin.

Dublin (Dec. 7) Correspondence of the London Times.

The topic of absorbing interest at present is the funeral procession which is announced for to-morrow. There can be little doubt that if such a demonstration be permitted to take place in this metropolis, it will imperil the tranquility of the country. A feeling of deep concern pervades all loyal classes, irrespective of creed, at the prospect of Fenianism receiving fresh life from such proceedings. The processions which are in contemplation—for there are others spoken of—will not be regarded by the people as monster meetings in motion, intended to give expression to popular feeling in a constitutional manner, but as displays of masked treason, which only awaits the opportunity to assail the Constitution. They will be considered as open and defiant violations of the spirit, if not the letter, of the law, which are tolerated, not from any generous forbearance or scrupulous respect for technical forms, but simply from timidity on the part of the authorities. This is, no doubt, a most unreasonable construction, but the mass of the populace will not be disposed, even if perfectly competent to draw nice distinctions in favor of the British Government. While a hostile Press is impregnating the minds of the lower classes with the virus of disaffection, such assemblages may become especially dangerous in themselves, apart altogether from any fear of collisions between factions such as they have already produced. The people become familiarized with the display of organized power which they know to be capable at any convenient moment of being directed to revolutionary objects, if not now actually aimed at them. Under the shelter of an organization which is admitted to be legal—if it be admitted—Fenianism may recruit and consolidate any fresh strength it may acquire; and the knowledge that popular agitation is charged with this explosive element, will render it doubly formidable and perplexing. A formidable obstacle will be raised in the way of those who honestly desire to adopt remedial measures for the condition of the country. The policy of yielding to intimidation, as it would seem to be, may be carried out without securing peace and order, and the habit of impunity will make the disaffected more audacious and exacting. Such are some of the consequences which loyal and liberal people apprehend. A week ago there was no idea of such a manifestation in Dublin as we are threatened with to-morrow. Now we have it proclaimed in the most ostentatious manner, and if the result correspond with the expectations of its promoters, it will be on a greater scale than any of the kind which we have yet seen.

The order of ceremonial observed in Cork will be substantially adhered to, with the slight difference that each "martyr" will be honored by a separate hearse. The bands will play the "Dead March in Saul," and there will be a speech at the graveyard by Mr. JOHN MARTIN. The procession will sweep through most of the leading streets, commencing at Beresford-place, where the muster will be at 12 o'clock. It will march, taking the following route: Abbey-street, Capel-street, the North Quays, and across the King's-bridge, which is the extreme limit, up Stephen's-lane on its return, through James-street, Thomas-street, Wine Tavern-street, part of the South Quays, Parliament-street, Dame-street, Westmoreland-street, Sackville-street, and on to Glasnevin, where, to make the mockerry more complete, a grave has been purchased, over which it is intended hereafter to erect a cross. No one will be permitted to address the multitude except Mr. MARTIN. This gentleman, who appears to be the prime mover in the affair, exhibits wortnily the grateful spirit which he feels toward the British Crown, which extended its clemency to him. He was one of those convicted for treason felony in connection with the movement of 1848, and sentenced to ten years' penal servitude. After undergoing a portion of his punishment he received a pardon, and now abuses the liberty which was generously restored to him to set a pernicious example to the disaffected classes. Those who intend to take part in the procession are busily engaged in making preparations. Green riband and crape are in demand, not only in parts of the city, but in Kingstown and other suburban districts. In the liberties of Dublin hawkers have been plying a brisk and profitable business, vending rosettes ready tied at exorbitant prices. Various rumors have been flying about as to the probability of a counter-demonstration by the Orangemen, but it is to be hoped that no unseemly imitation of the conduct of the Fenian sympathizers will be attempted. Some hopes were entertained by the respectable and loyal citizens, including some of the most earnest Roman Catholics, who discountenance the conspiracy and its abettors, that even at the eleventh hour the Government would prohibit the demonstration, but no steps have as yet been taken with that view. A special meeting of the Privy Council was held this afternoon, but it is understood they separated without resolving to suppress it. There is little fear that any actual breach of the peace will be committed, as all the journals which approve it, and the *Freeman*, which doubts the propriety of having it, concur in exhorting the sympathizers to avoid doing anything which would bring them within the meshes of the law.

DEC. 9.

The Fenian funeral took place to-day and passed off quietly. The day was very wet. About 16,000 walked in procession, including 3,000 or 4,000 women and children. All wore green rosettes or sashes and crape. Several thousands in the streets displayed the same emblems. Eleven bands played the "Dead March in Saul," "Adeste Fideles," "Savourneen Dheelish" and other tunes. When passing the spot where EMMET was hanged, in Thomas-street, the processionists uncovered heads and many cheered. On arrival at Glasnevin they were addressed by Mr. JOHN MARTIN, who denounced the "malignant policy" of England, and said that the three men whose memory they were met to honor were not murderers, but pious and virtuous men, who feared God and loved their country. For that love they were doomed to an ignominious death at the hands of the British hangman. The death of those men was legal murder—the act of English policy, the policy of the nation which, through jealousy and hatred of their nationality, had by fraud and force destroyed their independence. They had since endured sixty-seven years of insult and robbery, of impoverishment, extermination, and suffering beyond what any other people had ever endured from a foreign master. A vast number of Irishmen whom oppression of English rule forbade to live in their country, had in America learned to become soldiers, and seem resolved to make war on England. She was in a panic in consequence, and hoped to strike terror into Irishmen by legal murder. He continued at some length in this strain.

DR. LIVINGSTONE.

Further Accounts Giving Hopes of His Safety.

At a meeting of the Royal Geographical Society in London, Dec. 9, a letter was read from Dr. KIRK, of Zanzibar, 14 days later in date than the last that have been published. The letter is as follows:

LETTER FROM DR. KIRK TO MR. WEBB.

ZANZIBAR, Oct. 9, 1867.

The interesting discovery that a white man had been seen seven months ago to the south of Lake Tanganyika induced Mr. CHURCHILL, the Consul, and myself to go to Bagamoyo, a place on the coast, the point of arrival and departure of the Ujiji caravans. The result of our visit has been to find two other men, who also saw this wanderer in the country of Marungu, and to place his existence apparently beyond a doubt. We have also learned something about his personal appearance, his escort, and the route he was taking, and have been told that letters were given to one of the head men of another caravan then at Marungu. This man, we have since found, is no mythical personage, but a well-known man, so that on his arrival from the interior, expected in the course of a month, we may have not only our curiosity satisfied, but I sincerely hope our best wishes for our dear friend LIVINGSTONE realized. And I hope we shall find he has been successful, and is pushing his way to the Albert Nyanza, thence to emerge, *via* the Nile, on the Mediterranean. He will have been the first man who has not only crossed the continent, but has passed through its whole length from the Cape of Good Hope to the mouth of the Nile. But the essential part of his work will have been done before he reaches the Nile, and he may safely return toward Zanzibar, if so minded, with laurels sufficient to constitute him the greatest of all explorer, and the African traveler *par excellence*.

You see I am very sanguine that our friend is still alive. The manner in which we obtained the testimony was very satisfactory. In the first place, I picked up the news among some of the native traders; I then traced it to the caravan people, and drew out their story while they were unsuspicious of its interest; so that neither Hurdee trader nor Suaheli men had an object to tell lies, or an idea in which way to do so if they wished to please merely. Besides, our conversations were carried on without an interpreter, and, although making no pretence to a full knowledge of the language, I know quite sufficient to be able to express myself and dispense with that fertile source of confusion, an interpreter. I need not repeat all we heard; most of what is important will be published before this reaches England. With the prospect of letters from LIVINGSTONE so near, we may well refrain from all speculation on the subject of his geographical discoveries.

JOHN KIRK.

NAPOLEON'S POLICY.

The Discussion in the French Corps Legislatif.

In the sitting of the Legislative Chamber, Dec. 9, the announced interpellations on the affairs of Germany were brought forward.

M. GARNIER PAGES dwelt upon the contradictions which existed between the pacific declarations of the Government and its disquieting acts, which had caused perturbations in commerce and anxiety in Europe. The interview at Salzburg had paralyzed public business and alarmed Germany. He said:

"The Government which proclaimed the principle of nationalities has arrayed against it the nationalities of America, of Russia, of Germany and of Italy. France ought to seek a *point d'appui* not in Austria, but in Germany. It was above all things necessary to guard against an alliance between Prussian Germany and Italy."

In to-day's sitting of the French Legislative Chamber, M. OLIVIER maintained that the Convention of the 15th of September was a French acceptance of the Italian vote, which proclaimed Rome the capital of Italy. If Italian unity could resist all attacks, it was because unity was the wish of the nation. The partisans of the fallen Princess alone desired the overthrow of Italy, but France could not lend her hand to such machinations.

M. THIERS rose and interrupted the speaker. To maintain such a policy we must cancel our history. We are here one time as Germans, another time as Italians, never as Frenchmen.

M. OLIVIER resumed his speech. He appealed to history in favor of his view of the question. As regarded the German question, he said that the anger of Prussia against France arose from France being represented as jealous and menacing.

M. THIERS, in reply to M. OLIVIER, maintained that the political object of HENRY IV. in supporting the small States was to oppose the House of Austria, which wished to form a German unity, as Prussia is doing at the present moment. He again protested against the policy of great agglomerations, which resulted in authorizing conquests around France to her detriment, and might change the face of the world by introducing into Europe the establishment of two great Powers—one Germany, with 66,000,000 of inhabitants, and the other Russia, with 120,000,000.

M. ROUHER replied that doubtless the first principle acted upon by a government ought to be to promote the national interests; but it ought not to look with a jealous eye upon events abroad, always thinking of intervening to prevent them. Nor ought it to allow itself to be taken in tow by events which were being accomplished in the name of the principle of nationality, nor forget that patriotism which ought always to be its guiding star. The policy of the French Government might be defined as an energetic feeling in favor of the maintenance of right everywhere, and the revindication of that of France without alarms, and with confidence in the strength of the country. Applying these ideas to accomplished facts in Italy and Germany, M. ROUHER repelled the reproach of inconsistency which had been cast upon the policy of the Government. He denied that Italian unity had been "made" by the medium of France. Nevertheless, France did not entertain any idea of dismembering it. He disowned in the most absolute manner such an idea, but affirmed anew the determination of the Government to see the autonomy of the States of the Pope admitted, in accordance with the Convention of the 15th of September. Relative to Germany, the policy of France had consisted in political appeasement and quiet. The French Government frankly accepted accomplished facts as long as its interests and its dignity were not compromised.

DESTITUTION IN MISSISSIPPI.

Gen. Gillem's Report to Gen. Ord—Apprehended Disturbances.

Brevet Maj.-Gen. GILLEM, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for Mississippi, on the 10th inst. made a report to Gen. ORD on the present condition of the freedmen and the planters of that State, and their prospects for the future, in which he said that owing to the partial failure of the crops the freedmen are now idle and in a great majority of instances without means of support, while complaints come from every section of the State of depredations committed on live stock, &c. The condition of affairs in the State he sums up as follows:

Planters are without means, having little left them except their lands. Capitalists beyond the limits of the State refuse to make advances from the unsettled condition of affairs. The freedmen being to a great extent discontented, refuse to enter into contracts for the coming year. The remedy to be applied demands most thorough and immediate consideration, for the military, either through the commanders of troops or agents of the Bureau to reach all sections of the State, to see that all persons able to earn their support are compelled to do so, and that all those who do labor receive compensation for the same, is simply impossible. The care of the poor and the duty of seeing that contracts are faithfully executed properly devolves upon the local magistrates and higher courts. How far it is safe, under the peculiar condition of affairs existing in this State, to trust the civil authorities with this duty it is for you, to whom the act creating this district intrusts "the security of life and property," to judge. To empower the local magistrates to arrest as vagrants all persons without visible means of support would no doubt lead to acts of injustice, but the civil authorities, being recognized and intrusted with the execution of the civil law, collection of taxes and the care of the poor, it would seem to be a necessary consequence that, as a protection to the community, they should have authority to compel all who are able to support themselves, and thus prevent them from becoming a burden upon the community. To deny the civil authorities the exercise of this right is to place the freedmen above the recognized Government of the State. It is a matter of very grave doubt whether, in the present condition of affairs, the civil authorities, unaided by the military, will be able to maintain order and execute the law. Civil process can only be served in the ordinary manner where offenders are the exception and law is sustained by public opinion; but in the present ruined condition of labor in the State thousands are without labor and must subsist; consequently, depredation is the rule and honesty the exception, while, on the other hand, to treat as vagrants four-fifths of the community is simply impracticable.

There is another subject worthy of attention in this connection. There seems to be a wide-spread belief, which is daily increasing among the freedmen, that the land in this State is to be divided and distributed among them, and in some sections of the State this illusion is assuming a practical form by the freedmen refusing to contract for the next year, or to leave the premises they have cultivated this year. It is to be feared that this course, induced by evil disposed advisers, may lead to collisions, the extent and result of which it is difficult to surmise.

I receive almost daily petitions and memorials asserting the existence of organized companies of freedmen and asking the presence and protection of troops, and although I am satisfied that these representations are generally the result of fear and exaggerated rumors, yet the existence of such organizations in some sections of the State is certain. Commanders of troops and agents of the Bureau have been instructed to urge upon the freedmen the absolute necessity of abstaining from armed demonstrations; that they will be protected in all their rights, but that they must not seek redress by force or violence. In order to avoid as far as possible bringing the races in collision with each other, I have advised that whenever practicable the "posse" summoned to assist in an arrest shall be of the same race as the person arrested.

I am, General, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

ALVAN C. GILLEM,
Brevet Major-General, Commanding.

GEN. ORD'S ACTION.

In consequence of this report of the condition of affairs Gen ORD has directed Gen. GILLEM to proceed to Washington, as appears from the following order:

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH MILITARY DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI AND ARKANSAS,
HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., Dec. 19, 1867.

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 208.—Brevet Major-Gen. ALVAN C. GILLEM, Colonel Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, Assistant Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands for the State of Mississippi, will proceed to Washington, D. C., and represent to the President and Secretary of War, the starving condition of the freedmen in a large number of the counties in this sub-District, due to the rain and the bankruptcy of the cotton planters, and the absence of corn. He will report the absolute necessity of some provision being made by the Government to feed the freedmen and avert the war of races in such sections as are without food. Gen. GILLEM will take with him such reports and letters, on file, as are on the subject.

By command of Gen. ORD,

(Signed) O. D. GREEN, A. A. G.

AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.

Congress and Its Work—The Disordered Condition of the Country—Depredations of Guerrillas and Robbers—The Uprising in Durango—Feeling Against Foreigners—Mexican Finance.

From Our Own Correspondent.

CITY OF MEXICO, Tuesday, Nov. 26, 1867.

In my letter of the 21st, which left in the extraordinary mail sent by the *Mount Vernon*, at 9 o'clock on that day, I stated that in consequence of the non-presence of the number of Congressional delegates required to form a quorum, the formal assembling of that body would be delayed for some time. This was founded upon the statements of the afternoon papers of the 20th; but during the night and forenoon of the 21st, a large number of members reached the capital, so that at 2 o'clock of that day 109 members answered to the call—several more than were needed to form a quorum. The only business done comprised the appointment of Committees on Credentials and the adjourning to the 28th, at which date said Committees are to report. No business will be commenced for several days after, as much time will be required to perfect an organization.

Under the provisions of the Constitution, this session can only last until the 15th of December, as that instrument provides for two sessions annually, the first to commence on the 16th of September, and to terminate on the 15th of December; while the second assembly must take place on the first of April and terminate on the last day of May. How this difficulty will be overcome remains to be seen. The present session is, of course, the first according to the letter of the law, which provides for a sitting of ninety days, and which may be prorogued for thirty days more. The second convenes as stated above, and is to remain in sitting for sixty days, but cannot be prorogued. Necessity demands that the spirit of the law shall be obeyed, at the present time, and the letter ignored. It is not improbable that Congress will continue its labors until the close of the second legal period. It has before it an accumulation of neglected business during six years, and has more delicate and responsible duties to perform than were ever before required by its predecessors. The prospects are that it will acquit itself in a highly honorable manner—working in harmony and unity of action—and that it will be ready to second the President in his efforts to preserve the country from reënacting the history of the past.

CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.

The legislative bodies of the States of San Luis, Queretaro, Guanajuato, Puebla, Michoacan, and Mexico also convened on the 21st, and that of Oaxaca on the 20th, in accordance with the provisions of President JUAREZ's *Convocatorio*. Like Congress, the members of those legislatures are, in a large majority, favorable to President JUAREZ, who, so far as governmental organizations are concerned, now has the whole country more under his control than had any of his predecessors. All events are shaped according to his desires, and it seems as if some unseen power was placing in his hands every possible advantage, that he may be successful in this the last desperate struggle to preserve the name and the existence of the nation. The great crisis has truly come; the forlorn hope is now battling for the mastery, and the immediate future is big with events for this war-worn land—events that will prove whether or no there is true bravery and patriotism in the people, and will show to the world the capacity of Mexicans for self-government, or close their record as a separate nation and an independent people.

JUAREZ's greatest difficulty, as has been the case for years, is the continued depletion of his treasury. It is now in a condition worse than it ever was before, and unless some ready means are devised to relieve the financial pressure, which is increasing daily, the result can plainly be seen. The opposition to borrowing means from the United States is very strong, and will probably prevent such a step being taken, at least for the present. But the heavy expenses of the Government, in the meantime, will be preying upon the vitals of the land, and will bear quite onerously upon the people, a large majority of whom are creditors of the Government, and, in the case of the army, greatly depending upon the money due them from its coffers for their support. The great number of bandits, highway robbers and burglars now committing depredations in all parts of the country is, to a great extent, attributable to the delay of the Government in not paying off the troops, who, left without resources, have gathered in bands from ten to as high as four hundred, and are demanding tribute from travelers, transportation trains, and even towns and cities.

Jocotepec, in Jalisco, was recently occupied by a band of 300 men, who are stated to have committed every species of excess, laying a heavy contribution upon the place, sacking stores, &c. The band gave utterance, among other shouts, to *vivas* for the Empire, for ORTEGA, LOZADA and VEGA. A party of 250 are upon the Queretaro road, stopping the *diligences* robbing the same, and frequently capturing passengers, from whose friends immense sums are demanded as ransoms. They recently informed a party of Austrians who had just been released from confinement at Quaretaro that they had long contemplated the capture of that city, but had been deterred by the information that the authorities would execute all persons captured while participating in such an attempt. They were, as is usual with such parties, splendidly mounted and armed. They carried the green colors of the clerical party, upon which was inscribed "*Viva la Emperatriz!*"

Last Friday a party of sixteen *ladrones* attacked the *diligence* when just beyond the limits of Puebla. The captain of the escort and his men were frightened away; the passengers themselves soon after drove off the robbers. A great many such cases are daily reported. From *La Iberia* of this morning I take the following, which is a fair account of daily occurrences:

"Don SILVANIO CASTENADA, of Milpillas, Jalisco, was kidnapped last week, but was subsequently returned to his family, who were obliged to pay $5,000 for his release. Don IGNACIO DE BARRIO, of Perjamillo, Michoacan, was also kidnapped last week, and up to the present time no information of his fate has reached his friends. Nothing is yet known of the whereabouts of Don FRANCISCO GARCIA, who was kidnapped in Zamora. Don IGNACIO E. CASTELLANO's friends are in the same state of ignorance with regard to his condition, but have learned that the robbers have him in their custody."

In the next column is an account of the assassination of Señor ESPEJEL, a wealthy Mexican gentleman, who was killed last Saturday evening in *La Calle de Cocheras*, in this city. He was accosted by a well-dressed man, who first begged a *medio* of him, and then demanded Señor ESPEJEL's jewelry and money. The latter made an attempt to defend himself, but was mortally wounded, and died the next day. On the previous night a clerk of Messrs. E. BENECKE & Co., bankers, was murdered on *La Calle Capu Chinas*, near the Bank of Mexico and London. His body was discovered about 9 o'clock pierced through and through with a bowie-knife. As his jewelry and money were not taken, however, it is apparent that the bloody act was not committed for the purpose of robbery, but out of revenge. Another awful murder was perpetrated the same night, the victim being an old and wealthy Spanish gentleman. He, too, was butchered with knives and afterward robbed. These things have startled the whole city and caused great indignation to be expressed toward the authorities. The authors of the above-narrated murders have not been, and it is probable never will be, apprehended. The Police are wholly inefficient, and circumstances justify the assertion that they are concerned in the late excesses committed in the capital. Almost everybody is taking out licenses to carry arms, the Government requiring such authority to be obtained from it under heavy penalty for violation of the law. Nearly 2,500 permits have been issued within a brief time. Every license must be ornamented with the photograph of the party to whom it is granted, a duplicate of which is placed on file in the office of the Prefect. The regulations state that this provision is intended as a means of recognition, but the fact is, that Gov. BAZ has through it given one of his friends an opportunity of "turning an honest penny."

THE UPRISING IN DURANGO.

The uprising which it was expected would take place immediately after the elections, has really occurred; but it is upon too small a scale thus far, to prove of any great cause of concern. It has taken place among the Liberals of Durango, the friends of Gen. BORREGO the Anti-Juarez candidate for Governor, being on one side, against the forces of Gov. PALACIO, who was appointed to the Governorship and military commandancy of the State by the President immediately following the French evacuation, and who, as officially reported, was elected to the position at the late convocation. It appears that BORREGO was the candidate brought forward by the *Juanta Patriotica* of the State, in opposition to JUAREZ's convocatorio, which Gen. BORREGO had denounced in such an emphatic and bitter manner as to expose himself to arrest and imprisonment, by order of his opponent. His friends became incensed at this action, and went to work with a will to secure his election. They claim to have been successful in their effort, and declare that, had not PALACIO, by armed force, prevented them from exercising the right of suffrage, BORREGO's majority would have been doubled. They say, too, that after it had been clearly shown that BORREGO was the choice of the people, PALACIO refused to deliver up the Governorship or to release the General from confinement. This fact brought about the following *pronunciamento:*

The graduate Colonel, Citizen Lino Juarez, to the Inhabitants of the District in the Name of God:

KNOW YE: That, the first magistrates and public functionaries of the State of Durango having violated the law expressly forbidding the least interference in the elections, and the coercing those individuals competent to make use of the electoral right, by means of intrigues, threats and armed force, in the name of the nation, I hereby declare the election (for Governor of the State, claimed to have resulted in favor of Lawyer POLACIO, null and void, it not having been the free expression of the voice of the people. I will not recognize, from this time henceforth, any other person as Governor but Citizen TOMAS BORREGO, whom I will sustain by weight of arms, his choice being the will of the people of the free and sovereign State of Durango.

LINO JUAREZ.

NOMBRE DE DIOS, Oct. 20, 1867.

The Government has taken steps to crush this mutiny at once, and ere this, Mr. LINO JUAREZ has probably felt the power of his namesake at the capital.

The Press of the capital last week announced the pleasing fact that the guerrero difficulties between ALVAREZ and JIMENEZ had at last been adjusted. From later letters received during the past three days, however, it appears that the former state of affairs has not changed much for the better. The contending chiefs were still waging war, with JIMENEZ in the ascendancy—the people declaring themselves in his favor when he marched through the country. ALVAREZ was losing ground, and the prospect was that he would eventually be driven from the State. However, upon this result there can be no calculations made; one day one party has the control and on the morrow the power changes hands. The General Government looks upon the struggle with perfect apathy, and will doubtless maintain the same indifferent attitude, allowing the contestants to fight it ought among themselves.

THE WAR UPON MINISTER ROMERO.

The opposition organs that opened so fiercely upon Mr. ROMERO and his companions, charged him with corruption, and declared that he had been playing into the hands of the *estrangeros*. They have insulted his friends, too, stating the object of their visit to be the preferring of claims upon the national treasury for the amount of fifty millions of dollars, but are now beginning to repent of their haste, and are exhibiting a spirit of equity. The editor of the *Diario Official*, Señor COVARRUBIAS, addressed a note to Mr. ROMERO immediately upon his arrival in the city, asking him for a statement in relation to his management of the affairs intrusted to him by the Government. To this letter ROMERO replied in a six-column letter, in which he refuted the assertions of the opposition, and in an able and lucid manner, gave a *resumé* of his official acts, including the making of "mysterious" contracts, sales of bonds, &c., which completely cleared him from the imputations of his and the Government's enemies.

FEELING AGAINST FOREIGNERS.

It cannot be denied that there is a growing feeling of jealousy against foreigners, which the true friends of the Republic greatly regret to observe. Americans, however, are not so generally disliked as other foreigners, as there are but few Mexicans, excepting the friends of that educated savage, ALTAMIRANO, but have the good sense to see that it would be impolitic to exhibit such sentiments toward them. The entire press of the country have a good deal to say of late about *los estrangeros*, charging them with the responsibility of the misfortunes of the past, and using anything but first-class politeness and consideration toward them, while the Anti-Juaristas have made the cry of "Down with the foreigners" their watchword. They are too inferior both in intelligence and numbers, fortunately, to cause any apprehension that they will ever seize the reins of power.

MEXICAN FINANCE.

The President has issued a decree abolishing all tolls upon the highways after Jan. 1, 1868, thus doing away with one other of the many curses bequeathed to Mexico by her Spanish rulers. He had also issued a decree ordering the liquidation presentation of the whole of the floating debt of the Republic before the 19th of November, 1868, and restoring to the holders of the bonds accepted by MAXIMILIAN, but which were issued by the Liberal Government, the value of the same, upon payment of a fine of three per cent. of their value. By decree of Mr. JUAREZ, issued in 1863, these bonds were declared forfeited. All accounts contracted by the Republican Generals, and other competent officials, engaged in the late struggle, are to be presented for examination, and, if found to be correct, will be countersigned and bonds issued for their respective amounts. A number of debts incurred by Gen. DIAZ, as General-in-Chief of the Army of the East, have been repudiated by Minister IGLESIAS. They exceed, it is reported, a quarter of a million dollars. Gen. DIAZ is expected at the capital very shortly, and it is affirmed that he will take it upon himself to see that the amounts referred to shall be paid, as he gave his personal assurance that the money would be forthcoming in due course of time.

RELATIONS WITH GUATEMALA.

The condition of relations between Mexico and Guatemala are quite critical. There is, in fact, a probability of the latter Power being required to make amends and indemnifications to the former, on account of depredations said to have been committed by citizens of Guatemala to the detriment of Mexican citizens dwelling on the border. Your readers must not be surprised if in a future letter I am called upon to report the sending of a Mexican army in that direction.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Last Sabbath was the feast-day of Los Naturales Indians, which was celebrated at la Villa de Guadaloupe—over ten thousand of Mexico's native children taking part in the exercises and presenting a novel scene to the eyes of a foreigner. The ceremonies consisted of religious services, during which many candles were burned, and a sale of charms, blessed ribbons, figures of "Our Lady of Guadaloupe," and other "curiosities," by the white-robed priests and their boy assistants. Large quantities of *pulque* were imbibed, as also water from the mineral spring situated near the church, which the Mexicans believe to be holy and health-giving, in consequence of the spring having, as they declare, been blessed by "Our Lady." There were hundreds pressing about the place, all anxious to drink of and bathe their hands in the water, which was monopolized as fast as it flowed, notwithstanding the vast capacity of the natural fountain. A dance in the plaza—a wild, barbaric and grotesque performance—closed the exercises of the day, after which we returned to the city to witness another scene almost as well patronized, yet less innocent and more barbaric—a bull fight. It was Sabbath afternoon, it is true, but Sunday is the principal day of the week for Mexican amusements. As we entered the vast circular edifice a cheer burst from the assembly, and the "gladiators" hurried to their shelters. A bull soon bounded into the arena, and shaking his head in a defiant manner, dashed across the ring, receiving a thrust from a goad. The "gallant" combatants annoyed him for a time, until the poor brute, thoroughly maddened, charged upon them. In a moment all the men were under shelter, leaving the animal to rush upon one of the armed horsemen with such fury as to unseat the rider and disembowel the horse. The bull was vociferously cheered, and, after being covered with ribbons and rosettes, fastened to his sides by barbs, was dispatched to make way for another victim, his lifeless carcass, with that of the horse, being promptly dragged from the arena. These performances are not so frequent as they formerly were, yet they are apparently enjoyed with as much gusto as ever. Mr. JUAREZ and many other distinguished persons were present.

Gen. CORONA, who is expected to-morrow, recently gave orders that all of his late soldiers who had lost limbs in the service of their country should be supplied with artificial ones at the Government expense. This is a most noble action on the part of CORONA, and one worthy the chieftain's high reputation.

Capt. SEPULVEDA, who was Private Secretary of the late Gen. MIRAMON, left the capital this morning *en route* for Europe, he having been banished from the Republic. Capt. SEPULVEDA, who was with MIRAMON at the taking of Zacatecas, states that, had Gen. CASTILLO obeyed orders and formed a junction with the forces of Gen. MIRAMON at that place, the whole army of Gen. ARRANDA, together with the President and his Cabinet, would have been captured, when the combined forces would have fallen upon ESCOBEDO, who afterward whipped MIRAMON, and captured him and his army. CASTILLO was but three leagues away at the time, and his failure to comply with instructions changed the condition of affairs, and doomed the Empire to an earlier death than it otherwise would have suffered. Such, however, is destiny.

Mexican Bonds.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your paper of the 18th you publish a statement received from Washington, signed IGNACIO MARESCAL, the purport of which is that the bonds of Mexico, issued to and sold by Messrs. JOHN W. CORLIES & Co., are the only bonds that are or will be recognized by the Government of Mexico, and that the contract made by Gen. CARVAJEL in behalf of that Government with me has been repudiated and is no longer valid.

To that statement I oppose the facts that the contract with CORLIES & Co. has been terminated by the Mexican Government, and is not and will not be longer recognized by them; that the said contract was made subsequently to that made with me, and that my contract is recognized by the Mexican Government as valid and binding upon it.

All this will appear in a short time, and in the meanwhile I assure all those who are unacquainted with Mr. IGNACIO MARESCAL, and his conduct with regard to this controversy, that among those who know him no statement of his, however solemnly made, or in whatever official character uttered, will command the slightest confidence.

DANIEL WOODHOUSE.

Call for the Union State Convention in Kentucky.

ROOMS OF THE UNION CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 17, 1867.

The Union Party of the State are requested to send delegates to a convention to be held in Frankfort, on the 27th day of February, 1868, for a general organization of the Party, and for nominating a candidate for Governor, and for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent Kentucky at the National Republican Convention, to be held at Chicago, on the 20th day of May, 1868, and for appointing electors for the ensuing Presidential election.

The issues involved, the foe we have to contend with, so imperatively demand that every Union man shall be at his post, that the Committee deem it almost superfluous to urge a general attendance.

JOSHUA F. SPEED, Chairman.

Hon. W. D. Kelley upon the Cotton Tax.

The following note from Hon. W. D. KELLEY, of Pennsylvania, was published in the Memphis *Post* of the 16th inst.:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1867.

EDITORS POST: I have received a number of communications, printed and written, from Memphis, on the subject of the cotton tax. I had five minutes yesterday to speak on the subject, and beg you to oblige me by publishing my few words.

My object is to demonstrate the necessity of an alliance between the cotton planter and manufacturer to secure to the planters a monopoly of our own market. That done, we can export cotton fabrics and exclude the cotton of other fields from the markets our manufacturers conquer. The cotton tax and the five per cent. tax on cotton manufacturers repealed, with the factory located on water-power flowing through cotton fields, we can resume our ascendancy as cotton-growers in a few years.

Yours very truly,

WM. D. KELLEY.

Gen. Hancock's Order.

The interest given to the subject of Gen. HANCOCK's action in New-Orleans, by the President's Message in regard to it, renders proper a republication of the General's Order. It was as follows:

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 5, 1867.

SPECIAL ORDERS, No. 203, SEC. 2: The true and proper use of military power, besides defending the national honor against foreign nations, is to uphold the laws and civil Government, and to secure to every person residing among us the enjoyment of life, liberty and property.

It is accordingly made by the act of Congress the duty of the commander of this district to protect all persons in these rights, and to suppress disorder and violence, and to punish all disturbers of the public peace and criminals.

The commanding General has been officially informed that the administration of justice in the courts is clogged, if not entirely frustrated, by the enforcement of paragraph number two of the military order numbered special order one hundred and twenty-five of the current series, from these headquarters, issued on the 24th of August, 1867, relative to the qualifications of persons to be placed on the jury lists of the State of Louisiana.

To determine who shall and who shall not be jurors appertains to the legislative power, and until the laws in existence regulating this subject shall be amended or changed by that department of the civil government, which the Constitutions of all the States, under our Republican system, vest with that power, it is deemed best to carry out the will of the people as expressed in the last legislative act upon this subject.

The qualification of a juror under the law, is a proper subject for the decision of the courts.

The Commanding General, in the discharge of the trust reposed in him, will maintain the just powers of the judiciary, and is unwilling to permit the civil authorities and laws to be embarrassed by military interference; and as it is an established fact that the administration of justice in the ordinary tribunals is greatly embarrassed by the operations of Paragraph No. 2, Special Orders No. 125, current series, from these headquarters, it is ordered that said paragraph which relates to the qualifications of jurors to be placed on the jury lists of the State of Louisiana be and the same is hereby revoked, and that the trial by jury be henceforth regulated and controled by the Constitution and civil laws without regard to any military order heretofore issued from these headquarters.

By command of Major-Gen. HANCOCK.

A convention of editors and publishers of Republican papers throughout the State of Tennessee is called, to be held at Nashville on the 22d of January 1868, for the purpose of considering the interests of publishers, and to devise some means by which a better support can be obtained. All proprietors of Radical papers are urgently requested to attend.

MAGAZINES FOR JANUARY.

—The *Atlantic* opens with a very sweet New-England idyll entitled, "The Wife"—the story of a beautiful city girl who went into the country and there won the heart of a young farmer, who in turn succeeded in winning hers, with her hand. We give the portrait of her as the farmer's wife:

We drove before the farm-house door,
The farmer called to Mary;
Bare-armed, with Juno's step, she came,
White-aproned, from her dairy.

Her air, her smile, her motions, told
Of womanly completeness;
A music as of household songs
Was in her voice of sweetness;—

An inborn grace that nothing lacked
Of culture or appliance—
The warmth of genial courtesy,
The calm of self-reliance.

Before her queenly womanhood
How dared our landlord utter
The paltry errand of his need
To buy her fresh-churned butter?

She led the way with housewife pride,
Her goodly store disclosing,
Full tenderly the golden balls
With snow-white hands disposing.

In this number we have the commencement of CHARLES DICKENS' new story, "George Silverman's Explanation," which is to run through several numbers. Dr. HAYES contributes the first of a series of articles on "Life in Greenland and the Arctic Regions," which promises to be exceedingly interesting. EUGENE BENSON discourses in his usual earnest style on "The Old Masters in the Louvre, and Modern Art," and RALPH WALDO EMERSON gives us, in an essay of great freshness and power of thought, his impressions of the "Aspects of Culture." BAYARD TAYLOR continues his pleasant reminiscences of travel in the "By-ways of Europe," still lingering in the Balearic Islands. "Hawthorne in the Boston Custom-house" contains some charming extracts from his private letters, written while he was in the Custom-house in Boston. He says he was neither unhappy nor discontented there, but some of his letters seem to tell a different story. BRYANT's translation of the "Combat of Diomed and Mars" will lead the reader to wish he would give us the whole of Homer in such English verse. "In the Twilight" is an exquisite poem by JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL.—What a noble array of names have we here!—BRYANT, EMERSON, DICKENS, WHITTIER, LOWELL, TAYLOR,—is there another magazine in the world with a list of contributors worthy to be placed by the side of this?

—The *Galaxy* signalizes the commencement of its fifth volume with a new cover, the third experiment of the kind it has tried in the course of its brief existence. "Third time never fails," say the boys, and the proverb seems to be verified in this instance. The cover-tint is delicate and pleasing to the eye, and the design is graceful, appropriate, and beautifully engraved. Should the *Galaxy* continue to scintillate a thousand years to come, there will certainly be no need to exchange its present tastefully-designed cover for another. The contents of the January number are remarkably interesting and attractive—except the poetry which is dull and common-place, and indeed much below the standard of the *Galaxy*. Of the stories and other prose contributions, we can speak in terms of high praise. "The Story of a Masterpiece," by HENRY JAMES, Jr., of which part I. only is given, is an interesting and well-written love story. Miss OLIVE LOGAN contributes a pleasant chatty article on "American and Foreign Theatres." Mr. FROTHINGHAM's very powerful and absorbing account of his "Spiritualistic Experiences" is brought to a satisfactory conclusion. "The Same Christmas in Old England and New," by EDWARD E. HALE, gives a pleasant sketch of the landing from the *Mayflower*, and the first Christmas of the Pilgrim Fathers in New-England, compared with the keeping of the same day by King JAMES in Old England. Why will Mrs. HARRIET PRESCOTT SPOFFORD always write in a melancholy vein? Her Christmas story in the *Galaxy* is of the sort to make people sad and heavy-hearted, instead of merry and cheerful, as befits the time and its traditions. Mr. WILLIAM L. STONE contributes a valuable historical essay on the American campaign of Gen. BURGOYNE. "Stephen Lawrence, Yeoman," by Mrs. EDWARDS, is continued through chapter 36. The *Nebulæ* conclude the number, and are of unusual interest.

—*Hours at Home* comes to us with its usual variety of solid and entertaining reading. Will the accomplished editor permit us to suggest, with due deference to his judgment, that to find his magazine *opening*, month after month, with a rather heavy article on "Dark Things," is very discouraging to the average reader, who is supposed to be a little more fond of the lighter forms of literature. The portal to a house should not be the darkest and most sombre part of it. But when we once get by Dr. BUSHNELL's rather prosy moralizing, we come to very pleasant tales, essays and poems, in which every reader will find something to interest, amuse, or instruct him. The article on "Old Virginia: Schools and Early Ministers," contains many interesting facts about the Old Dominion. "The Chicken-Frolic," is a pleasant story of New Year's Eve a hundred years ago. Rev. B. F. DECOSTA contributes an essay on islands, quoting therein a great deal of poetry. "The Chaplet of Pearls" is continued, and grows more interesting as it goes on. Of the more solid articles, the most important, and at the same time, the most interesting, is the fourth number of Prof. TYLER's "Representative Cities." In this number the author writes of "Rome: the Eternal City and the Mistress of the World; or the Law-giver and Law-teacher of the Nations."

—*Harper's* commences with an illustrated article on "Chattanooga and How we Held It,"—an interesting chapter of war reminiscences, belonging to a class of articles that will find readers for many years to come. This is followed by an account of the "Cafés of the Paris Exposition," profusely illustrated. Mr. JACOB ABBOTT contributes a "Memoir of Babylon," stringing out under this strange title a mass of historical facts and guesses, mixed up with moral reflections and sage comments of his own. In this number is commenced a new serial story by the accomplished author of "John Halifax, Gentleman." It is called "The Woman's Kingdom," and the first chapters promise an interesting story. The remaining articles and stories are of the usual character.

—*Young Folks* begins its fourth volume with the first part of the promised story by CHARLES DICKENS. Chapter IV. of "Cast Away in the Cold" records the experiments and failures of the two forlorn castaways in making a fire on their desert island. The other stories, and the pretty poem by STEDMAN, called "What the Winds Bring," are excellent, and the number is even better and more profusely illustrated than usual. It is a model New-Year's number.

—The *Riverside Magazine*, from which the pretty poem called "The Fairy's Rescue" was reprinted in the TIMES of Dec. 15, is full of Christmas and the Holidays. From the very commencement of the magazine the editor has evinced a most thorough comprehension of the likings and the wants of youthful readers, and has very successfully endeavored to supply them. The illustrations to the January number are also very taking to the youthful eye.

—With the January number the *Eclectic Magazine* commences the eighth volume of the new series. This well-known monthly fully maintains its high reputation. Its selections are always timely and in excellent taste, and the original matter published in its pages is generally good. The present number, beside the usual amount of selected articles, contains an account of a visit to the "Great Natural Temple" in Austria, written by the Editor.

—The *Catholic World* has a varied and interesting table of contents, original and translated, and for scholarship and value will bear comparison with the best of the religious magazines of America. We have previously commended its fairness and ability in the treatment of religious themes, and are glad to see that the editors evince no disposition to change its character in this respect.

HOLIDAY BOOKS.

II.

HARPER & BROTHERS.

In the number, range and variety of their publications, and in the multitudinous array of readers whom they reach, the HARPERS still stand, as for years they have stood, at the head of the publishing trade of New-York. Of their admirable periodicals, *Harper's Magazine*, *Harper's Weekly* and *Harper's Bazar*, each circulates above a hundred thousand copies, and is read, perhaps, by half a million people. Add the enormous sales of the select novels (of which upward of 300 have been issued) and of their miscellaneous books, which, merely to catalogue, would occupy something like an entire page of the TIMES, and it will be seen to what a reading constituency HARPER & BROTHERS appeal.

For the holiday season, the HARPERS offer a great variety of books, and all are pleasant or useful to *read*, as well as to have; they are obviously intended not merely to look at, but to please in the perusal. Some of them are prettily bound and handsomely illustrated, so as to serve especially the purpose of gift-books; but all are suited to all times and all seasons, can be read and re-read, and are not merely table ornaments. Of standard works, *Homes Without Hands*, a profusely illustrated volume of descriptions of the habitations of animals, deserves prominent mention. Either of Mr. MOTLEY's two admirable histories, the *Dutch Republic*, in three volumes, and the *United Netherlands*, in four, would make a very useful and valuable holiday gift. Any one of Mr. CURTIS' always-popular books—*Lotus-Eating*; *Howadji in Syria*; *Nile Notes of a Howadji*; *Potiphar Papers*; *Prue and I*; *and Trumps*, is suitable to Christmas. CLAYTON's *Queens of Song*, is a book for lovers of music and frequenters of the opera. CARLYLE's *Frederick the Great*, in six volumes, and Prof. SHEDD's fine edition, in seven volumes, of the *Works of S. T. Coleridge*, are too well known to require anything but the mention of their titles. Dr. LYMAN BEECHER's *Autobiography* will interest the religious world. Dr. DRAPER's well-known treatises, the *American Civil Policy*, the *Civil War in America*, and the *Intellectual Development of Europe*, we have already elaborately reviewed.

Of illustrated publications of the HARPERS, we may note and recommend Dr. THOMSON's *Land and the Book*—a missionary's account of Palestine, illustrated with several hundred engravings of scenery, topography, costumes, &c. WILLMOTT's *Poets of the Nineteenth Century*, with additions by DUYCKINCK, beautifully illustrated with 132 engravings, from designs by eminent artists, and elegantly printed and bound in small quarto, is peculiarly suitable for the holidays. An illustrated edition of *Goldsmith's Poems* deserves mention, as does also Rev. JUSTIN DOOLITTLE's exceedingly instructive and entertaining *Social Life of the Chinese*, with its 150 illustrations. To ABBOTT's *Napoleon Bonaparte*, *French Revolution* and *Napoleon at St. Helena*, we need only call attention. The new edition of HALL's *Arctic Researches*, with maps and 100 good illustrations, is handsomely printed and bound. LOSSING's *Field-Book of the Revolution* was long ago a favorite gift-book.

Turning once more to recent general books, we find nothing of special note. SMILES' *Huguenots*, a historical work of interest, issued in handsome style; the famous *Memoirs of the Prince Consort*—an acceptable present to a lady; the valuable historical essays of GOLDWIN SMITH on *Three English Statesmen*—*i. e.*, PYM, CROMWELL and PITT; *The Huguenot Family*, an interesting novel, by SARAH TYTLER, daughter of the historian; *The Lover's Dictionary*, one of the completest compilations of the poetry of the affections in the language, is very handsomely printed from the London plates. It has an index of nearly 10,000 references, and is, the author tells us, a "dictionary of compliments and guide to the study of the tender science." If any such students are still extant, they will please take notice.

In Juvenile Books the HARPERS have a more specific holiday list, and purchasers cannot fail to be gratified. It carries one back twenty or thirty years to glance over such wealth and excellence of juvenile literature. Here are all the series of that famous writer for children, JACOB ABBOTT, who is now delighting the boys and girls of the fathers and mothers whose childhood he helped make happy. These are always *sure* to be liked. There are the *Marco Paulo* series of 6 books; the Illustrated *Biographies*, from CYRUS to CORTEZ, of 28; the *Rainbow* and *Lucky*, 5 more; the *Harpers' Story-Books*, 12 volumes more. There is the *Old Whitey's Christmas Trot*, by A. OAKEY HALL. There is *Our Year*, by Miss MULOCH, or, shall we say, Mistress CRAIG? There is a series of five beautifully printed and illustrated *Children's Picture Books*, of 300 quarto pages each, with WEIR and others for the drawings. Above all, there is a great collection of Fairy Books, containing all the old favorites of childhood, told better than ever, if we may believe the various authors, (though, of course, it is impossible that they should be better than in our day,) and attractively issued. Of these, MACE's Fairy Book, by the author of *The Mouthful of Bread*, and LABOULAYE's Fairy Book—both translated by Miss BOOTH—may be specially noted; while "John Smith's" Fairy Book, with 81 cuts by ADAMS, and Miss MULOCH's Fairy Book, must not be forgotten.

LEYPOLDT & HOLT.

A very complete selection of foreign publications is to be found at the establishment of LEYPOLDT & HOLT, who likewise have a large and important list of works published by themselves. Among these we may mention Miss ELLEN FROTHINGHAM's translation of LESSING's *Nathan the Wise*; HEINE's *Book of Songs*; *King Rene's Daughter*; the poems of ROWLAND SILL; HOLT's fine translation of EDMUND ABOUT's *Man with the Broken Ear*; The *Frithiof-Saga*; *Mendelssohn's Letters*, &c., &c.

LEGGATT BROTHERS.

This firm offer a very large and very attractive assortment of gift books, including many fine importations from London. They have likewise a large stock of children's books.

CARLETON & CO.

Here may be found a charming holiday edition of RODMAN DRAKE's *Culprit Fay*, illustrated with one hundred exquisite engravings on wood; *Will-o'-the-Wisp*, an attractive little fairy story, translated from the German; *Temple House*, Mrs. STODDARD's new novel; *Love in Letters*; and *Paris in '67*, a book descriptive of a young American adventurer in Paris. Messrs. CARLETON & Co. have also a large stock of standard English and American publications besides their own, suitable for Holiday Gifts.

DION THOMAS.

At this establishment may be found a large variety of gift books, American and foreign; likewise a fine assortment of juvenile and toy books for children of all ages.

CATHOLIC PUBLICATION SOCIETY.

Here may be found magnificently bound leading Catholic works, such as KILLERHOVEN's *Lives of the Saints*, illustrated with fifty chromos; gift Bibles and Prayer Books in the richest bindings; the Chromos of the Arundel Society, very large and fine; French religious works from the Exposition; photographs of Dublin and other Irish cities, &c.

COTTON IS GOLD.

How Shall the Culture of Cotton be Promoted?—What We Can Produce and Its Value.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The most important question at this time to the nation, permit me to say, is what shall be done to promote the culture of cotton, our once great staple? The question of finance, currency, the *Alabama* claims, and the rest, are dwarfed into insignificance by comparison, for cotton is gold, and gold is the true king. England, appreciating this fact, has for years sought to compete with the United States in the cotton marts of the world, and has expended millions in the search for and attempted development of lands upon which the cotton plant might be profitably cultivated, and at last our terrible civil war, and the policy of Congress in levying an export duty on cotton, has enabled her to become measurably successful. But with the adoption of a sound policy by Congress that apparent success will prove to be as baseless as the vision of a dream. Upon her very best lands England can produce only seventy pounds of cotton, net, per acre, while in five States alone of this Union viz.: Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Alabama and Texas, there are 40,000,000 acres of land that will produce a bale of 500 pounds of cotton, net, to the acre. With all the wealth in the world at her command, England cannot off-set these natural advantages, and she must abandon the attempt at cotton culture the moment our members of Congress pay the proper attention to the subject. With proper and wise legislation I think it can be demonstrated that our cotton crop will yield to the American people from $400,000,000 to $500,000,000 in gold yearly. Why, with such a magnificent income our national debt would become a mere bagatelle and its payment a matter of mere recreation, comparatively. But prompt action is needed. Delay will inevitably result in the return of the cleared lands of the cotton-growing States to their original condition of forests, and the retarding of their development for at least another generation to come.

For the production of cheap cotton there are three requisites—proper soil, favorable climate, and facility of transportation. The cotton plant is a down root, and requires a fertile soil. A peculiar climate is indispensable—one where the frost will check the growth of the plant just at the time ample balls have been developed, and kill the foliage, thus giving the sun and air free access to the balls, causing them to open readily, and enabling the picker to gather three times more cotton than would be possible if the foliage was preserved. In a tropical climate the plant is not checked by frost, and it throws out multifarious shoots, the foliage of which excludes the sun and air from the balls, causing them to open slowly, and generally to the great damage of the cotton. In this country we have four times as much land as is needed, possessing all these requisites to which I have referred as essential to the production of cheap cotton. In fact, in no other land are proper soil, climate and facility of transportation so fortuitously combined. Why then should not Congress at once encourage the culture of the great staple? All that is needed is a guarantee that there shall be no tax levied on it, and aided and extended in the repair of the levees, and capitalists would soon accomplish the rest.

It is true that if the negroes are to dictate the laws in the cotton region of country, and to lurk in the swamps in the daytime and depredate on the plantations at night, an obstacle would be presented that capitalists, even under the most favorable legislation, would hesitate to encounter. But I believe that with rigid military discipline, and the establishment of self-supporting institutions having in view the compelling of such vagrants to labor, the negro would soon be made to understand that he must earn his bread by the sweat of his brow. The emigration of Chinese into the cotton region, which could readily enough be induced, would operate as a great stimulus to the negro, because of their industrious habits and economical mode of living. With their delicate fingers, too, the Chinese are admirably adapted to the picking of cotton.

To check the growth of cotton in other lands, all that is necessary is to put its price down to a low figure, say ten cents a pound; and this I think can readily be done. With free labor it will require less capital than under the old system, as the only disbursements required will be those needed for the raising of the plants, as the cotton that is picked one week should be dried, ginned, pressed and sent to market the next week, and converted into coin. To secure a profitable result, the cultivation should be on a large scale, and a plantation should be not less than from 1,000 to 5,000 acres. There should be provided a sufficient amount of capital to furnish gins and presses conveniently located and of sufficient capacity to insure the cotton, and the requisite habitations for the pickers during the eason, and the baskets for use in picking.

To raise cotton plants sufficient to yield about 10,000,000 bales of 500 pounds each would require about 12,000,000 acres of good land and about 400,000 field laborers, with all the necessary improved implements for a period of about five months.

The calculation would stand thus:

400,000 field laborers, five months, at $40 per month each	$80,000,000
For the picking of a crop of cotton raised by 400,000 field laborers, there would be needed the services of about 1,400,000 persons such as boys and girls of from 14 to 15 years, and men and women also for about five months. 1,400,000 boys, girls, men and women to pick, after deducting rainy days, say 90 days good picking during the season, to average 140 pounds per day each, 17,640,000,000 pounds at one cent per pound	176,400,000
Total	$256,400,000

Three and a half pounds of cotton gross will yield one pound of cotton net, that is divested of the seeds; 17,640,000,000 pounds of cotton gross will yield about 10,000,000 bales or 5,000,000,000 pounds of cotton net—that is divested of seed. At ten cents a pound this would be $500,000,000. In brief, 400,000 laborers can raise an amount of cotton that will realize for the producer, when sold at ten cents per pound, the sum of $500,000,000, and leave, after paying the laborers and pickers, a balance in his favor of $243,600,000. It is reasonable to believe that the growth of cotton in this country will be concentrated on lands that will produce the most cotton to the acre, because an acre of land that will produce a bale of cotton to the acre will cost no more to cultivate than the acre of land that will produce but half a bale. There are negro men in this country sufficient, under proper management, to raise enough cotton plants to supply the markets of the world with cotton. But the negro man cannot pick cotton profitably; his coarse fingers are not adapted to the work, and the negro females pick the most. A few Chinese would therefore work advantageously. But if we are a Christian people we will develop proper fields of labor for the negro. The negro man, after earning his $200 for his five months' labor, could go to the sugar lands with his ax and chop wood, and thus make $200 more the same year, because the cotton plants need no more work from him after the month of July.

DELPHY CARLIN.

BROOKLYN, Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1867.

Justice HARWOOD, for many years a leading Shaker of the Niskayuna settlement, and respected for his integrity, kindness and benevolence, died on the 19th inst., aged 98 years.

THE HOLIDAYS.

Third Notice of Holiday Goods—Upholstery, Furniture and Carpets—Musical Instruments—Toys and Trinkets—Gifts, Beautiful and Curious—Wines and Liquors—Miscellaneous.

In the TIMES of Friday we gave our first list of holiday goods, and where to purchase them. This comprised those branches of trade which came under the heading Dry Goods, Furs, Cloaks and Fancy Goods. On Saturday our *résumé* was that of the departments of Clothing, Household Articles, Gems, Gold and Silver Work and Watches, and to-day we follow, in conclusion, with our notice of the branches set forth in the heading of this article.

UPHOLSTERY, FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

J. E. WALRAVEN, No. 686 Broadway, has just added to his stock, to meet the wishes of those beautifying the interior of their dwellings for the holidays and after, a fine assortment of rich embroidered lace curtains from the Exposition, magnificent in style; also, superb curtains in silk and in satin damask, elegantly embroidered tidies, tapestry, table and piano covers and much more that is elegant in upholstery goods. In addition to these he offers as in good season unrivaled blankets of English manufacture, warranted to keep the envious frost a mile away from those they lie upon.

WILLIAM GARDNER, No. 244 Canal-street, speaks warmly also of his blankets, comfortables, quilts, mattresses, spring beds, sheeting, shirting, and everything in house-furnishing goods in his line, of which his stock is so large that he wishes to dispose of the greater part of it at once, and calls loudly for more customers.

SOLOMON & SONS, No. 657 and 659 Broadway; LORD & TAYLOR, Broadway, Grand and Catharine streets; and TAYLOR, MCGIBBON & CO., of No. 809 Broadway, have also fine stocks of upholstery goods at prices marked down to almost ante-war prices.

WARREN WARD & CO., the well-known manufacturers, have stocked their fine new warerooms, Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-street, corner of Crosby, with choice furniture of their own make, for parlor, dining-room, library and chamber. For the holidays they offer especially choice ornamental and inlaid work-tables, toilet-tables, what-nots, flower-stands, luxurious easy-chairs, and everything in furniture prolific in elegance of design and in comfort to its possessor.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR, Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery and No. 65 Christie, are markedly successful in their exhibit of rosewood, walnut and mahogany furniture, dining-room suites and enameled and chamber furniture.

BRAUNSDORF & METZ, of Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-street; J. W. SNEDEN & CAMPBELL, No. 263 Bowery; KELTY, of No. 447 Broadway; MEEKS, No. 686 Broadway, have all a fine display of furniture, superb and plain.

F. KRUTINA, of Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-street, offers his stock at the manufactory by retail during the holidays, at the lowest trade prices, consisting of suites in walnut, maple, rosewood, mahogany and oak, and warrants his goods to every purchaser.

CARPETS—Axminster, Royal Wiltons, velvets, English body Brussels, extra and Imperial three-ply and ingrains; oil-cloths, heavy and light, druggets, rugs, matting and mats, at prices wonderfully reduced, are to be found at HYATT's, Cooper Building; GEO. L. HYATT's, No. 273 Canal-street; at SMITH & LOUNSBERRY's, No. 456 Broadway; at LORD & TAYLOR's, and at nearly all the large dry-goods houses, whose names have been previously given.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Having in the foregoing notices advised our readers more especially as to the whereabouts of the absolute necessities of home comforts, we now propose to say a word or two about that manufacture which lends it one of its greatest charms—that of musical instruments.

STEINWAY & SONS, Nos. 109 and 111 East Fourteenth-st.—The manufacture of this far-famed house asks no praise from us; it sings its own song wherever it goes. The pianos which won the First Grand Gold Medal at the Paris Exposition from the hands of the International Jury, and where the long-taught and skilled workmen of Europe competed for the prize in a phalanx of four hundred, have earned a position second to none. May they long enjoy it; and may none of our readers lack plenitude of purse when they call at STEINWAY's.

CHICKERING & SONS, No. 652 Broadway.—Another house no less famous, and one of which the country has good reason to be proud. Awarded at the Exposition the first grand prize, the Legion of Honor, and a grand gold medal, this might seem to be honor enough for a generation. But much as these awards may gratify Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS, that in which they pride themselves especially, even more than in the possession of these honors conferred in Europe and the sixty-three first premiums they have obtained during forty-four years, is the fact that their workmen are of their own education and "to the manor born." Their piano, they say, is an American piano, and this fact makes their success doubly pleasing, and its continuance an absolute certainty.

CARHART & NEEDHAM, Nos. 143, 145 and 147 East Twenty-third-street.—This house manufactures the deservedly celebrated instrument known as the Silver Tongue, in the construction of which they have combined all the modern improvements in piano manufacture. In addition to their stock of instruments at prices to suit purchasers, they exhibit in their show-rooms, of their own manufacture also, church organs, organs for the library, the parlor, the school, the boudoir, for lodges, for halls and for concerts, inspection of which they most cordially solicit.

HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.—The wareroom of Mr. WATERS is supplied with specimens of all the prize pianos, but he calls special attention to that known as WATERS' First Premium Piano with Agraffe Treble. Here also are to be found organs and melodeons for the church, the parlor or the concert hall—the work of the first of manufacturers. To those whose circumstances could not permit of the immediate investment of four hundred or five hundred dollars, Mr. WATERS offers special inducements. He accepts one-fifth of the price of purchase, and takes the balance by installments. He also lets the best pianos on moderate terms; in fact does anything and everything to preserve the popularity he has earned.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE.—This fine instrument, the favorite of the National Piano-forte Association, is deservedly famed for its power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, its elastic touch and great durability, and is to be found at the warerooms, No. 429 Broome-street.

HAINES BROTHERS.—No. 46 East Fourteenth-street, Union-square.—This enterprising house among the pioneers to Union-square, has realized the proofs of its clear-sightedness in opening its warerooms in this new centre of business. It has a good and rapidly-increasing trade, keeping on hand the instruments of all the best makers, for sale or hire.

RAVEN & BACON, Nos. 644 AND 646 BROADWAY.—These are the manufacturers of the new patent pianos having what is known as the Patent Combination Sounding Board. This, it is claimed, gives much increased power and volume to the instrument, and produces great liquidity of tone. The sounding board is released from its connection with the piano case, is rested upon under sounding boards, and thus relieved from the rigidity caused by this connection, and increased vibratory power is the result.

KINDT & MANZ, No. 865 Broadway, manufacturers of grand and square pianos, call attention to the beauty and perfection of their instruments, which they offer at prices which cannot fail to secure purchasers.

T. H. CHAMBERS & SON, factory No. 14 Sixth-street, and wareroom Eighth-street, corner Fourth-avenue, invite piano dealers and professors of music to call and examine their improved new scale pianos, for which they claim peculiar merits.

L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square, offers pianos from $100 to $600, and will hire out pianos of the best makers by the month, or receive payment of their price in installments.

FREDERICK BLUME represents the well-known Knabe's Gold Medal Pianos, and Prince's celebrated organs and melodeons. These he sells or lets at his wareroom, No. 1,125 Broadway.

MATHEWS, BEHNING & KLIX, No. 99 Bleecker-street.—This firm does not claim superiority, but do that their instruments are equal to the best. They adopt every improvement of value and employ the best mechanics to unite them. They claim that by this judicious course they construct a piano of which the tone is at once rich, powerful, pure and even, and that the touch of the instrument is firm yet elastic. They call the attention of the trade to their present stock, and specially invite professors of music to visit their warerooms, assuring them of marked liberality in any dealings that they may have with them.

MATHEWS & GLADE are agents in Brooklyn for CHICKERING & SONS and for MASON & HAMLIN.

JENNINGS & SON, No. 233 East Twenty-first-street, call attention to their stock, and to the fact that they sell second-hand pianos at very low figures.

A. H. GALE & Co. have at their warerooms, No. 207 East Twelfth-street, a full assortment of instruments, representing all the leading makers. These they offer on the most reasonable terms.

DECKER & CO. have opened their new warerooms at No. 2 Union-square, and invite an inspection of their fine instruments with the ivory agraffe bar.

STECKS & HALL, No. 141 Eighth-street, invite the attention of purchasers to their grand square and upright pianos, celebrated for their evenness and elasticity of touch, ringing quality of tone, and durability of construction—all the merits which go to make up a truly valuable instrument.

MASON & HAMLIN are famous the world over as manufacturers of cabinet organs, for which they were awarded the first prize medal at the Paris Exposition. It is barely necessary to say that their warerooms are at No. 596 Broadway. The name of the house is a household word, and strangers who visit New-York and fail to see this fine emporium of really artistic instruments, will carry one less agreeable recollection home with them. There is now on exhibition at the rooms the largest reed instrument ever made. It has twenty-two stops, among which are those producing remarkable effects, the *Vox Humana*, *Euphone*, 15th, 16 *feet diapason*, *Bassoon*, *viol d' amour*, while the pedals of the instrument range from 8 to 32 feet. This is a superb instrument, of rare ornamental workmanship and of a volume, purity and variety of tone which is truly wonderful. There are reeds in it so fine that they have to be tuned with a magnifying-glass, and the sound of which is shriller than the chirrup of the cricket, and others producing such broad waved vibrations that the music is awe-inspiring like the hollow reverberation of distant thunder.

G. G. SAXE & ROBERTSON, No. 417 Broome-street, represent the long celebrated Estey organs which, during twenty years, have obtained at exhibitions no less than eighty-eight premiums. The stop known as the *vox humano tremolo* has added, if possible, to the fame of this instrument, as it has received the unqualified commendation of the first musical critics of the country.

PELOUBET, PELTON & CO., No. 841 Broadway, manufacture organs and melodeons and deal in pianos. They were awarded the gold medal at the late Exposition of the American Institute. They let these fine instruments or sell them, taking payment in installments.

M. L. PAILLARD & CO., No. 21 Maiden-lane. This is the place of wonders in musical boxes, from the toy which plays its single tune to the miracle of workmanship which plays one every five minutes for six hours! The finest of these instruments are extraordinary evidences of the success which follows conscientious labor in one particular direction. There seems to be nothing wanting in them which ingenuity and skill could devise to render them absolutely perfect. The music they give you is like that which you would expect from a fairy band, would the "good people" only indulge you with a performance. The fife, the cornet, the hautboy, the cymbals, the drum, the loud bassoon, the hollow ophecilde and trombone, and the shrill clarionet—all are heard, and in harmonious combination take your imagination prisoner, and conjure up now scenes of love, now scenes of war. Go spend a delightful hour and five or a thousand dollars at PAILLARD & CO.'s.

J. SAENGER, importer, No. 165 Essex-street, offer for holiday presents all the novelties in flutinas, accordeons, concertinas, guitars, &c., but especially calls the attention of his patrons to the new chromatic scale concertina, the banonian, with from 80 to 130 notes.

DE GARMO, No. 82 Fifth-avenue, does not sell musical instruments, but he teaches the poetry of motion which is at home in regions of sweet sounds. Those move easiest who have learned to dance, says the poet, and those move most gracefully whom DE GARMO learns say we.

DODWORTH, whom everybody knows as the director of the harmonies of motion, teaches this and more to make his pupils graceful and attractive, at No. 212 Fifth-avenue.

CHAS. M. TREMAINE, at No. 481 Broadway, sells all the newest music of dance and song, and asks everybody to come and buy his Christmas songs and carols, just published.

TOYS AND TRINKETS—GIFTS BEAUTIFUL AND CURIOUS.

SAMUEL D. WILSON.—At Nos. 75 and 311 Bowery, at No. 617 Eighth-avenue, at No. 51 Myrtle-avenue, Brooklyn; at Jersey City, and at four other places unnamed, can be found the ubiquitous dealer, SAMUEL D. WILSON, a model of energy and enterprise. Eight years ago Mr. WILSON began business in a modest way, and upon a slender capital. Aided only by his indomitable perseverance, he has established, sustained and manages nine stores in this and the neighboring cities. He sells everything—his stores are curiosity shops, but just now are remarkabe for their wonderful display of toys of every shape, size and value, from France, Switzerland, England and Germany. Dolls of every size, from the little fairy which you might hide under a thimble, to the full grown baby that walks and talks and sings when you squeeze it. Scientific toys, too, magic lanterns and the like can be had to suit the light or heavy purse of the young philosopher. And the handsome things young ladies dote on in work-baskets, dressing-cases and so forth, and all at prices but half of those paid for such indispensable Christmas treasures last year.

A. A. VANTINE, No. 834 Broadway.—The Japanese store is truly the home of wonders, where one can not only gratify his yearning for things beautiful and things curious, but receive most attractive knowledge of the history, manners and industries of a strange people. Mr. VANTINE has paid four visits to Japan, and has established his agencies there, through which he receives the wonderful specimens of the patient skill and ingenuity of its people. His store is now a cabinet of curiosities in which may be found material for a dozen lectures or a dozen volumes. The fifty-six columns of the DAILY TIMES would scarcely contain the catalogue of its wonders, with ever so brief a description of each. Among them, however, we may suggest as gifts for the holidays, silver, inlaid and other tea-caddies, fire-proof teapots, porcelain vases, Japan dinner and tea sets, pearl and silver inlaid card, handkerchief, lace, smoking, work and glove boxes and writing desks, jewel cases and caskets, gold and silver mounted cabinets, a great variety of magic and other curious boxes, bamboo oddities and queer things in basket-work, and all of exquisite workmanship and ornamentation. Nowhere, that we know of, are there so many little wonders, in so little space, as at VANTINE's.

FOUNTAIN & CO., No. 858 Broadway.—Here also are to be found the Japanese wonders and every variety of the delicate skill of the Chinese, and a barbaric display of the labors of the American Indians. The wonders of the Chinese and the Hindoo looms may also be seen and priced, and the ladies may indulge, if they please, in a shawl at $2,000, a Persian-wrought hearth-rug at $500, a tea set at $1,500, or a handkerchief or scarf made from the fiber of the pineapple, rich and beautiful.

H. M. FAIRCHILD, No. 377 Sixth-avenue.—Here it is announced Santa-Claus is at home. What a chance for the little ones to see their mysterious benefactor, who pours into the laps of all comers (with lots of money in their pockets) toys from London, Germany, France, that talk and walk, don't eat but dance; toys from China, Russia, Japan; toys from everywhere. FAIRCHILD's the man.

H. SHLARBAUM & CO., No. 302 Broadway, corner of Duane-street, up stairs.—Those who admire a most valuable and instructive toy should call in and see the wonderful little steam-engines made by Mr. SHLARBAUM. They are as perfect as the largest machine constructed, and teach the strange story of the miracle-working steam as well. He humorously classifies them as one to twenty-five *mice* power, and the former works as accurately as the latter. The tiny boilers are made of the best copper, and their safety guaranteed. Call and see them; they are, perhaps, the very best toy to be found, for they not only please but give lessons of practical value. The price is a mere bagatel. No father with an ingenious boy should want one. Here also will be found magic lanterns, opera-glasses and other instruments of this kind, Mr. SHLARBAUM being a practical optician and skilled mechanic.

RICHARDSON & CO., No. 14 Bond-street. Here you will find the popular game known as martelle, a skillful combination of croquet and billiards, played upon a small table suited for the parlor. It is an admirable substitute for the now impossible out-of-door croquet, and is so inexpensive that all may buy it. It costs but $25—table, cues, balls, everything—and provides enjoyment for as many as can play at a billiard table worth $500, while it is preëminently more social. It bids fair to be the great home-game of the Winter months, attractive alike to the young and to the old.

G. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., No. 501 Broadway, the long and well-known pioneers in photography, have this season the most attractive stock, in beauty and variety, of holiday presents in their line, that they ever exhibited. Their display of albums is superb. They are gotten up in the richest bindings, studded with precious stones, and are fashioned with the most refined taste. The stock of stereoscopes, their own manufacture, is varied and beautiful. The views are innumerable and those of of the most skilled photographers in the world, among whom are WILSON, of England; LANNIER, of France, and FENIERE, for whom ANTHONY & CO. are exclusive agents. Among the most appropriate of holiday gifts, whether to old or young, to relative or friend, is the stereoscope. It is an ever-living pleasure. It brings all the world about our own hearth-stone. It peoples our brain with memories of the beautiful. It recalls the beautiful in nature and in art which we have seen, it conjures up for us that which we might otherwise never see, even in shadow. It is the companion of the learned and traveled, and the teacher; of the unread and inexperienced. Again we repeat, it is the very pearl of gifts.

E. S. JOHNSON & CO., No. 4 Nassau-street.—The pen which is mightier than the sword is not set down here as a toy, although it may be played with; but as a rare and beautiful gift, if bought at the above address, where it is to be found in gold, diamond tipped, (for brilliant writers,) gold mounted, and in cases of ivory, pearl and rubber. Here also are gold and silver pencil cases of chaste workmanship.

MILLER & CO., No. 9 Maiden-lane.—Even should you have spent every dollar in your pocket but your last one, do not fail to call in at MILLER & CO.'s. Better by far, however, to go there with a full purse, for although a peep at his housefull of treasures is a pleasure, the possession of a few to remind you of the rest is a greater enjoyment. The choicest holiday goods are here for young and old, single and wedded; the crying baby and whitehaired grandfather and grandmother, dressing-cases beautifully inlaid, fans for bridal gifts, evening fans, opera-glasses, *bijouterie* of every kind, work-boxes that sing as their fair lady sews, cigar-cases, card-cases, odor-cases, muff-bags, the very newest thing in the market. In fact, a wonderful assortment, brought together by the exercise of refined taste and judgment, and a keen knowledge of the wants of these holiday times.

COX & SONS, No. 25 Maiden-lane.—If you want a really handsome present, ladies, for your lover, your husband, your father or grandfather, buy a gold or ivory mounted walking-cane at COX's, of ebony, or rosewood, or Malacca, ornamented with the richest chasings.

KALDENBERG, the prince of pipemakers, corner of Wall-street and Broad, the winner of a dozen prizes and volumes of praises, calls aloud to the smokers to call upon him. He politely asks the ladies, too, who are not prejudiced against the fragant weed, and wish to delight the heart of husbands or admirers, to drop in and see the wonders he can do in *meerschaum*.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Even talking of smoking makes some people feel thirsty, and as we don't wish that those of our readers so afflicted by the above talk about KALDENBERG should continue dry, we shall send them to the fountain.

SPEER'S NATIVE WINES—At No. 243 Broadway is to be found all of our native vintages in their purity, but especially the now famous *Port Grape*, a true domestic wine, rich in body and of exquisite flavor, made from the grape grown on vines in Jersey, imported from Oporto. It is to be found everywhere, and is recommended highly to ladies and invalids by physicians. This house strives to preserve the reputation which they have fairly earned, having for their motto—*Vinum bonum bonum sanguinem facit*.

PERKINS, STERN & CO., Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey-street.—These are dealers exclusively in all the celebrated California wines, and have represented the best houses in the Great Western vineyard for fourteen years. Their wines are recommended by physicians as pure and good, and the house has the full indorsement of the California Vine-growers Association.

HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT.—This new hygienic beverage has grown wonderfully in favor since its introduction here but a short time ago. It receives the unqualified approbation of the doctors, and its agents in this City have volumes of credentials already from the leading families and physicians of the country as to its health-giving and health-sustaining qualities.

OTIS FIELD, No. 125 Fulton-street, is the agent of the well-known Catawba champagne. His cobblers do honor to himself and Saint Crispin.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Under this head we give the names of those of our advertisers doing business in those branches of trade which do not come within the divisions before given, and of a few which were omitted under the appropriate heading.

CARRIAGES.—If you wish to be princely in your presents, how can you better show your munificence than in sending rolling to the door of your wife or friend a carriage worth one or two thousand dollars, or a sleigh worth, say, half of either sum. Should your inspiration lie this way, then let us recommend you to the well-known firms—BREWSTER & Co., Fourteenth-street and Fifth-avenue, CALVIN WITTY, No. 636 Broadway, and for your horse wrappings to WM. GARDNER, No. 244 Canal-street.

HATS.—The real holiday style of hat unexceptionable in shape and finish is to be found at FLEMING's, corner Broadway and Fulton-street; L. BINNS', No. 577 Broadway, and at BALLING's, No. 779 Broadway.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—For boots and shoes, from the silver slipper for the ballroom to the heavy comfortable Winter covering for the understandings, go to CANTRELL's, No. 813 Broadway, or to DOBSON & SONS, and for hosiery to VANDERLIP & TAYLOR's, No. 96 Bowery, No. 165 Fifth-avenue, and No. 939 Broadway.

BROKAW BROTHERS, No. 34 Fourth-avenue, and No. 62 Lafayette-place, wish to be remembered by all who want clothing for themselves or their boys. They have reduced their prices to secure the lion's share of the holiday trade, and they promise to present to each purchaser of a suit of clothes or an overcoat a gold medal the precise shape and size and value of a gold dollar.

TAYLOR'S SALOON, No. 555 BROADWAY.—The sweetest of all holiday gifts are to be found at TAYLOR's. Confectionery of every kind, assorted to suit the fastidious tastes of the public palate; elegant *bon bon* boxes, specially made for presents, and kisses by the bushel, warranted to be always well received, and to be fruitful in match-making.

FLOUR.—At No. 1 Barclay-street, New-York, and at No. 160 Montague-street, Brooklyn, a new company has established itself, and to which we wish a most cordial success. They propose to supply families with flour by the barrel at the wholesale rates. Let them do so, and while they will achieve a great public good in saving the consumer a large profit on this staple article of food hitherto paid to the retailer, they will doubtless build up a fortune for themselves by the aggregation of small profits rapidly earned.

BENEDICT BROTHERS.—A noteworthy feature in our restless and shifting state of society is a business house which has established itself as a hereditary institution, exhibiting all the vigor of youth at the beginning of its second half-century. SAMUEL W. BENEDICT enjoyed the confidence of the fathers and even grandfathers of the present generation in New-York, as keeper of the City time from before the City was large enough to require omnibusses. His sons, walking in his ways, have maintained the solid probity and business application which first made their house, and are now keepers not only of the City time, but of the recognized railroad standards, which indirectly time most of the business of the whole country. BENEDICT BROTHERS have just opened, at No. 691 Broadway, their fourth establishment, for the convenience of people up town, who rely on them for standard time, time-keepers and jewelry. The secret of their success is that the honesty of the BENEDICT house has always been worth the same to their customers as an expert knowledge of the trade itself.

A FAMILY FRIEND.—Among the many objects useful and interesting, crowded out from lack of space at the late exposition of the American Institute, was the compact little sewing-machine known as the OCTAGON. With all the capabilities of the more expensive machines, this labor-saver comes within the reach of all who have industry enough to use it. It is adjustible to any table, and turned by the band, doing its work easily, rapidly and well. It can also be adapted to a treadle at a slightly increased cost, and it works well on varied thicknesses of material without alteration of the tension. The invention is that of A. F. JOHNSON, of Boston. The sample machine did not reach the agents here—B. S. HILL & Co., Dey-street—until two days after the exhibit list was closed at the Fair. Hence this little family friend was not seen in our tour of this department, and consequently missed the favorable notice it merits.

STATIONERY.—To those who wish to fit out their holiday gifts of writing desks and the like, or who wish to purchase any of the long list of useful and elegant articles in stationery advertised by our friends in this trade, we recommend: REEVES & CO., No. 157 Chambers-street; ROUTLEDGE & SONS, No. 451 Broome-street, APPLETON & CO., No. 445 Broadway; LEGGATT BROS., No. 113 Nassau-street; MCFARLAND, Twenty-third-street, near Broadway, and the well-known, long-established firm, FRANCIS & LOUTRELL.

THE PARISIAN FLOWER COMPANY, No. 561 Broadway.—This is the place to find truly regal gifts in artificial flowers, and for our lady readers to find the most beautiful of ornaments, so tastefully fashioned that the odor alone is missing. Here are made rare bouquets and wreaths—bridal wreaths and costly baskets of those wondrous flowers, the handiwork of the Parisian women.

BATCHELOR.—No household can be happy where you cannot find a bottle of Batchelor's Hair Dye. Whether it be wanted immediately or not, its presence is a guarantee against the evil effects which might follow one of the sudden freaks of nature where the hair changes its color while its owner sleeps. But how indispensable it is to the bachelor or the maid on the shady side of 40, say, who have still aspirations after the beautiful in themselves and in the other sex. Ladies and gentlemen of venerable years, buy it, if you would look young. Young people of both sexes, buy it, if you would never grow old.

SPENCE, No. 655 Broadway.—Ladies, if you wish your hair dressed in true artistic style, by lady hairdressers, from the centre of all fashion—Paris—send for SPENCE or call at his handsome rooms.

GROVER & BAKER.—This well-known house, among the first manufacturers of sewing-machines and the winners of premiums everywhere they compete for prizes, call attention to their stock of machines, at reduced rates, but especially to those constructed as presents for the holidays, in rich cases artistically carved.

JOHN CATTNACH, No. 1 Wall-street and No. 700 Broadway.—Mr. CATTNACH has just returned from Europe with a most choice assortment of nick-nacks, admirably suited for holiday gifts. Ladies' and gentlemen's dressing-cases or fancy leather tastefully-ornamented glove-boxes, work-boxes, shopping-bags, everything in fancy leather goods calculated to coax money from the purchaser and to delight the recipient of a gift.

THE ELYSIAN BED.—Here we shall rest for the present. There can be no more fitting place to stop at than on the Elysian bed of J. E. FISHLEY, No. 56 East Thirteenth-street. As its name denotes, it is a home of ease and happiness—a land of pleasant dreams.

POLICE COURTS.

THE TOMBS—HOGAN, JUSTICE.

SHOPLIFTER.

MARIA WILKINSON, a native of Ireland, 28 years of age, entered the store No. 247 Greenwich-street, on Saturday evening, and began examining the goods. As she did so one of the clerks, ROGER DOUGHERTY, saw her conceal a piece of merino, valued at $30, under her cloak, and on her attempting to leave the premises he caused her arrest. When arraigned before the magistrate she was fully committed for trial, as the stolen property had been found in her possession.

ARREST OF A COLORED CLERGYMAN.

Considerable trouble has occurred in the Shiloh Church, corner of Marion and Prince streets, in consequence of the congregation being divided between two pastors. Yesterday the difficulty took a new shape in the arrest of Rev. HENRY HIGHLAND GARNETT, the former pastor of the church, on a charge of disorderly conduct. It appears that Mr. GARNETT and his wife applied at the gate of the church yesterday morning for the purpose of attending Divine service. They were prevented from entering by the interference of JOHN L. HUDSON, Chairman of the Board of Trustees. Mr. GARNETT did not make any determined effort to gain admittance, though Mr. HUDSON appeared to fear that trouble would ensue, so he procured the assistance of Officer DECKER, of the Fourteenth Precinct, who arrested the clergyman on a charge of disturbing the public peace. When the case came before the Court it was ascertained that the prisoner had used no violent language, beyond insisting that he had a perfect right to enter the church as a visitor. Mr. HUDSON, the complainant, informed the magistrate that according to the decision of Judge INGRAHAM, on a civil suit, the accused had no right to enter the church, though he admitted that the church was always open to any or all who wished to attend the services. The complaint of disorderly conduct was not supported by evidence or fact. Mr. GARNETT was honorably discharged, the officer being censured by the magistrate for making an arrest on such frivolous charges.

A BRUTAL FATHER.

EDWARD and PATRICK MORAN, aged 7 and 9 years, and residing at No. 47 Mulberry-street, appeared in Court yesterday with their eyes partially closed and their faces, legs and bodies shockingly bruised and lacerated, the result of a ferocious and inhuman whipping administered by their father, EDWARD MORAN, on Thursday last. It appears that the children gave the brute no provocation for the assault, and on Capt. JOHN JOURDAN, of the Sixth Precinct, hearing of the affair, he directed Officer MCAULIFFE to arrest MORAN, who endeavored to do so, but the accused resisted with chairs and a hatchet, thus necessitating the summoning of assistance, when MORAN was arrested, though not before a liberal use of the locust had rendered him submissive, though a spark of insubordination manifested itself in the Station-house, when he assaulted the officers a second time. He was thoroughly clubbed, however, and rendered unable to do further violence. The two boys and the officer made separate complaints of felonious assaults against the prisoner yesterday, and he was held for trial in default of $1,500 bail. MORAN is a notorious Sixth Ward ruffian, having served three terms in the Penitentiary for assaults. He made his escape once from the Island by swimming across the East River, and in May last he clambered over the Tombs prison yard by means of a ladder and leaped to the street pavement below, a distance of 27 feet, and so escaped. He tried to kill a negro with a hatchet a few weeks ago, and is a most desperate brute on all occasions. He will probably receive a heavy sentence on conviction of the present offence.

JEFFERSON MARKET—LEDWITH, JUSTICE.

PERSONATING AN OFFICER.

EDWARD SMITH, an officer attached to the Seventeenth Precinct Police, appeared before the magistrate yesterday and entered a complaint against WM. REILLY, whom he accused of having personated a police officer. It appears that the complainant met the accused in Sixth-avenue, when the latter asked him what he was doing there at that hour of the night, remarking that he (REILLY) had caught two or three of the same kind of people there, and he would take the officer, who, of course, was in plain clothes, to the Station-house. The fellow did arrest the officer and was pretending to escort him to the Station-house, when he inquired if Officer SMITH had any money, and intimated he would release him for a bribe. Officer DE LAY, of the Fifteenth Precinct, being near, was summoned by his brother officer, and REILLY found the tables turned with a vengeance. He was committed for trial at the Special Sessions.

AN EXCISE CASE.

Officer JOHN FITZGERALD, of the Twentieth Precinct, arrested LAWRENCE HEARNE, of No. 327 Tenth-avenue, on a charge of violating the Excise law, in having sold liquor to a man in his store after the hour of midnight. The accused was held for trial in the sum of $300 bail.

ESSEX MARKET—MANSFIELD, JUSTICE.

A COMPOUND LARCENY.

THOMAS MALONE and THOMAS MCCLOIN were arrested yesterday by Officer MCGIVNEY of the Eleventh Precinct, on a charge of stealing a quantity of clothing, valued at $46, from HENRY WULBURN of No. 127 Avenue D. They confessed their guilt, and added that they were aided and assisted by HENRY JUDGE, SAMUEL NASH and JAMES MCCARREN, who were also arrested. The same persons were also arraigned before the magistrate on a charge of having stolen $117 worth of clothing from the sleeping room of JOHN H. W. ELRICHS of No. 127 Avenue D, and the two first-named prisoners made a similar confession. All of the accused were remanded for examination.

LADIES' UNION RELIEF ASSOCIATION.—This Association, having under its care a large number of the widows and orphans of our Union soldiers, finds its funds, at present, entirely inadequate to meet the pressing demand upon it. Owing to the scarcity of employment already this Winter, these poor widows are nearly destitute of all other support than such as is afforded through this Association. The ladies composing it personally visit all persons brought to their notice as fit subjects for aid, and carefully scrutinize their condition and the rightfulness of their claims on the sympathy of loyal citizens as the relicts of those who have given up their lives that the country might be saved. The officers of the society are, Mrs. JOHN A. KENNEDY, President, No. 185 West Twenty-second-street; Mrs. C. T. CLARKSON, Vice-President, No. 235 East Thirtieth-street; Miss MARIANNA HALE, Treasurer; Miss MADELINE MCKIBBIN, Recording Secretary, No. 219 West Thirty-first-street; Miss EVELINA S. HAMILTON, Corresponding Secretary, No. 68 East Twenty-ninth-street.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Hon. Wm. B. Wright, Chief Judge, presiding; Judges Porter, Hunt, Grover, Clerke, Miller, Bacon and Welles.

A LIST OF THE FIRST HUNDRED CAUSES ON THE CALENDAR FOR THE JANUARY TERM, 1868.

Preferred Calendar—Class No. 1.

Nos.
1—Kennedy vs. The People;
2—The People vs. Parker

Class No. 3.

Nos.
3—Baldwin vs. Van Deusen
4—Ernst vs. The Hudson R. R. Co.
5—Bass vs. Comstock.
6—Mabor vs. Carman.
7—Paige vs. Willett.
8—Speaights vs. Hawley.
9—Russell vs. Wynne.
10—Mercy vs. Sweet.
11—Blossom vs. Burritt.
12—Jackson vs. Jackson.
12—Binsse vs. Wood.
14—Patchin vs. Peck.

Nos.
15—Williams vs. Fitzhugh.
16—Dwyer vs. Bullard.
17—Warner vs. The Erie Railway Co
18—Coffin vs. Reynolds.
19—Driscoll vs. The Newark & R. L. & C. Co.
20—Anthony vs. Brouwer.
21—Gill vs. The Same.
22—Spies vs. The N. Y. C. R. R. Co.
23—Lowman vs. Yates.

Class No. 4.

Nos.
21—The People vs. The Com. of Taxes.
25—Whiting vs. The Mayor.
26—Swift vs. City of Poughkeepsie.

Nos.
27—Coleman vs. The Second-avenue R.R. Co.
28—The People vs. Lansing.

GENERAL CALENDAR.

Nos.
29—Kimpton vs. Bronson.
30—The Fulton Fire Ins Co. vs. Baldwin.
31—Worrall vs. Munn.
32—Sloan vs. Van Wyck.
33—Howe vs. The Knickerbocker Life Ins. Co.
34—Benton vs. Martin.
35—Wood vs. Fannan.
36—Humphrey vs. Stark
27—Wells vs. Miller
38—Boisegal vs. The N. Y. C. R. R. Co.
39—Gregg vs. Pierce.
40—Blanchard vs. Trim.
41—Ormsby vs. Douglass.
42—Hindman vs. Waterbury
43—Harvey vs. Cochrane.
44—Coleman vs. Plaisted.
45—Moore vs. Manwarren.
46—Bingham vs. Disbrow.
47—Lathrop vs. Clapp.
48—The People vs. Campbell.
49—Casey vs. Janes.
50—Dingeldein vs. The Third-av. R. R. Co.
51—Holts vs. Bopp.
52—Kellogg vs. Adams.
53—Pratt vs. Coman.
54—Fox vs. O'Hara.
55—Coats vs. Harvey.
56—Buswell vs. Poineer.
57—Griffin vs. Banks.
58—The Mayor vs. The St. Nicholas Fireins. Co.
59—Beach vs. The Raritan and Delaware Bay R. R. Co.
60—Van Kleck vs. LeRoy.
61—Bacon vs. Burnham.
62—Lawrence vs. Ely.
63—Lawrence vs. Ely.
61—Bangs vs. Bailey.
65—Bangs vs. Bailey.

Nos.
66—Coghlan vs. Dinsmore.
67—Schermerhorn vs. Hudson R. R. R. Co.
68—Robie vs. Hardenbrook.
69—Taylor vs. Bradley.
70—Gates vs. Andrews.
71—Gibson vs. Hagerty.
72—Redfield vs. Tegg.
73—Shibley vs. Angie.
74—Plate vs. N. Y. Central R. R. Co.
75—Ogden vs. Murry.
76—Philvin vs. Patrick.
77—Knowlson vs. Snoeck.
78—Knowlson vs. Myers.
79—Van Blarcon vs. Broadway Bank.
80—Westbrook vs. Wiley.
81—Nichols vs. Sloan.
82—Candee vs. Haywood.
83—Burt vs. Dewey.
84—Rhoode vs. Knap.
85—Newkirk vs. N. Y. & H. Railroad Co.
86—Hirneman vs. Rosenback.
87—The Mayor vs. Relief Fire Ins. Co.
88—Armitage vs. Pulver.
89—Van Allen vs. Wait.
90—Smith vs. The Mayor.
91—Henry vs. The Mayor.
92—Place vs. McIlvane.
93—Brown vs. Weber.
94—Force vs. Gower.
95—Cornell vs. Dakin.
96—Hicks vs. Bradner.
97—Waffle vs. Dillenbeck.
98—The Mayor vs. The Excelsior Fire Ins. Co.
99—Davenport vs. Buckman.
100—Gibson vs. The American Mutual Ins. Co.

ALBANY, Dec. 18, 1867.

P. H. JONES, Clerk.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Adjourned to Dec. 30.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PARTS I AND II.

Adjourned for the Term.

Part III.—Held by Balcom, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
238—Bell vs. Reynolds.
4051—Walsh, Ex'r, &c., vs. Saxton.
1195—Clancy vs. The Harlem R. R. Co.
1627—Bonnett et al. vs. Powers.
449—Gunn vs. Comm'rs of Emigration.
1426—McIntyre et al. vs. House.
1760—Montgomery vs. De Lavalette.
536—Carow vs. Kelly Sheriff.
354—Cudlipp vs. Traivor.
1681—McGhee vs. Smith.
374—Webster vs. Sackett et al.

Nos.
5321—Krohn vs. Oechs.
1583—Graves et al. vs. Decker.
611—Dowdall vs. Matthews, impleaded.
1511—Comm'l B'k of Kentucky vs. Varnum, Jr.
840—Eaton et al. vs. Schultz.
490—Roberts vs. Toledo and Wabash R. R. Co.
504—Treadwell vs. Beveridge et al.
556—Perkins et al. vs. McDavitt.
2328—Swift et al vs. Merchants' Sav., Loan and Trust Co., of Chicago.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by James, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Issues of Law and Fact.

Nos.
87—Wetmore et al. vs. Candee et al.
279—Lane vs. Lynch et al.
283—Ackerman et al. vs. Ackerman.
265—Thompson vs. Bogart et al.
285—Webb vs. Buckalew.
286—Jagels, Adm'x., vs. Muller et al.
287—Arnoux vs. Barnes, &c.

Nos.
316—Lathrop S. M. Co. vs. Bond & Lathrop M. Co.
313—Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Tradesmen's Fire Ins. Co.
314—Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Commercial Fire Ins. Co.
315—Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Lafayette Fire Ins. Co.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Leonard, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Call of Calendar at 12 M.

Reserved Causes.

Nos.
32—Robbins vs. Carpenter.
46—Fitzgerald vs. Woods.
75—Smith et al. vs. Bracken.
77—People et al. vs. Holley.
78—People et al. vs. Baker.
83—People et al. vs. Lynch.
85—Hardre vs. Harwood et al.
86—Hardre vs. Mitchell et al.
83—Coman et al. vs. Noack et al.
103—Ree vs. Rupel Fife Co.
106—Rogers et al. vs. Moore.
107—Bull's Head Bank vs. Dubois.
111—Wortman vs. Davis.
113—Maher vs. Cooke et al.
121—In re Farrington vs. Porter et al.
122—People et al. vs. Westchester Railroad Co.

Nos.
129—Pettingill vs. N. Y. and Penn. Petroleum Co.
135—Jones vs. Butler.
140—Thomson vs. Solten Salt Works et al.
142—Cunningham et al. vs. Bunting et al.
152—Brumley vs. Blodgett.
155—Barretts et al. vs. Lucas.
163—Broome vs. Stanton.
168—Phipps et al. vs. Place et al.
170—Barnett vs. Moore et al.
172—Market National Bank vs. Cushman.
181—Loewenthal et al. vs. Brown et al.
182—Cummings vs. Moss.
183—Nicholson vs. Stanton.
196—Oppenheim vs. Schmidt.
Call 200—Pults vs. Benjamin et al.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Barbour, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
3475—Goodman vs. Stern et al.
3339—Ward vs. Central Park N. and R. R. Co.
3373—Hart vs. Willis.
3397—Na'l Shoe and Leather B'k of N. Y. vs. Ross.
3343—Becker vs. De Forest.
3459—Murphy vs. Gentzen.
3479—Russell vs. Met. Ins. Co.

Nos.
3499—Eagleson vs. Smith.
3501—Muir et al. vs. West.
3507—Bertrand vs. Hagemann.
2827—Sanger vs. Bininger.
2399—Gray vs. Underwood et al.
3239—Daly vs. Hart.
3513—Brice et al. vs. Mar.
3515—Levy vs. Third-avenue R. Co.

Part II. adjourned for the term.
Common Pleas adjourned for the term.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Held by Hearne, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Non-jury Cases.

Nos.
60—Ford vs. Carrington.
81—Wolf vs. Marcus.
63—Murphy vs. Dwyer.
125—Rorke vs. Jury.
116—Baum vs. Rauch.
—Frankan vs. Strauss.
84—Allerton vs. Wheeler.
99—Weber vs. Wagner.
—Ellis vs. Stattfeld.
128—Cordts vs. Ochiltree.
129—McMurris vs. French.
133—Mason vs. Cornell.

Nos.
138—The World Co. vs. Brooks.
142—Detwiler vs. Reitz.
—Leonard vs. Curtis.
143—Tripp vs. Keckhereen, Jr.
144—Wald vs. Carey.
146—Brien vs. Bailey.
147—Brethector vs. Butler.
148—Hedman vs. Werner.
149—Bird vs. Smith.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Dec. 21, 1867.

$1,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C.	112⅝
3,000	do	112¾
20,000	do	112⅝
20,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '64	104¼
5,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '62	104⅝
8,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '62	108⅛
185,000	do ...s30	108⅛
25,000	do ...s30	108⅛
2,000	do ....Small	107¼
2,500	do	108⅛
50,000	do s10	107⅞
20,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s, C. '65	105¼
60,000	U. S. 5-20s, C. '65....new	108⅛
6,000	U. S. 6s 5-20s, R. '65....new	107⅞
10,000	do	101
1,600	U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C.	101¾
3,500	do	101⅝
5,000	Tenn. 6s, new	62½
4,000	do	62⅝
5,000	do	62⅝
5,000	Virginia 6s, new	42
2,000	N. Car. 6s, ex-c	52½
11,000	Mo. St. 6s	97¼
2,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. Issue	88
500	N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	91
2,000	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	77¼
2,000	Tol., P. & W. 1st M., extended	90
6,000	West. U. T. 7s Bs.	80
6,000	C. & R. I. & P. R. 7s	94¼
1,000	Alt. & T. H. 1st M.	95½
10	Nassau Bank	106
20	Bank of Republic	110
20	Shoe & L. Bk.	112
200	Quick. Min.	20⅛
200	do	20⅛
600	West. Union T.	34⅝
800	Mer. U. Ex.	39¾
400	do	39⅝
80	do	39½
60	Pacific Mail	116
450	do	115⅛
1350	do	115¼
1000	do b30	115⅛
1120	do	115¼
100	do s10	115
100	do	115
100	do b30	115¼
100	do	115⅛
25	do ....2d call	115
400	do	114¾
600	do	114⅝
100	do s15	114½
200	do	114¾
50	Canton Co.	49
100	do	49⅞
500	do	49⅝
200	Am. Coal	49
100	Cum. Coal Pr.	27½
200	Atlantic Mail	118⅛
100	do	118¼
19	Adams Ex. Co.	82
100	do	81¼
100	do	81
30	do	81½
15	do	81¼
50	Wells Fargo Ex. b30	50
200	do	49½
100	do	49
60	Amer. Ex.	79
50	U. S. Ex.	81
42	do	80¾
200	N. Y. Cen. R.	117⅝
400	do	117⅝
100	Erie R.	73⅝
100	Reading R.	96
1200	Mich. S. & N. I.	84⅝
50	do	84⅜
100	Mich. Cen.	112¾
10	Panama R.	293½
100	Ill. Cen.	131
200	Clev. & Pitts. b30	88
50	Cle., Col. & Cin. R.	98
10	do	98¼
200	Chic. & N. W. R.	58¾
1000	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	69¾
100	do	69⅞
100	do	69½
22	Cleve. & Tol.	103
100	do	102¾
100	Chic. & R. I. R.	98⅞
100	do b30	98⅞
100	do	98⅝
100	do ....2d call	98⅝
100	do	98⅝
20	Chic. B. & Q. R.	137
200	Mil. & St. P.	41⅝
200	do b30	44⅞
200	do	44⅛
150	do ....2d call	45
300	do	45¼
600	do	45⅛
100	do	45⅜
100	Mil. & St. P. Pf. s60	63⅝
100	do b30	63⅝
100	do	63⅛
100	Bost. H. & E.	13⅝
100	Tol. W. & W.	41
85	J. C. R.	114
100	P., F. W. & Chi. s60	99
100	do	99¼
600	Ohio & Miss. R.	26¾
100	do b30	26⅝
100	Ind. & Cin.	60

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	Tenn. St. 6s, new	62½
2,000	Brooklyn 6s, W. L.	96
100	Cum. Coal Pf.	27½
800	West. U. T.	34⅝
100	do	35
100	Quicksilver	20
100	Mar. Min. Co.	7
100	Pacific Mail	112¾
50	do	113
100	do	112⅞
500	do s10	112⅞
400	At. Mail	119
800	Wells & Fargo Ex.	48
100	Mer. U. Ex.	39⅝
500	do	39¾
100	Adams Ex.	80½
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	117⅞
1500	do	118
1300	Erie R.	74⅝
100	Hudson R.	131⅝
100	do	132
200	Reading R.	96
300	do	95⅞
400	do b60	95⅞
200	do	96
10	Mich. Cen. R.	113
600	Mich. S. & N. I.	85⅛
500	do b60	85⅜
400	Clev. & Pitts. R.	88⅝
1000	do	88¼
200	do	88⅛
200	C. & N. W. R.	58⅝
1500	C. & N. W. Pf.	69¾
75	do	69½
800	do	70
200	Cleve. & Tol. R. Ex-dividend	98⅜
1200	Chic. & R. I.	99⅛
100	do b30	99¼
200	Mil. & St. P. R.	46⅛
100	do	46¼
100	do	46⅜
100	do	47
200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	64¾
1000	do	65
500	do	65¼
50	P., F. W. & C.	99⅜
140	do	99⅝
100	do c	99¾
200	O. & Miss. R.	26⅝
400	do	26⅞

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

300	Canton Co.	49
1000	do s30	49
200	do	49
200	do c	49
200	Cum. Coal	28
300	Adams Express	81½
100	do	81
100	do c	81¼
100	Mer. U. Ex.	40⅛
800	do	40
300	do	39¾
100	do	39⅝
500	do c	39⅞
200	do b3	40
650	Pac. Mail	115
800	do	115¼
2300	do	115⅛
200	do b3	115
100	do c	115⅛
100	Atlantic Mail	118¾
100	U. S. Ex. Co.	80¼
100	do	81¼
100	West. U. Tel.	34¾
800	Erie R.	73⅞
300	do	73½
100	do b10	73¾
100	do b30	73¼
300	N. Y. Cen.	117⅝
100	Hudson R. R. b5	132
500	Reading R.	96
300	Mil. & St. Paul	44⅜
100	do b10	44⅝
100	do	44¼
200	Ohio & Miss. R.	26⅛
100	do	26½
300	Clev. & Tol. R.	103
300	M. So. & N. I. R.	84⅝
300	do	84⅝
100	do c	84⅜
800	Chi., R. I. & P.	98⅝
800	do	98⅝
100	do c	98¾
100	do b10	98⅝
200	do b3	98⅝
100	Chi. & N. W. R.	58⅝
100	do	58⅝
100	Chic. & N. W. Pr.	69⅝
1500	do	69⅝
100	do c	69⅝
300	do b10	69⅝
100	do b3	69⅞
300	do	69⅝

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

200	Canton Co.	49⅞
100	Adams Ex. Co.	81
200	do c	81¼
100	do b3	81⅛
100	do	80⅞
200	U. S. Ex. Co.	81⅝
300	Mer. U. Ex.	39¾
100	do b3	39⅞
100	do	39⅞
100	Quick. Min. Co.	20⅛
100	Mar. Min. Co.	7
100	Pacific Mail	114¾
60	do	115
100	do	114⅞
100	do	114¾
100	do	114¼
200	do s20	114
600	West. U. Tel.	34⅝
100	do b30	34⅝
400	N. Y. Cen. R.	117⅞
100	do	117¾
200	do b3	117⅞
500	Erie R.	73⅛
300	do b3	73⅝
2300	do	73¾
200	do	73⅞
100	do b10	73⅝
900	do c	73⅝
100	Reading R.	96⅛
100	Mil. & St. P.	45⅛
100	do	45⅜
100	do	45⅝
200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	63⅝
100	P. F. W. & C. b3	99¼
200	do c	99⅜
800	Clev. & Pitts.	88
300	do	88
200	Mich. S. & N. I. c	84⅛
300	do	84⅜
200	do	84⅜
200	do b10	84⅜
1500	do	84⅜
200	do s10	84⅛
200	do b3	84⅜
500	Clev. & Tol. R.	103
200	do b3	103
300	C., R. I. & P.	98⅞
200	do b3	99
100	do	99
100	Chic. & N. W.	58⅝
1000	do	58⅜
100	do	58¾
100	do	58⅝
100	Chic. & N. W. Pr. s60	69
1500	do	69⅜
200	do b15	69¼
100	do c	69⅜

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

600	Adams Ex. Co.	81⅞
500	do	81¾
800	do s30	80⅞
800	Cum. Coal	27½
200	Pacific Mail	115
400	do	113¾
100	do b3	113¾
200	do	113½
100	do s10	113
800	West. U. Tel.	35
800	do	35⅛
100	do b15	35½
200	do	35¾
100	Atlantic Mail	119
800	N. Y. Cent.	117¾
100	do b10	118
200	Erie R.	74¼
200	Reading R.	96⅜
200	Mil. & St. Paul	47
200	Mil. & St. P. Prf.	64¾
400	do	64⅝
200	do b3	64¾
100	P., Ft. W. & C.	99⅝
300	M. S. & N. I.	85
100	do b10	85⅜
300	do b3	85⅛
200	Clev. & Pitts.	88⅝
300	Clev. & Tol. ex div.	99⅞
600	Chic., R. I. & Pac.	99⅝
100	do b10	99⅝
200	Chic. & N. W. R.	58¾
200	Chic. & N. W. Pr.	70⅛

MONDAY, Dec. 23—P. M.

The weekly averages of the Associated Local and National Banks in the Clearing-house of this City, for the week ending Saturday last, Dec. 21, compare as follows with the previous week, and with the corresponding week last year; to which we add the specie and currency balances in the New-York office of the United States Treasury at these dates, respectively:

Decrease in Loans	$2,162,192
Decrease in Specie	1,418,739
Increase in other Legal Tenders	3,357,124
Increase in Deposits	5°8,383
Decrease in Circulation	99,810

	Dec. 22, 1866.	Dec. 21, 1867.	Dec. 14, 1867.
National Cap'l.	$74,007,700	$73,507,700	$73,507,700
Local Capital	9,262,500	9,962,500	9,962,500
Total Capital	$83,270,200	$83,470,200	$83,470,200
Loans	258,255,514	244,165,353	246,327,545
Gold and Gold Notes	13,219,971	13,468,109	14,886,848
Other L. Tend'r	64,816,962	58,311,432	54,954,308
Deposits	202,029,877	177,632,583	177,044,250
Circulation	32,455,429	34,019,101	34,118,911
In Sub-Tres'y	114,079,125	102,233,596	105,652,607

The Bank Statement published to-day exhibits the following relative strength of the movement, in the point of lawful Money Security, to the previous statement. The Banks owed:

	Dec. 14.	Dec. 21.
On deposits	$177,000,000	$177,630,000
Circulation	34,100,000	34,020,000
Total	$211,100,000	$211,650,000
25 per cent. would be	$52,775,000	52,912,000
They held: In Gold and Greenbacks	69,841,000	71,780,000
Excess	$17,066,000	$18,868,000

This Statement shows a decreased demand for money at Bank at 7 ₩ cent., as no effort was made to reduce the general line of Loans and Deposits. The Greenback reserve is now so ample that no probable demand later in the season for Currency to go South is likely to affect it seriously. The rate of Exchange continues so slightly against New-York at New-Orleans that no important sums of Currency have yet been sent in that direction. A further addition to the Legal Tender reserve may reasonably be looked for on next Saturday's Statement.

The continued bad weather again affected the general trade movement of the past week. There was some improvement in the City shopping trade for the Holidays; but some of the shopkeepers say that the dull business of the Fall months, together with the condition of the weather and the streets, will make their season less profitable than last Christmas. The Exports of Produce fell off from the previous week about $1,400,000. The locking up of a very large amount of Flour, Grain and other Produce on the Erie Canal, the value of which is reckoned at ten millions of dollars, and the bad shipping weather here for Cotton, Grain, &c., will, we apprehend, seriously reduce below what it should have been, the Export total of December. The Specie Export of the week is not so large as was expected, owing to the appearance of an extra supply of Bankers' Bills on Barings, London. This weakened the Gold market on Saturday without the $1,191,000 California Bullion which arrived at night; of this sum $611,000 comes to the Agents of the Bank of California; $183,000 to Mr. Belmont; $123,000 to Mr. Kelly; $90,000 to Dabney, Morgan & Co., and $87,000 to Wells-Fargo. The price of Gold left off ⅛ ₩ cent. lower than on Saturday week. The Stock Exchange closed from 1 to 3 ₩ cent. higher on the Railways, and the Public Funds ⅛@⅜ ₩ cent. higher. Western Telegraph shows an advance of 2 ₩ cent. and Pacific Mail a decline of 10 ₩ cent.

The Import Entries for the past week, including the Dry Goods return in our last paper, amount to $2,117,077, against the total entries of $6,224,698 same week last year. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $3,249,109 against $4,095,072 same week last year. The Export of Specie amounts to $1,584,206, against $250,236 same week last year. The Customs of the week are $1,217,000. The receipts of Cotton, coastwise and by railroad, are 16,720 bales. The number of emigrant passengers arrived during the week 1,202.

The gold values of the Import entries of foreign merchandise at New-York since Jan. 1, 1867, the beginning of the current calendar year, are officially (to Dec. 1) and semi-officially (since) reported as follows—the entries of foreign specie being omitted:

January	$20,852,386	August	$23,732,790
February	25,494,290	September	20,681,540
March	21,367,107	October	18,075,697
April	25,361,583	November	15,689,688
May	21,475,525	Dec. 7	2,187,172
June	20,478,305	Dec. 14	4,598,351
July	23,030,260	Dec. 21	2,117,077
		Total since Jan. 1	$245,141,771
		Against same date 1866	291,391,556
		Decrease since Jan. 1	$46,149,785

The Currency value of the Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods from New-York, including foreign articles reexported, since Jan. 1, 1867, are as follows, the figures being officially reported to Dec. 1 by months and since semi-officially by weeks:

January	$13,448,647	August	$12,857,353
February	15,452,506	September	12,002,449
March	20,475,226	October	17,481,221
April	17,863,596	November	20,675,515
May	12,303,545	Dec. 4	3,957,208
June	15,103,120	Dec. 11	4,628,013
July	14,068,861	Dec. 18	3,249,109
		Total since Jan. 1	$184,566,369
		Against same date, 1866	185,533,970
		Decrease since Jan. 1	$1,027,601
		Gold, Dec. 21, 1867	133⅛ ₩ cent.
		Gold, Dec. 21, 1866	133½ ₩ cent.

The Exports of Gold and Silver from New-York have been as follows since Jan 1:

January	$2,725,762	August	$1,714,598
February	2,124,161	Sept.	2,201,959
March	1,891,141	October	1,182,131
April	2,261,283	November	1,735,261
May	9,043,154	Dec. 7	327,575
June	6,724,272	Dec. 14	1,705,420
July	13,519,894	Dec. 21	1,584,206
		Total since Jan. 1	$48,564,601
		Against same date 1866	61,425,825
		Decrease since Jan. 1	$12,861,224

The deliveries of California Gold and Silver at New-York since Jan. 1 are as follows:

January	$2,482,309	August	$3,983,650
February	1,739,898	September	2,615,950
March	1,913,973	October	1,847,106
April	3,162,783	November	1,038,058
May	1,194,879	Dec. 2	323,619
June	2,782,316	Dec. 9	671 447
July	2,679,712	Dec. 21	1,191,856
		Total since Jan. 1	27,677,556
		Against same date 1866	42,110,796
		Decrease since Jan. 1	$14,433,240

The following are the Customs Receipts in Gold, and the Interest paid on the Public Debt in Gold, at the New-York office of the United States Treasury since Jan. 1:

Customs Received.		Gold Interest Paid.	
January	$9,520,384	January	$7,485,945
February	11,452,204	February	521,532
March	12,168,039	March	2,830,526
April	8,511,074	April	247,628
May	8,634,697	May	16,308,316
June	8,640,113	June	1,237,682
July	9,794,404	July	11,306,370
August	12,903,740	August	621,068
September	11,967,825	September	2,716,959
October	9,082,986	October	187,357
November	7,304,934	November	16,969,514
Dec. 7	1,595,000	Dec. 7	831,000
Dec. 14	1,111,000	Dec. 14	238,000
Dec. 21	1,217,000	Dec. 21	217,000
Total	$115 423,415	Total	$61,718,595
To date, 1866	128,553,017	To date, 1866	48,207,371

COURSE OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE FOR THE WEEK.

American Gold Coin	134⅛@133⅛
Old U. S. 5-20s, 186	107⅞@108⅛@108
Consolidated 5-20s	107⅞@108⅛
Seconds and Thirds, 7.30s	104⅝@104⅜
U. S. 5 ₩ cents. 10-40s	100⅞@101⅝
New-York Central	117@118⅝@117⅞@117⅞
New-York and Erie	72⅝@74⅛@73⅛@74⅝
Rock Island	97⅝@99⅛@98⅝@99⅛
Michigan Southern	82⅛@86@85⅛
Hudson River	132½@132
Northwestern	58⅛@60⅛@58¾
Fort Wayne and Chicago	99⅛@99⅞@99⅝
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	84⅝@88⅛
Reading	94⅞@96⅜
Northwestern Preferred	67⅛@70⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	26@26⅞
Cleveland and Toledo	103 with div. 99⅞ x div.
Pacific Mail	120⅛@112½@113⅛
Western Union Telegraph	33⅛@35⅛
St. Paul Preferred	61⅛@65@64⅛

The Gold Room was dull through Saturday and the sales ran down to 133⅜@133½ ₩ cent., subsequently returning to 133½@⅛ ₩ cent. The Shipments of the day fell nearly one-half short of Friday's estimate, owing to the unexpected appearance of a large block of Bills on London on Messrs. Baring Brothers, drawn to the extent of £350,000, equal to $1,750,000 in Gold, by Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co. The object of the negotiation is not known. The Bills were sold in sums of £50,000@£75,000 each, and taken by the other Bankers. The Shipments by the day's steamers were $606,744, making for the week $1,584,206. The Treasury Office received for Gold Customs for the week $1,217,000, and paid out $217,000 for Gold Interest. The Treasury Office also paid out $8,500,000 of the 3 ₩ cent. Legal-Tender Certificates of Deposit, in exchange for December Coupons, and from this operation and the receipts of Currency from the West the Banks gain $3,350,000 in Legal-Tender paper, while losing $1,400,000 in their Gold Deposits. The Loans at Bank are down $2,150,000 from last Monday; the general Deposit line is about $600,000 higher. The Money market of the day closed easier at 6 ₩ cent. to the Stock Brokers, with exceptions as low as 5 ₩ cent. ₩ annum. The Discount Brokers quote 7@8 ₩ cent. on prime Merchant paper, with some select names, short date, below 7 ₩ cent.

On the Stock Exchange the Public Funds were firm through the forenoon. No formal dealings in this department of the Exchange are made on Saturdays after 12 o'clock, and this fact caused a dull feeling among the dealers in the afternoon, while in the Railways the 2:30 and 3:15 P. M. Boards were buoyant, and at higher prices on nearly all descriptions. The market was led by Northwest Preferred, Michigan Southern and the St. Paul Stocks, early in the day, and also at the late Boards, followed by another upward turn in Erie and Rock Island, and a strong demand for New-York Central. In the Miscellaneous Shares, the Express and Telegraph Stocks were all on the advance, while the sellers of Pacific Mail offered the stock in large amounts, and the price ran down to 112½ ₩ cent., the lowest point known for several years.

The general market was active late in the day, and after the Boards broke up the following quotations were made as compared with Friday night:

	Fri.	Sat.		Fri.	Sat.
U. S. 10-40s	101⅛	101⅛	Missouris	97⅛	97⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	108⅛	108	Northwest	58⅞	58⅞
U. S. Con. 5-20s	108⅛	108⅛	N. West Pref.	69⅞	70⅛
N. Y. Central	117⅞	117⅞	Rock Island	98⅞	99⅜
Erie	73⅞	74⅛	Fort Wayne	99⅛	99⅜
Hudson	131⅜	132	W. U. Telegraph	34⅛	35⅛
Reading	95⅞	96⅛	St. Paul Pref.	63	64⅝
Mich. Southern	84⅛	85⅛	Pacific Mail	116	113⅛
Pittsburgh	87⅝	88⅛	American Gold	133⅞	133⅜
Tenn 6s, new	62¾	62⅞	Bills on London	110⅛	110⅛

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ cent., 1867	130	5-20 coup., 1865, n. is.	108⅛
6 ₩ cent., reg., 1881	108	5-20 coup., 1867	108⅛
500 & 1,000, 1881	112⅛	5 ₩ cent. coup., 1871	112
5-20 reg.	104⅛	5 ₩ cent., reg., 1874	105⅜
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1862	108	10-40 reg., 1874	101
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1864	105⅛	10-40 500 & 1,000, 1874	101⅛
5-20 500 & 1,000, 1865	105⅛	7 3-10 2d series	104⅛
5-20 reg., 1865, n. is.	103⅛	7 3-10 3d series	104⅛

And the following for the State Bonds:

N. Y. Reg. B'y loan	104⅜	Illinois War Loan	101⅛
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1872	99⅛	Tennessee 6 ₩ c., ex-c.	65
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1873	99⅛	Tennessee new bds.	62⅝
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1875	99	Tennessee 5s	55
N. Y. 6 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1877	99	Virginia 6s, ex coup.	46⅛
N. Y. 5 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1878	99	Virginia 6s, n. b.	41⅜
N. Y. 5 ₩ c. B'y loan, 1874	99	Georgia 7s, new bonds	81⅛
Illinois C. bonds 1860	101	North Carolina 6s	63
Illinois reg. 1860	101	North Carolina 6s, ex c.	52
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1860	101⅛	North Carolina n. bds.	51⅜
Ill. 6s cou., '79 aft. 1865	101⅛	Missouri 6s	97⅛
Illinois 6s c. '79 aft. 1870	101⅛	Missouri H. & St. Jo. is.	87
Illinois coupon 6s, 1877	101⅛	Missouri Pacific R. is.	97⅛
Illinois 6s coup. 1879	101⅛	California 7s	124
		Connecticut 6s	100

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	137½	American Exchange	113
Merchants'	117	Bank of N. America	109
Mechanics'	120	Hanover	110⅞
Union	114	Irving	106
America	138	Metropolitan	130
City	200	Nassau	106
Phenix	104	Shoe and Leather	110
Tradesmen's	153	Continental	106
Fulton	155	St. Nicholas	103
National	108	Marine	140
Seventh Ward	110	Commonwealth	107
State of New-York	105¼	Park	143
Commerce	118	Central National, xd.	100
Mechanics B'k Ass.	110	Fourth National	107
Ocean	102¼	Ninth National	105
Mercantile	111		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	91	Tol. & W. 2d M.	77
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	91	Tol., W. & West'n S. F.	80
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con. '76	117	Gt. Western 1st M. '68	90
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1865-'76	117	Gt. Western 2d M. '93	69
Erie 7s, 2d ind., 1879	102½	Quincy & Tol. 1st M. '90	68
Erie 7s, 3d ind., 1883	97	Ill. & So. Iowa 1st M.	70
Erie 7s, 4th ind., 1880	90½	Chi. & R. I. con. 1st	94⅝
Erie 7s, 5th ind., 1888	89	Clev. & Tol. S. F.	102
Buff., N. Y. & Erie 1st '77	90	N. Jersey Cen. 1st M.	102
Harlem 1st M., 1869-'72	100¼	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 1st M.	105
Mich. Cen. 8 ₩ c., 1869-'72	107	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d M.	98⅝
Mich. Cen. n. 1st M. 8 '82	109½	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 3d M.	86
Chi. B. & Q. 8 ₩ c. 1st M.	112	Cleve. & P. 2d M.	96
Mich. So. 7 ₩ c. 2d M.	91	Cleve. & P. 3d M. con.	90
N. Ind. Goshen Line '68	97	Cleve. & P. 4th M.	74
Pac. R. 7s guar. by Mo.	99½	Chi. & Alton S. F. 1st M.	102½
Ill. Cen. 7 ₩ c. 1870	118	Chi. & Alton S. F. Inc.	90
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	95	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	88
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	81	Peninsula R. R. bonds	76
Chi. & N. W. S. Fund	96½	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	87½
Chic. & N. W. int. Bds.	86½	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	78
Con. 7 ₩ cent. conv.	81½	Marietta & Cin., 1st M.	85
Con. 7 ₩ cent. Exten. B.	82½	Ohio & Mil. 1st M.	87⅝
Con. 7 ₩ cent. 1st M.	85	Jol. & Chi. 1st M.	104
Del. L. & W. 2d M.	90	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	95
Tol. & W. 1st M. ext'd.	90		

The following January half-yearly dividends have been declared by the City banks:

Banks.	Rate.	Banks.	Rate.
Central National	5	Butchers' National	5
Marine National	6	Mechanics' National	5
Tradesmen's National	6	Bank of America	5
Eighth National	5	Peoples'	5
Fifth National	5	Atlantic National	5
New-York National	5	Market National	5
Irving National	4	Hanover National	5
Ninth National	5	Mer. Exchange National	5
East River National	5	Chatham National	6
N. America National	4		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,920,859 85; total payments, $2,415,340 24; total balance, $102,233,596 06; the receipts include for Customs, $190,000; receipts for Gold Notes, $279,000.

The Manchester (Vermont) *Journal* says of the new extension of the Harlem Road:

"The work on the Lebanon Springs Railroad is progressing rapidly. Twenty-nine of the fifty-six miles are ready for the track, nine more are nearly completed, and on every half mile of the remainder the work is being pushed vigorously. Over 1,200 men are employed on the unfinished portion. Iron is being distributed along the line, and the laying of the track will be commenced before the close of the present month. It is confidently expected that the 'Green Cars' of the Harlem road will run through to Montreal before the 1st of next July."

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE City of New-York, at No. 336 Broadway, capital one million dollars, Darius R. Mangum, President, receives deposits of money in large or small amounts, and allows *four per cent. interest upon daily balances, subject to check at sight.* It also allows five per cent. upon special deposits for six months or longer. The Company makes loans from its Deposits and Trust Funds on Government Securities, State Stocks, and City Stocks of this State, but it is not permitted to DISCOUNT or deal in COMMERCIAL OR BUSINESS PAPER. Individuals, firms, and corporations can keep current accounts in this institution, with special advantages of security, convenience, and profit.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Dec. 21, 1867.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce at this port, since our last, have been of

Ashes, bbls.	9	Barley, bushels	950
Flour, bbls.	3,886	Malt, bushels	670
Flour, bags	8,917	Peas, bushels	
Cornmeal, bbls.	418	Pork, bbls.	935
Cornmeal, bags	4,365	Cut Meats, pkgs.	1,112
Wheat, bushels	43,441	Lard, pkgs.	875
Corn, bushels	13,088	Beef, tcs. and bbls.	296
Rye, bushels	750	Whisky, bbls.	623
Oats, bushels	2,390	Petroleum, bbls.	518

ASHES—Have been quiet but steady at $8 25@$8 50 for Pots, and $10 37@$10 50 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been inactive, since our last, including Java at 25½c.@26½c.; Maracaibo, 16c.@17½c.; Laguayra, 16c.@17c.; Rio, 12c.@17c.; Native Ceylon, 18c.@20c.; St. Domingo, 15c.@16c., in gold, ₩ lb.

COTTON—In view of the very large receipts at the ports during the week, holders have been more eager to sell, and buyers less disposed to purchase at declining prices. The business in the local market to-day has been quite moderate at a reduction of ⅛c. ₩ lb., the market closing heavily. The aggregate sales of the day have been 1,864 bales, including 1,020 bales to shippers, 556 bales to spinners, and 288 bales to speculators. The week's receipts at this port have been 16,720 bales; sales and re-sales, 17,350 bales; exports, 11,205 bales; estimated stock at the close, 52,500 bales. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZEREGA notice the week's movements in the local market thus: "Our market for the week has been steady at nearly uniform prices, closing quiet at quotations. The sales for the week have been 17,340 bales, including 4,932 bales to spinners, 11,474 bales to exporters, and 940 bales to speculators. The offerings of Cotton are full and holders meet the market at ruling rates. There is no wish to speculate in Cotton at present prices, but offerings of Middling Uplands for January delivery at 15 cents would find purchasers. Freights to Liverpool, by steam ⅜d.@⅝d.—by sail 5-16d.@⅜d. The receipts of Cotton at the ports for this week show about 105,000 bales, against 86,000 bales for corresponding week of last season. The total receipts since 1st September, are 744,500 bales, against 641,500 bales for the same time last season. The Dry Goods market is unchanged."

Closing prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O. & Tex.
Ordinary	14	14⅛	14¼@14½
Good Ordinary	14½	14⅝	14¾@15
Low Middling	15¼	15⅜	15⅝@15¾
Middling	15⅝	15¾	16¼@16½
Good Middling	17	17⅛	18 @18½

Movements of Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts this week	16,720
Receipts last week	21,248
Receipts preceding week	25,333
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1867	198,883
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1867	652,856
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1867	657,431
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1867	657,431
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1866	511,630
Exports since Wednesday	8,196
Exports since Sept. 1	115,811
Exports since Jan. 1	427,568
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	472 594
Exports year ending Dec. 31, 1866	381,099
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1866	495,309
Estimated stock on hand here	52,500

Movements in Cotton at all the Shipping Ports.

Receipts at all the shipping ports of the United States from the close of the war, May 1, 1865, to Sept. 1, 1866	2,571,040
Receipts at all the ports, since Sept. 1, 1867	650,000
Receipts at all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,951,988
Receipts preceding cotton year	2,154,476
Exports from all the ports since Sept. 1, 1867, to latest mail dates	801,000
Exports from all the ports year ending Sept. 1, 1867	1,557,054
Exports preceding cotton year	1,554,664
Estimated stock on hand at all the ports Aug. 31, 1867	80,296
Estimated stock on hand at all ports, at latest mail dates	295,000

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been extremely dull to-day, though buyers have had any existing advantage as to price. Sales have been reported since our last of 4,400 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western at $8 30@$9 20; very inferior to fair ordinary so-called extra State at $9 50@$10 10; common to very good genuine Spring Wheat extra State at $10 15@$10 75; poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop extra Ohio at $9 65@$10 65 ₩ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$8 30@$9 20
Extra State	9 50@10 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	9 40@13 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	9 65@10 65
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	10 75@13 25
Extra Genesee	10 90@13 25
Common to choice extra Missouri	11 00@15 50

Southern Flour continues quiet and heavy. Sales have been reported since our last of 500 bbls., at $9 85@$15 25 for common to very superior extra, ₩ bbl. Rye Flour is in fair request at $7 50@$9 50 for inferior to very choice, ₩ bbl.; sales 470 bbls. Corn Meal continues heavy at $6 10 for City, $6@$6 10 for Jersey, $5 75@$6 for Western, and $6 35@$6 37½ for Brandywine, ₩ bbl.; sales 1,250 bbls. Of California Flour sales were reported of 450 bbls. and sacks at $12 25@$13 75 ₩ bbl. of 196 lbs. Buckwheat Flour is inactive at $4 50@$5 ₩ 100 lbs.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very quiet and essentially unchanged in price to-day; sales have been reported of only 14,000 bushels, including fair No. 1 Club (from store) at $2 35; White Virginia at $2 75; Red do. at $2 65; and White California at $3 05 ₩ bushel. Corn has been in more demand, partly on speculative account, and has advanced 1c.@2c. ₩ bushel; sales have been reported of 78,500 bushels at $1 38@$1 40 for old mixed Western, in store; $1 35@$1 40 for new do., from cars and delivered; $1 33@$1 40 for new Yellow and White Jersey, and Southern, ₩ bushel. Rye has been scarce and wanted; sales, 4,500 bushels Western at $1 78@$1 80 ₩ bushel. Barley has been quiet, but very stiffly held; sales of small lots of State, from cars, were reported at $1 85 ₩ bushel. Oats have been more sought after, chiefly by speculative buyers, at firmer and buoyant prices; sales have been reported of 121,000 bushels Western at 83½c.@85c., in store, and 87c. afloat, ₩ bushel.

HAY—North River is in fair request and buoyant at $1 15@$1 20 for shipping, and $1 35@$1 60 for poor to very choice, for local use, ₩ 100 lbs. Straw at 70c.@87½c. ₩ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue quiet and heavy, including American at 20c.@65c. for new; older growth, 10c.@50c., and Foreign at 45c.@65c. ₩ lb. We quote in detail, thus: New-York State—Common to fair, 25c.@40c.; good to prime, 45c.@55c.; choice to fancy, 55c.@65c. Eastern—Common to fair, 30c.@45c.; prime to choice, 50c.@60c. Wisconsins—Choice to fancy, 55c.@65c. Michigans—Common to fair, 20c.@30c.; prime to choice, 40c.@50c. Yearlings, of all grades, 20c.@50c. Old Olds, 10c.@25c. Foreign—Canadians, 50c.@60c.; Bavarians, 55c.@65c.; Belgians, 45c.@50c. ₩ lb.

HIDES—The week's receipts have been 39,768 hides; sales 34,300 hides; the latter including, according to Messrs. HULL & Co., 11,300 Dry Buenos Ayres, 23@30 lbs., 19c.@19½c., gold, usual selection; 7,700 Dry Montevideo, 22@24 lbs., 18½c.@19c., gold, usual selection; 2,000 Dry Entre Rios, 23¼ lbs., 19c., gold, usual selection; 2,500 Dry Rio Grande, 20 lbs., 18¾c., gold, usual selection; 6,000 Dry Rio Grande, to arrive, 21 lbs., 18½c., gold, usual selection; 500 Dry Central American, 18 lbs., private terms; 150 Dry Laguayra, 23 lbs., private terms; 1,900 Dry Texas, 20 lbs., 18c.@20c. currency, as they run; 350 Wet Salted Texas, 70 lbs., private terms; 1,900 City Slaughter, 70 lbs., part 10¾c., currency. The stock on hand of Ox and Cow Hides is 111,500, (same time last year, 165,000; year before, 217,500,) and 250 bales, as follows: 85,000 Dry Buenos Ayres, Montevideo and Corrientes, 2,500 Dry California, 5,000 Dry Orinoco, 6,000 Dry Central American, 4,000 Dry Mexican, 3,000 Dry Texas and Southern, 1,000 Wet Salted Buenos Ayres from Europe, 5,000 Wet Salted Rio Grande from Europe, 250 bales East India Cow and Buffalo.

LEATHER—The movements in this line during the past week, Messrs. WEIZEL & WEIDEMEYER notice thus: "*Hemlock Sole*—The sales of the week were about equal to the receipts. Good leather is in fair request at firm rates. Considerable has been doing in ordinary grades with Eastern jobbers and manufacturers at somewhat reduced figures—say fully a cent ₩ lb. all around. *Oak Sole*—The inquiry is limited. Prices unchanged.—*Crop Leather*—Is in moderate demand at quoted figures. Stock fair. *Offal* continues active. *Upper in Rough* has become more brisk. Prices are quite firm. Stock reduced. *Week's Receipts* of sole leather about 21,000 sides." We quote: SOLE—Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Middle, 38c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter and Salted, good Heavy, 40c.@46c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, good, 40c.@43c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 40c.@43c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, cropped, good, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 26c.@28c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 27c.@29c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 27c.@30c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 27c.@29c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 25c.@26c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 26c.@27c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 24c.@26c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, damaged, all weights, 22c.@25½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and Buenos Ayres, poor, all weights, 19c.@21c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 37c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, light, 39c.@41c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, middle, 38c.@41c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, heavy, 41c.@45c., cash, ₩ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been in very moderate demand to-day, including Porto Rico at 48c.@65c.; Cuba at 30c.@48c.; English Islands at 51c.@52c.; New-Orleans, 65c.@88c. ₩ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet and depressed, including Spirits Turpentine at 50c.@52½c. ₩ gallon; Crude do. at $3 75@$3 90; Resin at $2 50@$6 25 ₩ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2 50@$3 25; Pitch, $3 50 ₩ bbl.

OILS—Continue inactive and heavy, including Crude Whale at 68c.@70c.; Bleached Whale at 78c.@80c.; Crude Sperm at $2 10@$2 15; Unbleached do. at $2 30@$2 32½; Lard Oil at $1@$1 20; Red Oil at 60c.@75c.; Linseed Oil at $1 02@1 05 ₩ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in less demand at 10¾c.@11c. for crude, in bulk; 16c.@16½c. for do., in bbls.; 23c.@25½c. for refined, in bond, and 44½c.@45½c. for do., free, ₩ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been very dull and quoted heavy to-day. Sales have been reported of only 850 bbls., in lots, at $20 75@$21 95, closing at $20 81, cash; $19 75@$20 for Prime Mess; $18@$18 25 for Prime and Extra Prime, and $21 50 for thin Mess, ₩ bbl. Sales were also reported of 1,250 bbls. for forward delivery, including Old Mess, January, seller's option, at $20 90 New Mess, same terms, at $22 25, and New Mess, February, seller, at $22 40 ₩ bbl. Cut Meats continue inactive at 12c.@13½c. for Hams, and 8c.@9¼c. for Shoulders, ₩ lb.; sales 170 pkgs. Bacon has been in less demand, yet firm. Sales equal to 225 pkgs. at 11¼c.@11½c. for short and long rib, in bulk, ₩ lb. Lard continues quiet at steady rates; sales have been reported since our last of 650 tcs. and bbls., in lots, at 12¼c.@13c., and small lots of very choice at 13¼c.@13½c. Dressed Hogs have been very heavy at 8¾c.@9c., closing at 8¾c., for City, and 8c.@8½c., chiefly at 8¼c., for country, ₩ lb. Beef is in more request at $12@$18 for Plain Mess; $18 50@$21 for Extra do.; sales have been reported of 475 bbls. Tierce Beef is inactive, including Prime Mess at $29@$35, and India Mess at $34@$38 50, ₩ tierce. Beef Hams continue in demand at from $30@$32 for poor to choice; sales 200 bbls. Butter continues in moderate request at 38c.@48c. for poor to choice State, and 25c.@42c. for interior to prime Western, ₩ lb. Cheese is quiet to-day at 8c.@16½c., as extremes, ₩ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.		Per pound.
Chemung, Sussex and Chenango Counties Dairies, firkins	44	@48
Chautauqua, Cayuga and Delaware Counties Dairies, firkins	42	@45
Broome, Cortland, Steuben and other Counties, firkins	40	@42
Lewis and Jefferson Counties Dairies, Welsh tubs		@43
Ordinary State Dairies, firkins	38	@40
Ordinary State Dairies, Welsh tubs	38	@40
Half-firkin tubs State Dairies, fine to extra	44	@48
Half-firkin tubs State Dairies, fair to good	40	@43
Northern Pennsylvania Dairies, firkins and tubs	40	@42
Canada	25	@33
Canada Extra	35	@38
CHEESE.		
Factory Dairies, fancy and Cheddar shapes, ₩ lb.	16	@16½
Factory Dairies, fine quality, ₩ lb.	15¾	@16
Factory Dairies, common to fair quality, ₩ lb.	14	@15
Farm Dairies, fancy and extra quality, ₩ lb.	15½	@16½
Farm Dairies, fair to good, ₩ lb.	14	@15
Farm Dairies, common, ₩ lb.	12	@13
Orange County Skimmed Cheese, ₩ lb.	8	@11

SKINS—Goat have been dull and nominal. Deer have been in fair demand, but the firmness of holders has checked sales. The arrivals during the latter part of the week have been large, increasing the stock. Sales are 5,000 lbs. Para and 6,000 lbs. Central American, on private terms. We quote: Honduras, Deer, 45c.; San Juan, 38c.; Bolivar, 30c.; Sisal, 47½c.; Vera Cruz, 42½c.@45c.; Chagres, 40c.@42½c.; Puerto Cabello, 33c.@35c.; Para, 47½c., gold, ₩ lb.

SUGARS—Have been in moderate demand and steady. Sales since our last 290 hhds. Cuba, Porto Rico, &c., at 11¼c.@13c., and 850 boxes Havana, part at 11⅝c.@13¼c. ₩ lb. Refined Sugars continue in request at 14c.@16⅞c. ₩ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Sales 81,000 lbs. Tallow at 10¼@11c.; 50,000 lbs. Stearine at 11½c.@12½c.; 41,000 lbs. Grease at 8¼c.@10½c. ₩ lb.

WHISKY—Has been entirely nominal to-day. No sales transpired.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, there were taken 300 bales Cotton, by steamer, at ⅝d. ₩ lb.; 17,000 bushels Wheat, by do., at 6¼d. ₩ bushel; 50 tcs. Lard on private terms; and 500 boxes cheese, by sail, at 30s. ₩ ton. For London, 50 tons Oil Cake at 26s. 3d. ₩ ton.

[OFFICIAL.]

Board of Supervisors.

DECEMBER 17, 1867.

Present—HENRY SMITH, Esq., President, and a quorum.

PETITIONS REFERRED.

Of the following named, for correction of tax: Herman F. Ahrens, Charles B. Churchill, George F. Codington, Jr., Congregation Bayith Neemon; Jonathan P. Cooper, William Dougherty, Max Freund, Edward Gross, Moses Goldberg, Herman Greenbaum, John G. Hawley, Hebrew Free School Association, Henry H. Jones, Alexander C. Keller, Stephen E. Lane, Marine National Bank, Charles Macken, A. B. Miner, R. L. Murray, Joseph Pollock, Edwards Pierrepont, (executor,) George W. Ryerson, Louis J. Schilt, George Tugnot, Maurice Walsh and L. W. Wells, (executor.)

BILLS REFERRED.

Of Wm. Moore, for supplies for County Jail: October, $873 96; November, $765 99; J. C. Stone, for *post-mortem* examinations, $30; New-York Gas Co., gas for Court-rooms, $534 62. For serving subpœnas for Court of Special Sessions: John McGinnis, November, $62 75; to Dec. 14, $26 13; Robert H. Racey, November, $62 75; J. S. K. Judge, Officer to the Grand Jury, year 1867, $500. Of the following named: J. Waring, A. O. Gillespie, J. Oakley, E. B. Heath, O. E. Westlake, T. E. Bennett, S. B. Nolan, J. F. Valentine, E. A. Davin, F. V. B. Kennedy, I. Keyser, A. Boese, B. J. Malone, W. P. Richardson, and T. H. Landon, for service in searching for lost naturalization papers, $250 each.

REQUISITIONS REFERRED.

For printing, stationery, &c.; clerk of Court of Common Pleas; Register, articles for County Clerk's office; for a tin boiler for stove for special term, Supreme Court; for repairs to doors of rooms of Court of Common Pleas.

COMMUNICATIONS REFERRED.

From clerk of Court of Sessions, with return of jurors personally summoned; from CUTTER, TOWE & Co., in regard to stationery; from Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments, relative to rooms now occupied by the Surveyor of the Board of Tax Commissioners.

RESOLUTIONS REFERRED.

That the Committee on Criminal Courts and Police be instructed to report suitable rooms in the vicinity of the First District prison, for the sessions of the Court of Special Sessions and Police Court.

REPORTS ADOPTED.

To pay bill of A. J. Garvey for repairs to Civil Court-rooms, $968; to pay bills of W. D. Roe & Co., $8,950, and J. O. Seymour & Co., $8,950, for printing and stationery; to pay bills of J. S. K. Judge, I. Rynders, W. Arnold, T. Smith, E. Travers, E. B. Fox, B. Campbell, G. Isaacs, J. Higgins, B. Morrissey, J. Mahon, A. McIlhargy, D. Haley and R. Daley, for services as officers in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, from Oct. 7 to 28, at $28 50 each; to pay bill of J. McMahon, $300, for posting notices to taxpayers; that the tax on valuation of $100,000, personal property, assessed against B. Meyer for 1867 be reduced to valuation of $50,000; that the tax on valuation of $50,000, personal property, assessed against G. S. Mayer for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $30,000; that the tax on valuation of $10,000, personal property, assessed against S. Zinn for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $5,000; that the tax on valuation of $3,000, personal property, assessed against C. E. Held for the year 1866, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $75,000, personal property, assessed against M. K. Jesup for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $2,000, assessed against M. Nathan, on personal property for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on $6,500, on street No. 386 Third-avenue, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $5,500; that the tax on valuation of $80,000, assessed on personal property, against G. Hewison, for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on No. 61 Downing-street ($18,000) be reduced to a valuation of $1,800, for 1867; that the tax on valuation of $20,000, personal property, assessed against A. Trask, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $5,000; that the tax on valuation of $5,000 personal property, assessed against George Hewison, Jr., for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $3,000, personal property, assessed against H. Livingston, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $1,000; that the tax on valuation of $2,500 each, assessed against Nos. 9 and 9½, block No. 87, in Twenty-second Ward, be reduced to valuation of $1,250; that the tax on valuation of $20,000, personal property, assessed against B. Keith, for 1867, be reduced to $4,200; that the tax assessed against ward Nos. 19, 20, 21 and 22, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, in the Twenty-second Ward, for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $25,000, personal property, assessed against D. L. Suydam, for 1867, be reduced to $10,000; that the tax on valuation of $32,000, assessed against ward Nos. 1,569 and 1,570, in the Twenty-first Ward, be reduced to valuation of $25,000; that the tax on valuation of $15,000, assessed on personal property against G. De Witt & Brother, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $10,700; that the tax on valuation of $10,000, personal property, assessed against J. Warnock, for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against W. E. Adams, for 1866, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against G. Ricards, Jr., for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against J. Manning, Jr., for 1866, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $76,000, assessed against No. 814 Broadway, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $50,000; that the tax on valuation of $10,000, personal property, assessed against H. W. Katzenberg, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $3,000; that the tax on valuation of $25,000, personal property, assessed against J. J. Barker's estate, (C. D. Barker and W. L. Dall, Trustees,) for 1866, be reduced to a valuation of $8,000; that the tax assessed against line Nos. 1,118, 1,119, 1,120, 1,121, 1,122 and 1,123, in Fourth Ward, for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $10,000, personal property, assessed against S. Mandlebaum, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $3,000; that the tax on valuation of $2,000, personal property, assessed against Rev. W. A. Hallock, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $500; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against H. G. Healy, for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $50,000, personal property, assessed against W. Turnbull, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $15,000; that the tax on valuation of $10,000, personal property, assessed against R. Currie, for 1867, be reduced to a valuation of $5,000; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against J. A. Brown, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $3,000; that the tax on valuation of $10,000, personal property, assessed against W. Heald and H. Heald, and D. H. Miller, on valuation of $10,000, on personal property, for 1867, be remitted; that the tax on valuation of $150,000, personal property, assessed against C. Easton, for 1867, be remitted; that the petitions of C. M. Thur, W. W. Stone, J. S. Gilbert, J. Kiernan, L. Kinstler, W. F. Stone, A. Pell, J. Emerson, B. H. Van Aukon, A. J. Howell, J. P. Brainerd, C. S. Lufberry and H. Ehlers, for correction of tax, be denied; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against I. H. Beattie, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $2,000; that the tax on valuation of $5,000, personal property, assessed against A. Orlich, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $3,000; that the tax on valuation of $20,000, personal property, assessed against R. Govin, for 1867, be reduced to valuation of $6,000; that the Comptroller be directed to issue "New-York County Bonds for the Repayment of Taxes," in favor of the institutions named, and for the amounts respectively specified: Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, $4,772 49; St. Mark's Fire Insurance Company, $1,952; Union Mutual Insurance Company, $3,142 27.

The Committee on Banks and Insurance Companies report: In order to make a thorough examination of the claims made for reimbursement by the various banks and insurance companies, your Committee found it necessary, together with their accountants, to visit all of said institutions, for the purpose of examining their books, to ascertain the different kinds of United States securities, and amounts thereof, held by each institution during the years 1863 and 1864. From such examination it appeared that these several institutions, claiming reimbursement for taxation illegally imposed, and loaned to the General Government, from time to time, over two hundred million of dollars in gold. In some instances such loan amounted to more than three times the capital of the institution; and in many cases more than the amounts of their capital and deposits combined. The following are the names of banks and insurance companies which have made no claim for reimbursement, numbering twenty-six in all: New-York Dry Dock Co., Adriatic Fire Ins. Co., Atlantic Mutual Ins. Co., City Fire Ins. Co., Continental Ins. Co., Germania Life Ins. Co., Great Western Fire and Marine Ins. Co., Greenwich Fire Ins. Co., Hope Fire Ins. Co., Howard Fire Ins. Co., Jefferson Fire Ins. Co., Mercantile Mutual Ins. Co., Merchants' Fire Ins. Co., National Fire Ins. Co., New-York Life and Trust Co., New-York Equitable Fire Ins. Co., New-York Mutual Ins. Co., North River Ins. Co., Orient Mutual Ins. Co., Pacific Fire Ins. Co., Pacific Mutual Ins. Co., Republic Fire Ins. Co., Sterling Fire Ins. Co., Sun Mutual Ins. Co., United States Fire Ins. Co., and United States Life Ins. Co.

This report concludes the final audit and allowance of all claims which have been made for reimbursement for taxes illegally assessed and collected in 1863 and 1864 upon the capital stock of banks and insurance companies invested in securities of the United States, by law exempt from taxation. By an exhibit it appears that the total amount claimed was two million four hundred and eighty-seven thousand three hundred and ten dollars and fifty-eight cents

	$2,487,310 58
The deductions amounted to $174,028 68	
The additions amounted to 867 09	
Net amount deducted	173 161 59
Total	$2,314,148 99

Your Committee have, therefore, by a strict accounting, saved to the county on these claims *one hundred and seventy-three thousand one hundred and sixty-one dollars and fifty-nine cents.*

INVITATION ACCEPTED.

To attend the funeral of SOPHIA, wife of ELIJAH F. PURDY, deceased, from No. 83 Ludlow-street, on Tuesday, the 17th instant, at 4 o'clock P. M.

The Board then adjourned.

J. B. YOUNG, Clerk.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED cook; one who thoroughly understands English, French and American cooking, desserts, pastry and breakfast breads of all kinds. Best of City references from her employers; no objection to a hotel or private boarding-house. Apply at No. 415 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN lately landed to do the housework of a family; can make good bread and do plain cooking, washing and ironing; is very kind to children; can give reference from her last place. Call at No. 115 East 8th-st., St. Mark's-place, first floor.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SCOTCH WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; can cook all kinds of meats, soups, pastry, jellies, creams, in French and English style; best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—FOR THE COUNTRY OR CITY situations for a large number of recommended cooks of all nations; also waitresses, nurses, laundresses, cooks, washers and ironers, houseworkers. At BOOKHAM'S, No. 329 4th-av., 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SCOTCH Protestant woman, to do general housework; is a good plain cook and is a good washer and ironer; or would go as laundress; City or country; good references; No. 384 Bowery, second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A NEAT, TIDY girl, as nurse and seamstress, or would assist in chamberwork, or chamberwork and waiting; can be well recommended. Apply to No. 209 West 13d-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AMERICAN woman a situation to do the cooking in a small family in City or country. Apply for two days at No. 160 (new No.) East 26th-st., corner 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Apply at No. 124 Chrystie-st., between Stanton and Houston sts., near the Bowery, first floor, in the store.

WANTED—FINE WASHING BY A COMPETENT, first-class laundress, who understands her business in all its branches; does fluting and every kind of finery. Call at 329 West 26th-st. Mrs. CAIN.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSERY GOVerness by an American lady of experience; best references given. Address Box No. 6,778 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, TO take in families' washing; understands fluting and fine washing. Call at No. 15 17th-st., top floor.

ALL WHO WANT COMPETENT HELP, male or female, for City or country, such as coachmen, grooms, waiters, laborers, servants, farm-hands, gardeners, boys, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, houseworkers, small girls, &c., can be immediately suited at CARPENTER'S Select Servants' Institute, No. 138 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and groom; understands his business thoroughly; also understands taking care of a gentleman's place; has the best of City reference. Address W. S., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young man as coachman and gardener; fully understands his business; ain't afraid of hard work; will be found willing and obliging; has No. 1 reference. Address H. H., Box No. 200 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman and groom; will be found willing and obliging; can milk if required, and come well recommended from his last place. Address M. K., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUATION as coachman and groom; understands his business thoroughly; also understands taking care of a gentleman's place; has the best of City reference. Address W. S., Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION as coachman and groom; will be found willing and obliging; can milk if required, and come well recommended from his last place. Address M. K., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A SITUAtion as waiter in a private family; City or country not objected to; good references. Address or call for two days, A. B., 4 East 21st-st., two doors east of 5th-av.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO PROcure a situation for a groom; understands care of horses; would milk and make himself generally useful. Address M. Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED.—AN UNUSUAL INDUCEMENT IS offered to book-keepers and cashiers of manufacturing and other establishments employing a number of men, to increase their incomes without interfering with their regular duties. Address, with references, stating real name and where employed, M. P., Box No. 98 Post-office.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY CITY and town in the United States, to sell an article that everybody will buy at sight; it is both useful and ornamental. Agents can make from $5 to $20 per day. Only $4 50 capital required. Inclose ten cents and red stamp for sample and circular, and address RICH & Co., Box No. 168 Bangor, Me.

BOY WANTED IN A PAPER WAREHOUSE—Must be honest, intelligent, well educated and willing to be generally useful. Address Box No. 3,307 New-York Post-office, stating age, experience, references, &c.; none others noticed.

$10 A DAY MADE BY ANY ONE WITH my Patent Stencil Tools. I prepay samples free. Beware of infringers. My circular will explain. Address A. J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vt.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 13th day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of NOYES STREETER, Jr., of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 12 o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
DEC. 21, 1867.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the tenth day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MORRIS KYLER, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1868, at twelve o'clock M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
DEC. 21, 1867.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 17th day of December, A. D., 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of MORRIS D. MYERS, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register, on the 13th day of January, A. D., 1868, at eleven o'clock, A. M.
R. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.
DEC. 21, 1867.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 18th day of December, A. D. 1867, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of CHRISTOPHER FINCH, of Hoboken, in the County of Hudson, and State of New-Jersey, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 1 Montgomery-st., Room No. 5, in Jersey City, New-Jersey, before Mr. Staats A. Morris, Register, on the 25th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.
BENAJAH DEACON,
DEC. 23, 1867. U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES D. RAY, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by James D. Ray, of Astoria, Queens County, in the State of New-York, carrying on business in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 7th day of January, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at Chambers of said District Court before Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and that the second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.
Dated at New-York, on the 9th day of December, 1867.
d16-law3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN HIGGINS, bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in said Court, by John Higgins, in said District, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 13th day of January, 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 23 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and that the second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place. Dated at New-York, on the 21st day of December, 1867. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
d23-law3wM*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.—In the matter of MATTHEW H. BRIDGE, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts. By order of the Court: Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, to appear on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given that the second and third meetings of creditors of said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, known as the Bankrupt act, will be had before the said Register, upon the same day, that cause may be shown against the discharge of the said bankrupt, at the same hour and place. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.
Dated NEW-YORK, Dec. 13, 1867. d16-law3wM*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LIPMAN MAYER, a bankrupt.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—The said bankrupt, having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court—Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1868, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before ISAAC DAYTON, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupt should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt. And further notice is hereby given, that the second and third meetings of creditors of said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, known as the Bankrupt Act, will be had before the said Register, upon the same day, that cause may be shown against the discharge of said bankrupt, at the same hour and place.
Dated at New-York, Dec. 20, 1867.
d23-law3wM* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH H. SCRIVENER, Bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Joseph H. Scrivener, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York in the 19th day of December, A. D. 1867.
I. M. ANDRUSS, Assignee.
Southern District of New-York, ss.: I hereby designate the New-York *Times* and *Commercial Advertiser* as the newspapers in which the above notice shall be published by the said Isaac M. Andruss, Assignee of the estate of Joseph H. Scrivener, bankrupt aforesaid, according to law.—Dated at New-York on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1867. JOHN FITCH,
d23-law3wM Register in Bankruptcy.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.—In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NEWELL CHAMBERLAIN, Bankrupt.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of Newell Chamberlain, of Yonkers, in the County of Westchester, in said district, and who was, to wit, on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1867, adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
Dated at WHITE PLAINS, the 9th day of December, A. D., 1867. JAMES H. MORAN,
d16-law3wM Assignee, &c.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAN HAWES, Bankrupt.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register. To whom it may concern:—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Dan Hawes, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York the 14th day of December, A. D. 1867.
JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
d16 law3wM* No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—NORTHERN DISTRICT of New-York, at Rochester, N. Y., the 11th day of December, A. D., 1867. The undersigned hereby give notice of his appointment as assignee of WILLIAM H. CHENEY, of Rochester, in the County of Monroe, and State of New-York, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition therefor by the District Court of said District.
DE L. CRITTENDEN, Assignee, &c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEWARE THE NORTHEASTER.

BROWNE'S STANDARD PATENT METALLIC WEATHER STRIPS AND WINDOW BANDS

Totally exclude cold, wind, rain and drafts from doors and windows of every description. Those invaluable Strips, having stood the test of six years on some of the most superb public and private buildings in the United States and Canadas, need no further recommendation

PRINCIPAL DEPOT,
NO. 62 FULTON-ST., NEW-YORK.
Agents wanted South and West.

CHRISTMAS PRIZE BEEF, VEAL AND SOUTH-DOWN MUTTON.—The annual exhibition by T. LAWRENCE is now open at Nos. 13, 14 and 15 Centre Market. The Prize Beeves were fattened by Harvey Hicks, Bourbon County, Ky., and the Albany *Argus* says: "They were the best ten ever seen together in the Albany Cattle Market, and could scarcely be excelled for weight, fineness of quality, and symmetry of proportion." The South-down Mutton was raised on Central Park, and were the admiration of all visitors.

CHRISTMAS DINNER AT THE COLORED ORPHAN ASYLUM.—The managers of the Colored Orphan Asylum propose giving a Christmas dinner to the orphans under their care. Contributions of money or material will be thankfully received. They may be sent to Mrs. A. Tabu, No. 316 East 30th-st., Miss S. S. Murray, No. 60 East 29th-st., or R. L. Murray, No. 35 Broadway, or will be called for by the Superintendent.

CHRISTMAS AT THE FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY.—There will be interesting exercises in the chapel, commencing at 11½ o'clock; dinner at 1½ o'clock; brief exercises after, when presents from the tree will be distributed to nearly 500 children. All are invited to attend. Ample room for spectators.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL FOR THE TREATment of stricture, varicocele, hemorrhoids, fistula, and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, under the exclusive control of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., Editor of the *Scalpel*. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at Doctor's residence, No. 42 5th-av.

FINE OLD SILVER—A FEW PIECES, CITY made, for sale by ALBERT GATES,
No. 165 Broadway.

FOR SALE LOW—A LOT OF COUNTERS, TAbles and shelving, suitable for a dry goods or clothing house. Apply at 100 and 102 Reade-st., up stairs.

AUCTION SALES.

ADRIAN H. MULLER,

P. R. WILKINS & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

No. 7 PINE-ST.,

NEAR BROADWAY.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER

Will sell by auction on the EVENING of MONDAY, Dec. 23, at 7½ o'clock, at the "Leeds Art Galleries," Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway,

A SUPERB COLLECTION OF CHOICE OIL PAINTING.

embracing the works of our favorite artist,

A. F. TAIT,

consisting of his well-known subjects, viz.: SPORTING AND FARM-YARD SCENES, QUAIL, DUCKS, WOODCOCK, CHICKENS, &c., &c. They are now on exhibition, free, with catalogues as above.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.

ON MONDAY, Dec. 23, at 11 o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.: ELEGANT DIAMOND JEWELRY—Consisting of a large invoice, embracing single and cluster diamond rings; ladies' diamond brooches, with earrings to match, set in 18-carat fine gold; elegant diamond necklaces; coral armlets; ladies' and gents' open-face and gold hunting-case watches, with fine movements, by some of the most celebrated makers; gold pencil cases; fine gold guard and vest chains; misses' and children's ear and finger rings; elegant diamond crosses; silver-handle fruit knives; odeur bottles, gold thimbles, &c. The goods may be examined the morning of sale, with catalogues, and every article warranted as represented. ALSO, at 12 o'clock. Several very fine camel hair shawls.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, Jan. 14, 1868, at 12 o'clock M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the following real estate, belonging to the estate of John George Gottsberger, deceased:

House and lot No. 4 City Hall-place, extending to and being No. 16 Centre-st.; 25 feet 2 inches on City Hall-place, and 24 feet 2 inches on Centre-st.

Also, the lot of land, with buildings thereon, No. 13 Mulberry-st., near Chatham-st., being 25 feet front and rear by 102 feet deep, with the lot adjoining the above and in the rear of No. 15 of said street, being 25 feet by 21 feet.

JAMES VAN NORDEN,
JOHN G. GOTTSBERGER,
Executors.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, Auctioneers.

NOW AT PRIVATE SALE, AT HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER'S

Auction Salesroom, No. 93 Liberty-st.,

A first-class Alexandre Organ, double bank, rosewood case, eight stops and double-bank coupler; will be sold reasonable; in thorough order.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

BOOK-TRADE SALEROOMS AND FINE ART GALLERIES, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.—LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO. Consignments solicited. Libraries catalogued and sold.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 23,

at 7 o'clock,

A SUPERB COLLECTION OF BOOKS.

Catalogue of a very choice and valuable collection of books, comprising the best editions of standard works, many in elegant bindings, among which may be mentioned Froissart's Chronicles, illuminated in gold and colors; Bulwer's Novels, 31 vols., half calf; Irving's Works, 26 vols., half calf; Prescott's Works, 15 vols.; The Abbotsford Waverley, 12 vols., full extra calf; Walton and Cotton's Angler, Pickering, 2 vols., imperial 8vo; Dickens' Works, 62 vols., half calf; Doré's Bible, 2 vols., 230 engravings; Moxon's Old Dramatists, 8 vols., half calf; Holbein's Henry the VIII.; Knight's Shakespeare, 8 vols., full half calf; London Punch, 20 vols.; Penny Cyclopedia, 29 vols.; several very choice editions of Shakespeare's Works; and many illustrated Works suitable for Holiday Gifts; the whole being one of the finest lots of books offered by auction this season.

Catalogues ready.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Dec. 27 and 28,

At 7½ o'clock.

[illegible], Auctioneer,

GREAT SALE OF CHOICE ORIGINAL PAINTINGS AND WATER-COLORS.

On view THURSDAY, 26, day and evening, at the Clinton Hall Art Galleries, Astor-place. FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 27, at 7½ o'clock, catalogue of choice original pictures by American artists, through Putnam's Art Agency, including A. Bierstadt, (four new and attractive pictures,) Wm. Hart, Leutze, Whittredge, Innes, Heade, Washington, Rossiter, G. G. Thompson, Enninger, Cropsey, Howes, Pope, Paeschel, Bristol, Winslow Homer, &c.

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 28, at 7½ o'clock, very valuable original English water-color drawings, by Nash, Cattermole, Stephanoff, and other artists of the highest celebrity, including the two magnificent Interiors of the Houses of Lords and Commons, Shakespeare Scenes, &c.

Catalogues ready.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 145 WEST 49TH-ST. at auction.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on MONDAY, Dec. 23, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

WEST 49TH-ST.—The lot of land, with the four-story and basement brick house on the front, and the two-story and basement brick house in the rear thereof, situated on the north side of West 49th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., known as No. 145. Lot 22 by 100.4.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—WITH POSSESSION, IN 124TH-st., between 4th and 5th avs., a very conveniently and thoroughly built house, with all modern improvements, at the low price of [illegible], on terms to suit. Permits of A. J. OURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

VALUABLE UNIMPROVED PROPERTY in this City, in close proximity to the City railroads, in exchange for dry goods, pianos, groceries, carriages, or any other kind of personal property. Apply to C. F. GILMAN, No. 1?7 Broadway, basement.

FOR SALE—FOR INVESTMENT, PROPERTY in Laurens, Wooster and Greene sts., well located. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A VERY PRETTY COTTAGE AND half acre ground at [illegible], Staten Island, near depot and sea shore, in the immediate neighborhood of a first-class school, and churches; parlor, dining-room and kitchen on first floor, with two bedrooms and open attic; location as convenient as an up-town residence; price $4,500; one-half on mortgage, if desired; immediate possession. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, 1 Pine-st.

MODEL FARMS NEAR RAHWAY, N. J.—Valuable improved farms, some as low as $100 per acre, and many of them within one hour and thirty minutes of New-York; also houses and lots in Rahway, Elizabeth, Woodbridge and Perth Amboy, for sale, and a small number to let. J. M. MARTIN, Rahway, N. J.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND Farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

A RARE CHANCE.—I HAVE IN WESTERN New-York an excellent farm of 537 acres, well watered and timbered, with good buildings thereon, which I will sell or exchange for a stock of goods. Apply at No. 40 Murray-st., up stairs.

WESTCHESTER PROPERTY.—A COMPLETE map of the grand avenue, running from the 7th-av. Boulevard, in this City, to the Woodlawn Cemetery, Westchester County, is on exhibition at the office of JOHN McCLANE, No. 6 Pine-st.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

A portion of the room now occupied by the Surrogate, which will be divided to suit applicants, or rented entire.

Also offices in Nos. 38, 39, 40 and 41 Park-row, *Times* Building, on the second, third and fourth stories, large and spacious, being splendidly lighted from front and rear. Further improvements will be made at the expiration of the Surrogate's lease the 1st of May next. These buildings are thoroughly fire proof, thereby saving all charges of insurance and hazards incident to fire.

Inquire of JOHN IRELAND, Cashier, *Times* Office.

TO LET—POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY—THE fine offices now occupied by the New-York and Havre Steamship Company, first floor No. 7 Broadway; rent moderate.

TO LET—DODWORTH HALL, FROM MONDAY, Dec. 23 to Dec. 30, both days inclusive, for concerts, lectures or other entertainments. Apply at the office or the hall during the day or evening.

$300 CASH.—CAN HAVE TILL NEXT MAY, a first floor, a kitchen and gas; will be let only for adults, or doctor or dentist. Address HOUSE, Box 24, Station D.

TO LEASE.—BROADWAY LOT, EAST SIDE, eighty-seven feet north of Canal-st. Written offers to be addressed to No. 272 Madison-av.

FURNISHED HOUSE NEAR UNION-square to rent to a private family. Apply to W. H. LEROY, No. 54 William-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET.—FOUR SPLENdidly lighted lofts. Inquire of J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 1?8 Cliff-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

TO LET.

A small family having more rooms than needed, will let one or two nicely-furnished on second floor to gentlemen only, without board; house convenient to cars, on west side of town. Address B., Box 170 *Times* Office.

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES BOARD IN a private family where there are no other boarders, and situated between 14th and 23d sts., and Broadway and 6th-av.; best of references given and required. Address H. M. G., care John F. Trow & Co., 50 Greene-st.

NO. 140 (NEW NO. 240) EAST 13TH-ST., between 2d and 3d avs.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without board. House and neighborhood first class.

NO. 220 WEST 14TH ST.—TWO GENTLEmen and their wives, also three or four single gentlemen, can be accommodated with nicely furnished rooms and board at moderate prices.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, WITH board, a large room on second floor, at $13 per week for two. No. 260 West 11th-st., old No. 54 Hammond-st.

AT NO. 176 BLEECKER-ST., SIX blocks west of Broadway, pleasant rooms with excellent board, from $7 to $12 per week.

NO. 313 EAST 33D-ST.—FRONT ROOM AND board, with gas and fire, with use of bath-room, in a small American family; price $22 for two gentlemen.

NO. 13 EAST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN Union-square and 5th-av.—Furnished rooms to let to gentlemen only, without board.

BOND-ST., NO. 25—FIRST FLOOR, WITH OR without basement; furnished or not. Apply at No. 27 Bond-st.

BOARD WANTED FOR A FAMILY.—Second floor preferred. Parties desiring board or boarders apply at Everett Library, No. 172 West 34th-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED FOR A family of three adults, up town, until May or longer by a responsible party. Address, with location and price, S., Box No. 3,486 Post-office.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 23, 1867.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st. and Irving-place.
DEBORAH. Principal character by Miss Janauschek.

FRENCH THEATRE.
14th-st., near 6th-av.
THE GRAND DUCHESS OF GEROLSTEIN. Mlle. Tostee as the Grand Duchess.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE DOUBLE GALLANT. Characters by E. L. Davenport, John Gilbert, J. B. Polk, Geo. Holland, B. T. Ringgold, Miss Fanny Morant, Miss Kate Ranoe, Mrs. Clara Jennings, Miss Mary Barrett, Mrs. John Sefton.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM. Leading character by G. L. Fox.

NEW-YORK THEATRE.
Broadway, near 8th-st.
UNDER THE GASLIGHT. Characters by the Worrell Sisters, Messrs. J. K. Mortimer, C. . . Parsloe, Jr., G. F. Clarke, Welsh Edwards, H. C. Ryner, Lingard, Miss Celia Logan, Mrs. Wright.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THE BLACK CROOK.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, near Broome-st.
LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET. Leading character by Mrs. D. P. Bowers.

BANVARD'S OPERA HOUSE AND MUSEUM.
Corner of Broadway and 30th-st.
OUR MUTUAL FRIEND. Curiosities from all parts of the world.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
DAY AFTER THE WEDDING, and LITTLE DEWDROP, large collection of wild animals, living gorilla, and 30,000 curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
NEW-YORK CIRCUS TROUPE—EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIANISM AND CLASSIC OLYMPIC GAMES.
MATINEE at 2½ o'clock P. M.

BUNYAN HALL.
Corner Broadway and 15th-st.
"THE PILGRIM," SPLENDID TABLEAUX, GRAND TRANSFORMATION.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
GRAND CONCERT. Miss Jenny Burk, Prima Donna.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH.
Brooklyn.
ORGAN CONCERT.

ALLEMANIA HALL.
No. 18 West 16th-st.
HEBREW CHARITY FAIR.

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We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 9 o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

The bill for the reorganization of the army, which has been under discussion for the past week in the Senate, was introduced in the Corps Legislatif. During the discussion M. JULES FAVRE made a violent attack upon the measure, which was advocated by Minister ROUHER in a strong speech. Toward the close of the sitting a vote was taken by which the Minister was sustained.

The debate in the Italian Chamber of Deputies upon the policy of the government upon the Roman question, was concluded on Saturday, when a final vote was taken and the Ministry defeated by a majority of 2.

The London *Observer*, in its issue of Saturday, says that the British Government, in all the extraordinary precautions which it is now taking against the Fenians, is acting with full knowledge of their secret plans.

The new Constitution of Austria has been promulgated throughout the Empire by Imperial decree.

The steamship *Hermann*, from Bremen Dec. 7 and Southampton Dec. 10, arrived at this port yesterday.

GENERAL.

An immense crowd gathered yesterday at the Buffalo Central Depot to witness the services preceding the interment of the unclaimed and charred bodies of the victims of the Angola railroad disaster. A platform 100 feet in length by 20 feet in depth, and draped in mourning, was erected on the south side of the depot, and on this were placed nineteen boxes containing the remains. A large funeral procession subsequently accompanied the remains to St. Paul's Cathedral, where they were placed in a receiving vault.

The Radical Judicial Convention held in Nashville, Tenn., Saturday, was one of the most stormy political meetings ever held in the State. Nearly 2,000 negroes were present. The Convention adjourned from the Court-house to the Capitol, where it broke up in confusion while making the nomination for Attorney-General.

The Commissioners appointed by the Government to examine the claims of Massachusetts, amounting to $413,640 28, for money expended in erecting coast defences during the war, have submitted their report. The report reduces the claim to $230,130, which sum the Commissioners think is justly due the State.

A bank, which was being undermined at an ore bed at South Shaftsbury, Vt., caved in on Thursday, falling about 40 feet and burying a number of men and two horses. At last accounts three dead bodies had been taken out, and several persons who were seriously injured.

Major HORTON, who has recently been on trial in Mobile for a violation of the Civil Rights bill, was found guilty by a jury of his townsmen, and was on Saturday sentenced by Judge BUSTEED to pay a fine of $250. The fine having been paid, the Major was discharged from custody.

Advices from Japan announce that the ports of Yeddo and Osaka will be thrown open to foreigners on Jan. 29, prox.

The arrivals of live stock at the Communipaw cattle yards for the past week, are as follows, viz: 1,358 beef cattle, 16,485 swine, and 2,486 sheep. Slaughtered, at the same yards, 15,800 hogs, 420 neat cattle and 4,600 sheep. Prices remain unchanged since the last report, with a decided downward tendency, on account of the prospect of more moderate weather, and heavy arrivals of unusually cheap poultry. Good news for poor people! Everybody can feast at Christmas dinner, and supper too, on cheap and good poultry.

Rev. J. R. BROWN, D. D., missionary from Japan, delivered a discourse on "The Past, Present and Future of the Japanese Empire," to a large and attentive congregation, in the Reformed Church, Fifth-avenue, corner of Twenty-first-street, last evening. He represented that the mission work in Japan was in a very hopeful condition, the Christian religion having found its way to the hearts of many of the men destined to rule in various important stations in the Empire.

Rev. HENRY HIGHLAND GARNETT, the colored clergyman, formerly pastor of Shiloh Church, corner of Marion and Prince streets, whose congregation is divided by a schism, was arrested when about to enter that church with his wife yesterday morning. He was taken before Justice HOGAN, at the Toombs, who, finding he had committed no offence, discharged him and censured the officer who brought him to the bar.

An interesting meeting in favor of Church extension was held last evening at the Presbyterian Church, corner Fifth-avenue and Nineteenth-street, at which addresses were made by Rev. Drs. S. I. PRIME, H. D. NORTHRUP and JOHN HALL.

Libels have been filed in the United States District Court against the steamers *Saxonia, Hibernia, Siberia, City of Washington, City of Baltimore, Nebraska*, and *Britannia*, of European lines, plying to and from this port, for alleged violations of the Passenger act in improper construction of berths.

Produce and merchandise were in limited request on Saturday, at generally drooping prices. Freights were quite dull and heavy.

The Prospect in the Cotton States.

The dark outline which we sketched the other day of the position of affairs in Mississippi and other cotton-growing States is more than verified by the official report of Major-Gen. GILLEM to Gen. ORD. Our information was derived from private sources and the correspondence of planters; Gen. GILLEM'S is the result of his own observation and the inquiries instituted by the Freedmen's Bureau, with which he is connected.

The main facts are too important to be lost sight of at a time when indifference may complicate troubles, and make what is already bad much worse. The cotton crop, it seems to be everywhere admitted, has not amounted to more than half of an average yield, while the price is about half that of last year. The consequence is that the income realized by the planters is but one-fourth of that on which they calculated when they entered into arrangements with the freedmen. Where money-wages are to be paid, the planter is without the means of paying them, since the product of his crop has been more than absorbed in current expenses. Where, as in the majority of instances, the freedmen have worked "on shares"—meanwhile, being fed and clothed by the planter in anticipation of the product—the cotton accruing to the former is insufficient to repay the advances. Gen. GILLEM reports that cases have occurred "where not only the entire crop has been turned over to the laborers to satisfy their claims, but also the mules and implements used in its production." Notwithstanding the ruin which has thus been brought upon the planters, they are threatened with an aggravation of difficulties owing to the discontent which prevails among the freedmen. They are not satisfied with a condition of things which leaves them without sustenance or the immediate prospect of it; and hence a growing tendency to lawlessness. In some cases they refuse to give up possession of the land they have this year cultivated; and there is a general disposition to avert immediate want by thieving. Live stock of all kinds is carried off, and there is a universal feeling of insecurity in regard to all forms of movable property.

The most alarming circumstance in connection with this position of affairs is the absence of all signs of improvement. The trouble has no visible outlet. "No Thoroughfare" is written as plainly by events as by the pen of DICKENS. The planters are neither willing nor able to repeat the unprofitable experiment of cotton cultivation on this year's basis. The prevailing determination is for a time to abandon cotton culture, or to make it subsidiary to surer and cheaper crops; and as corn requires only a fifth of the labor which is necessary for cotton, Gen. GILLEM estimates that "four-fifths of the laborers required last (or this) year will be thrown out of employment, and, of course, there will be a corresponding decrease of wages." Even then the planters will have a hard task to pull through till next harvest. With little property besides land, they are in debt to merchants on account of this year's supplies, and have, therefore, little credit; and capitalists outside of the State will afford no help in the present unsettled condition of the South. Nor is there much likelihood of immigration from the North. Of the Northern men who remained in the South when the war closed, or who went thither under an expectation of suddenly growing rich by cotton cultivation, nearly all are ruined. The fortune they wooed so hopefully has not rewarded their enterprise.

What is to be done with or for the freedmen? is the problem which Gen. GILLEM submits to his superiors. It "demands most thorough and immediate consideration," he says. In its present proportions, it transcends the capacity of the Freedmen's Bureau or the military; and while reconstruction remains unfinished, local authority can hardly be relied upon either to provide for immediate exigencies or to crush the lawlessness which seems to be impending. The case cannot be more strikingly stated than in the Bureau report. The four-fifths of the freedmen for whom there is no promise of employment must subsist; "consequently, depredation is the rule and honesty the exception." Are they to be punished as thieves or vagrants, or fed and otherwise provided for by the Bureau as "wards of the nation?"

And the whites—the impoverished planters, steeped in debt? For them the Bureau makes no provision. The military, converted into a police force, may partially protect their property, and may confer upon life a degree of security, but otherwise it will be impotent. Congress alone has the power to render effectual help, primarily, by refunding to the cotton grower the tax on this year's crop, and permanently, by terminating the chaos which now exists. The sacrifice which the repayment of a single year's cotton tax involves will be wise liberality if it prevent the almost total abandonment of cotton culture which is talked of as probable; and large measures of internal improvement should follow and consolidate reconstruction, even though unrepentant rebels share the benefit. To allow the matters which Gen. GILLEM describes to run their course, or to attend to them only so far as they relate to the blacks, will be to deepen the depression of the South and increase the embarrassments from which every business interest suffers.

The Southern Conventions.

A dilatory Convention sits so near our own doors that we cannot wonder at the waste of time on irrelevant questions which is one of the characteristics of the Southern Conventions. The blacks are not worse than whites in this respect. They are somewhat more discursive, however, and more prone to confound Constitution-making with the business of legislation or the plans of the ward politician. The Alabama Conventionists, among other irregular labors, busied themselves with divorces, and outdid Chicago in the off-hand adjustment of marital difficulties. The Louisiana Convention, in adopting resolutions and inditing petitions on a score of outside topics—the Georgia Convention, in debating stay-laws and nominating Judge CHASE for the Presidency—the Virginia Convention, in discussing details of local government—all fall into the same error. They attempt to do more than they are authorized to do, and the effort is made an excuse for decrying and misrepresenting the general range of business.

Apart from the constant tendency to trespass beyond the sphere prescribed by the law, there really is not a great deal that can be objected to in the legitimate work of the Conventions. Their temper is on the whole more moderate and their action more discreet than at one time seemed probable. The violent men are evidently not the masters of the situation. They talk wildly, and some of the recorded resolutions read ominously, but the actual business of Constitution-making goes forward in a way which shows that intelligence and rational feeling have the ascendancy. Nobody can truly say that the Alabama Constitution is the work of ignoramuses or incendiaries. It is as complete as the average of our State Constitutions, and is rather more liberal than the law of Congress on the subject of disfranchisement. We see no reason for apprehending less completeness or more intolerance in the instruments now being prepared in Georgia and Louisiana; and in Virginia there is evidence of a desire to do no more than is necessary to adapt the organic law of the State to the altered circumstances of the country. The Bill of Rights reported differs from the old one only to the extent of a clause making allegiance to the National Government paramount to allegiance to the State; the Judiciary Committee kills projects aimed at the jurisdiction of the civil courts, and although Mr. HUNNICUTT has obtained the printing, the spirit he has fostered is manifestly at a discount in the Convention. Let us admit, then, that the Southern Conventions, so far as they have been heard from, present comparatively few causes of apprehension, and in point of industry are ahead of the gentlemen now at Albany.

It is certain, moreover, that the reconstructed Constitutions will in the end be wisely liberal or unwisely intolerant, according to the will of the majority in Congress. The inclination is, at every stage, to consult the views of the Republican leaders, and the fault will rest with the party if Messrs. SUMNER and STEVENS succeed in finally moulding the Constitutions to suit their ideas. The Conventions themselves have given no decisive indication of being extreme, or even ungenerous; and it will be for Congress to finish the work by making it yet more favorable to lasting pacification.

Mr. Ashley and Impeachment.

Mr. ASHLEY, the author in Congress of the Impeachment project, appeals to public compassion on his own behalf. He thinks it very hard that he should be "assailed" so severely for the part he has taken in this business, and is particularly aggrieved that Republican papers should join in the crusade against him. He has written a long letter to the Toledo *Blade*, (which we copied yesterday,) in which he invokes pity and pardon for the part he has taken in this proceeding. Republicans, he thinks, ought not to be so hard on those of their own party who happen to differ in opinion from them.

This is refreshing. Mr. ASHLEY has always been among the foremost to denounce and vilify everybody in the Republican Party who happened to differ from *him* in opinion. If we remember aright, he once made a motion in party caucus to expel a member of the party who had been guilty of this offence. He always had at his tongue's end some opprobious epithet for those who ventured to favor opinion or a policy which his profound and patriotic judgment did not approve. He *now* thinks Republican journals ought to be more charitable than he has ever been toward those who cherish opinions and pursue a policy which the party itself cannot approve.

Mr. ASHLEY'S course in this impeachment business was simply a piece of conceited arrogance. If impeachment was to be prosecuted as a party movement he ought to have consulted the party about it. He did nothing of the sort. Prompted, probably, by men of greater shrewdness and a keener sense of responsibility than belongs to him, he presented articles of impeachment in his own person—assuming to know that the President had been guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors, and coming forward voluntarily as his accuser. He relied on tactics which had more than once proved successful before. He expected to bully the party into subservience. He thought that, when forced to vote upon it, the members of the party would not dare to vote against it. He stood ready to denounce them as "Copperheads," as "cowards," as "minions of the Executive," if they did; and he knew he would have the active aid, in such a crusade, of a large force of Radicals more voluble and violent than himself. His "little game" did not succeed. For once the Republicans stood their ground and defied his menaces, and he now finds himself in a small and not very reputable minority. He doesn't like it, and craves sympathy and forgiveness.

His project of impeachment was a direct blow at the Republican party. It made an issue upon which that party could not stand before the country. It was calculated to strengthen the Democratic party more decidedly than anything else which had been done or attempted by Congress. To say nothing of its intrinsic injustice, and of the fatal precedent its success would have established, its effect upon the business interests of the country would have been so disastrous that no party responsible for it could have held its ground for a single political campaign. Nothing but the courage and firmness of the majority of the Republican party has saved the party itself from wreck and ruin at the hands of Mr. ASHLEY and his backers.

Still more outrageous has been Mr. ASHLEY'S mode of conducting proceedings under his indictment. He pleads that he never did accuse the President, in his *public* speeches, of having been a party to the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN; but he confesses that he did, privately and publicly, declare his suspicions and belief to that effect. In other words, he played a double part in the matter. While careful not to put upon record—so that he could be held responsible for them—declarations of this character, he was all the while busy in poisoning the mind of Congress and the country with insinuations and private assurances! and, when summoned before the Committee he had himself invoked, this brave champion of official integrity was compelled to confess that he had not a particle of evidence to support either his public or his private assurances on the subject! and he caps the climax of his cowardly retreat by dragging before the public bar two or three other members of Congress, who went still farther than he did in charging the President with complicity in Mr. LINCOLN'S assassination. He may damage their reputations in this matter but he will not thereby protect his own.

Mr. ASHLEY has played the most conspicuous, but not the most discreditable part, in this business. If he had been wiser he would not have allowed himself to become the tool of men at once more malignant and more sagacious than himself. If he were only a little sharper than he is, he has learned a lesson now which he might profit by hereafter; but he probably won't.

Greenbacks and Specie Payments.

The following is the text of Mr. Secretary MCCULLOCH'S note to Mr. SHERMAN, read in the Senate the day before the recess:

> TREASURY DEPARTMENT, Dec. 18, 1867.
>
> SIR: Your favor of this instant is received.
>
> It is not my intention to retire and cancel any United States notes this month, nor will the condition of the Treasury and of the country justify me in making the usual contraction in the month of January.
>
> It may be proper for me further to say, that while I entertain the opinion that an early return to specie payments is indispensable to the national prosperity, *and that specie payments cannot be restored without a curtailment of the paper circulation of the country*, I shall *not* continue to exercise the power of reducing the circulation of United States notes conferred upon me by the act of April 12, 1866, unless I have reason to suppose that I shall be sustained in doing so by Congress, nor until Congress shall have a full opportunity for determining the future financial policy of the Government. You can therefore say to your committee that there will be no contraction of the currency by the Secretary during the present month or the next. I am, very truly yours,
>
> HUGH McCULLOCH, Secretary.
>
> Hon. JOHN SHERMAN, Chairman, &c.

The *Daily Globe*, official paper of Congress, reports the Senator from Indiana who had called up the House Anti-Contraction Bill, as having said:

> Mr. MORTON—I certainly desire to have this bill taken up, and I wish to say, in answer to the Senator from Ohio, that the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury does not settle the policy of the country on this subject, which is the important matter. He says he cannot retire any more notes this month or perhaps next month, on account of the condition of the Treasury, and he will not until the matter shall be discussed by Congress and he knows whether or not he will be sustained. But that does not settle the policy of the country. What the country wants to know is whether this contraction will be resumed in the course of a month or two, or whether it is now to be finally stopped. The business of the country for the coming year will depend much on the settlement of this question. It is left in more doubt and uncertainty than ever if we shall stop at this point; it will all depend upon the future action of the Senate, and what that may be after the holidays the people of the country cannot now tell. That is what they want to know.

We must continue to differ with the Treasury policy as still avowed in regard to a large curtailment of the currency as the right, much less the main, road to Specie payments. We differ also with other parties who have lent their position to support another mistake of the Secretary as we believe it to be, in naming, in the present condition of affairs, political as well as financial, a day certain, for resumption. He tried this last year, and was not even seconded in either House of Congress. This year he extends the time from July, 1868, to July, 1869, and upon this date, Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, based his recent speech, which, in point of ability and practical aim, fell far below his usual efforts while at the head of the Committee of Ways and Means in the other House of Congress.

In our review of the Annual Report of the Secretary, some weeks ago, we expressed what we then believed, and what we now know, to be the opinion of some of the oldest and soundest bankers in this City, in saying that it was almost certain that the Secretary cannot reach his object of Specie payments *by the inexorable contraction of Greenbacks or by destroying their circulation altogether*, which seems to be the ultimate end of his theory. It is quite certain that thus far such contraction has *not* brought down the premium on Gold. We did the Secretary the credit to believe that he contemplates no *partial* resumption. The banks must resume at the same time with the Treasury, to make it *general*. They cannot do so with nearly all the available gold in the country locked up in the Treasury, and the Greenback Legal-tender Circulation, which would be the equivalent of Gold under Treasury resumption, wholly withdrawn from employment. We may now add that the prevailing preference of the country is against the arbitrary withdrawal of Greenbacks, under any circumstances, and it has already been made manifest that it is the determined purpose of Congress that further contraction shall stop. The House Bill on the subject, which passed four to one, was unanimously reported by the Finance Committee to the Senate, and would have been taken up and passed, as insisted upon by Mr. MORTON, on Thursday last, but for the lateness of the hour, and the interposition of the above note from the Secretary. Mr. MORTON, it will be noticed, treats the note as unsatisfactory. It certainly is not the way to settle a question of immediate importance, which the House of Representatives, seconding the general views of the country, has promptly recognized as such, by seeking to engross it upon some prospective and crudely defined measure for "determining the future financial policy of the Government." If, under this vague pretext, it is contemplated either by the Secretary, or his friends in Congress, to grant a new lease to his discretionary power over the currency, in some other, and, possibly, more dangerous, (it could hardly be made more mischievous,) shape than the $4,000,000 monthly contraction of Greenbacks, the financial public, if not the whole people, will probably agree with us that it ought not to be done.

It will probably be noticed that Mr. MCCULLOCH, in his present note, seems to admit a difference between the "curtailment of the paper circulation of the country" generally, and the destruction of the Greenback circulation and legal-tender basis of bank circulation exclusively. If he would only act upon this distinction, and waive for a season his theory that Greenbacks ought never to have been made, and never would have been except to fight out the war against rebellion—which all admit they pretty effectually did—and that they ought to be arbitrarily suppressed, now that the war is over, the country would have less to object to his anxiety for specie payments, especially as this event, abstractly considered and in its proper season, is no less the desire of the whole country than it is of the Secretary himself. But it does strike us as the madness of folly to name or fix a day certain, and then to make the alarming proclamation that the only paper circulation which could possibly carry either the Treasury or the National Banks through such an ordeal without convulsing the whole interests of trade—and which would really be found, under a more enlightened policy, as little redundant with $350,000,000 or $400,000,000 *after* as it is now *before* the change of standard—must be further contracted, and finally withdrawn altogether. And we further believe that the day of resumption is more likely to be indefinitely postponed, if the war upon Greenbacks is to be renewed, after the next two months, or at any other time, than if their volume should be gradually restored to $400,000,000.

The Abyssinian Abyss.

From the very first the British quarrel with King THEODORUS was a very pretty quarrel as it stood, but now that a special session of Parliament and the earnest attention of the entire English Press have been devoted to its origin and nature, the whole affair seems more unintelligible and bewildering than ever. England has embarked in a war of which the cost cannot be laid by the most sanguine tax-payer at less than four millions sterling, while a serious check or an epidemic may at once treble the sum. Yet, whatever the dangers or losses, retreat is impossible. For England, the affair is like a game at brag, the stakes increasing at every turn of the cards. Either the captives must be released or THEODORE deposed. Short of one of these two alternatives, the abandonment of the expedition would be madness. For England to take back to India the wreck of a force composed of the most warlike and high-spirited of her native troops, with a tale of failure and humiliation under English command, would be simply to invite calamities, in view of which millions sterling seem trifles. And yet volumes of blue books, and pages upon pages of Parliamentary debate and newspaper discussion only serve to render the causes which grew into a *casus belli* more obscure than ever. Nobody in England seems to have had the faintest idea of what THEODORE'S real character was, what the nature and extent of his so-called regal power, or what the precise character of his alleged grievances. As in the earlier stages of the affair nothing was known, so no fixed policy was pursued. Every enterprising *savant*, intriguing Turk, or restless adventurer who could get to Abyssinia with any kind of British credentials, found himself at liberty to act according to his individual caprice, and yet able to involve his Government in the gravest responsibilities. Already the columns of the English papers teem with angry recriminations as to the conduct of the different parties concerned in the confused negotiations. Now the news comes that THEODORE, instead of being either the enlightened monarch or the barbarous chieftain he has been alternately represented, is simply a madman—half fanatic, half impostor—but liable to attacks of the wildest insanity. By dint of a pretended, but utterly untenable, descent from King Solomon, great personal hardihood united to the reckless daring of a fatalist, and the most relentless cruelty in exterminating defeated enemies, he has gained a precarious tenure of power over the chaotic mixture of races in his country. Such, it now appears, is the man with whom a great Power is actually going to war on a serious scale.

Dr. BLANC, one of the original captives, has managed to get a long letter conveyed to the *Times of India*, and amid much interesting information as to the country and its inhabitants, he gives detailed accounts of relations with THEODORE, which extended over a long period, and there seems no reason to doubt the full accuracy of his statements. On one occasion THEODORE told Mr. RASSAM, in the presence of Dr. BLANC, that his father was mad, and that he himself was mad. Certainly his treatment of the captives amply bears out his own assertion. On the main, it seems to have been far from harsh; on certain occasions great respect and even considerate attention were paid them. But their lives seem never to have been worth a moment's purchase, as the merest trifle would occasionally cause a paroxysm of the wildest and most indiscriminate fury. What his real resources for war are, it seems difficult to estimate, as everything depends on the attitude taken by the numerous aspirants for the throne, or local power. But it is clear that the expeditionary force has a dangerous opponent to deal with. The prospect of rescuing the captives unharmed seems but small. Their massacre, at the hands of some one of the rival parties, seems only too probable. Their rescue at the smallest possible cost of life and money is all that England can hope even to obtain, and, in the most favorable result, this strangest of modern wars will be a costly warning to England against her policy of "meddling and muddling."

MINOR TOPICS.

Is there not something significant in the two-to-one vote (yeas 23, nays 48) by which the Virginia Convention rejected a resolution praying Congress to retain all volunteer officers now in the Freedmen's Bureau in Virginia till the State is reconstructed? One would suppose that such a body, above all others, being largely made up of freedmen, would champion the Bureau and all its officers and acts through thick and thin. But we are told, on the contrary, that, in the debate, "it was generally agreed that the Bureau has proved itself a beneficial institution, but has some bad men in it who ought to be mustered out." This strikes us as very likely the true view of the case. It certainly explains the historic facts better than the indiscriminate eulogy of the Bureau by its Radical friends, or the indiscriminate execration of it by its Copperhead enemies. It is noteworthy that this is one of the few questions regarding which most of the members of the Virginia Convention have personal experience, and are really experts—much more so than upon the profounder legal problems involved in the question of reconstruction. They come to a moderate, sensible and amicable understanding on one of the first great matters brought before them about which they are supposed to know more than anybody else.

When Gen. BUTLER was sneeringly alluded to in Congress last week as the "Hero of New-Orleans," he sprang to his feet and "protested once for all," saying that he was not the hero of New-Orleans, but "I do claim to be the *hero of New-York* in the election of 1864. They had an honest election then, which they have never had before or since." It is painful to think that there are contestants for all Gen. BUTLER'S claims of every kind. It will be remembered, when this question was up before, that Gen. DIX put forward some claims to credit for preserving the peace in New-York when it was threatened at the particular time referred to. As Commander of the Department, he issued all orders for the stationing of the forces, for the disposition of troops, and for maintaining order throughout the City. He never for a moment ceased his authority in these matters, even when Gen. BUTLER took up his quarters at the Hoffman House, and ordered several citizens to appear before him and answer for their conduct. If Gen. BUTLER ever did any more than this we should like him to produce the record of it, and thus give some color to his claim of being the "Hero of New-York." By the way, we remember he delivered a somewhat celebrated speech in the City Hall Park, in which he hurled certain odoriferous Chinese missiles at the heads of the Five Pointers who had assembled to smell them. Possibly it is this exploit that he alludes to.

In discussing the rights of American citizens abroad last week, some of the members of Congress seemed to be greatly disturbed that the State Department had taken no steps to vindicate those rights in the cases in which they have recently been violated in Great Britain. We think it will be found, when the correspondence on the subject is laid before them after their reassembling, that the matter, instead of being neglected, has been closely watched and inquired into, and furthermore that representations have been made which will not only bring out the facts of the case, but will result in promptly securing justice if it has been violated, and will also put the two countries in the way of arriving at a fairer understanding about the whole matter.

The foreigners in China have heretofore contented themselves principally with making money by coin exchange and by external trade in teas, silks and other productions of Chinese industry. They are now turning their attention to "developing the resources of the country," and are anxious to get at the stores of mineral wealth which it contains. They need, first, money—which they will have to bring from abroad; and second, permission—which will be hard to get in China. The Chinese themselves, ingenious as they are, never mine below water-level, but dig in pits till they are drowned out, and then start others. Their gold production is almost entirely developed by surface washings, although marvelous stories of the richness of their quartz have been circulated. But lead, coal, iron, copper, salt, sulphur—all these exist largely. The greatest need is interior steam communication, railways; if ever permission can be obtained to build these, mining will soon follow, *bongré malgré*; for adventurers are always ready to pioneer in the pursuit of pelf.

Hon. E. DOUGHERTY, of Texas, has exhumed from the archives of New-Mexico, a case of successful "reconstruction" in that region nearly two centuries ago, which he thinks has its lesson for our day. A great insurrection of the Rio Grande Indians against the Spaniards having taken place in 1680, it was not checked till 1689. In the latter year, one OJEDA was ordered to declare upon oath, as the archives say, whether the puebla of Cochiti, "that apostatized and took part in the wars, being very rebellious Indians," would probably "rebel again at any future time as it was customary with them." OJEDA answered that "they were indeed very arrogant Indians, and a very rebellious puebla, but after what had happened to them, he judged it impossible for them not to yield obedience." History, adds the lecturer, shows that all those original insurgents in Texas were "thoroughly reconstructed;" and he good-humoredly owns that "he can appreciate, in a degree, the willingness of the Indians to "accept the situation." Let us hope that the historic parallel will hold good in another point—namely, in the fact that the lands of these Indian insurgents and "secessionists" were restored to them, that they might cultivate them as of old, as soon as they had laid down their arms.

Gen. BUTLER is evidently preparing the way for the leadership of the Southern negroes, to which he is said to aspire. Just before Congress adjourned he got very much enraged with a member who had spoken of the ballot being taken from the blacks; and, after saying that "all the powers of hell and death" could not take it away, he exclaimed that "whenever it was attempted, he wished his friends on the other side would go down and lead the army of nullification, and they would be welcomed in a way that would make them understand that the negro had some of the attributes of men—to wit, the knowledge of their rights, courage to maintain them, and steadfastness never to yield them up." We deprecate this sort of blustering talk, as being as foolish and wicked in itself as it is damaging to the interests and welfare of the negroes. There are white demagogues in the Southern States who are constantly telling the blacks that in certain events they must fight. They must fight if this occurs, or if that does not occur—if the whites deny them any of their "rights," or refuse to give them a share of their lands—if the whites put forward any pretensions to superiority, or fail to award the negro all that he has been told properly belongs to him. It is a shocking bad education for the blacks, when we consider their antecedents, their character and their necessary situation in the South. It trains them to think of *fighting* as the only way of settling political difficulties—the only way of obtaining everything they may fancy themselves entitled to. Republican institutions will be hard to sustain in the South after the negroes get these ideas into their heads. At present they only inflame them and prepare them for future difficulties.

Pennsylvania passed a law last Winter making nine hours a day's work. The Reading Railroad Company have carried it into effect in all branches of their business, reducing the wages of their workmen in a corresponding ratio. This will be the result of all similar attempts. Until the Government assumes to fix the price of corn, or wheat, or broadcloth, it cannot fix the price of labor; and an attempt to define the number of hours which shall constitute a day's work is only a roundabout way of fixing the *price* of labor.

Gov. (formerly Parson) BROWNLOW, of Tennessee, is reported to have come out for Gen. GRANT as the Republican candidate for the Presidency. It is added that he does this on two grounds; first, that the General's nomination is a foregone conclusion, and next, that his own nomination for Vice-President will become equally certain if he can secure the vote of Tennessee for GRANT. The Governor may be about half right; he can't possibly be more than that.

We feel sorry for the Government employes, clerks, mechanics and laborers, males and females, who have recently been discharged in Washington. It is a bad season for any one to find himself out of employment, and these times are particularly hard for those who have nothing to do. But such things must occur if there is to be any retrenchment in the crushing expenses of the Government. Every dismissal that is possible is necessary under such circumstances as now exist. Every dollar spent that could be saved is so much loss to the country, and so much taken from those who can as ill afford to lose it as the employes of the Government. We don't suppose all this will afford much consolation to those who have been dismissed; but when they get into the general ranks again, they will feel its truth as well as the rest of us.

It would have been an anomaly if the great Paraguayan victory on the Parana had not been promptly followed by an equally decisive triumph for the Allies. The uniform story for many months is that so soon as one party makes a good stroke, the other counteracts it by one equally good; or, to be historically accurate, so soon as LOPEZ makes a blunder, the Brazilians make one just as big. Thus the war is always prolonged, victory is balanced, and the matter in dispute never a jot nearer solution than when the first gun was fired. It is impossible to predict the issue. All we know is that both armies are wasted by pestilence and battle, the treasuries on both sides drained to the bottom, the people distressed with fresh levies and taxes, while the Indian infatuation of one side is opposed to the Portuguese punctilio of the other, to prevent arriving at a settlement perfectly just and practicable.

WASHINGTON.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 22.

Washington, with its abundance of rain and snow and sleet and mud, has settled into a state of such utter desolation that even the glowing and redolent cheer of the holidays will scarce relieve the leaden torpor which encompasses the city. Most of the Congressmen have gone home; the holiday trade is only tolerably active, and although Gen. GRANT gives the War Department clerks an extra half day, holiday week, yet the face of nature will not brighten, nor the atmosphere grow crisp and bracing. No new and piquant items come at one's bidding; everybody is for once busy with their own concerns and not their neighbors, hence there is nothing new or interesting.

BOUNTY CLAIMS.

The House Special Committee, charged with inquiring into the causes of the delay in settling the additional bounty claims under the act of July, 1866, has reported through its Chairman, Col. H. D. WASHBURN, of Indiana. The Committee visited both the Paymaster-General's offices and those of the Second Auditor. The total number of claims filed up to Dec. 1, 1867, was 412,000; of these 273,000 remain unsettled. The delay arises in great part from the lack of force employed, and the Committee report that all has been done which could be expected of a force so reduced. Another serious obstacle to rapid settlement, is found in the fact that the Paymaster-General has no control over the final muster-out roll of the army, but is obliged to receive the military history of each applicant for bounty through the Second Auditor; and although that office has done all in its power, the process of furnishing this information is necessarily a slow one. Much delay has also been caused in many cases by losses in transmitting checks in settlement by mail, and the refusal of the Assistant Treasurer in New-York to pay any duplicate checks even when officially notified of the loss of the original. The Committee take occasion to say that the crowded state of many of the rooms where clerks are now compelled to work, is a disgrace to the nation. It is very evident from the report, that the work of retrenchment in some of the offices here has been pushed to a point where the public business is suffering by it, and especially the interest of nearly three hundred thousand soldiers. At present it is only possible to settle 15,000 claims per month by industrious work on the part of the whole force. The Committee recommend the passage of a bill authorizing the employment of additional and sufficient force to insure the speedy settlement of these long delayed claims, and also of a law authorizing the payment of duplicate checks upon evidence of the loss of the original.

THE CONTESTED SEATS.

The Committee of Elections have unanimously decided that ROBERT T. VAN HORN, the sitting member, is entitled to the seat from the Sixth Missouri District, and that Mr. BURCH, the contestant, is not.

CLAIMS AGAINST RUSSIA.

Parties holding claims against the Russian Government for ordnance stores purchased during the Crimean war have laid their cases before the House Committee of Foreign Relations, and urge that the amount (about $500,000) be deducted from the Alaska appropriation. The claim is based on contracts entered into with the Russian Government while the war was in progress. The close of the struggle caused it to repudiate its agreements.

Associated Press Dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 22.

THE MEXICAN REPRESENTATIVE.

The Secretary of State learns from Mexico that the Mexican Government has felt itself obliged, though with great reluctance, to grant a leave of absence to Mr. MARISCAL, their Charge d'Affaires here. The sole cause for this leave of absence, which, under the circumstances, produces a temporary suspension of the Mexican Legation, is the domestic situation of Mr. MARISCAL. The State Department is assured that a full Minister will soon be sent to the United States. A private letter from Minister ROMERO to a friend in Washington, dated Mexico, Nov. 27, says:

> "I find matters here in a very satisfactory condition. I think we are now going to have permanent peace and consolidate our Government. There is some opposition to President JUAREZ, but it will not embarrass the Government very much. Congress will meet on the 1st of December next, and the Government will have a majority of over two-thirds. The best feeling prevails here toward the United States."

VOYAGE OF THE KING AND QUEEN OF GREECE.

It appears from letters received here that the journey of the King and Queen of Greece from Vienna to Venice, and thence to Corfu, was marked by a series of brilliant demonstrations, the Grecian ladies who reside at Venice turning out *en masse* to pay homage to their Queen, and the Greeks at Trieste assembling for a similar purpose at the junction of the Trieste and Venice Railroad station. The extensive preparations made at Corfu for the reception of their Majesties upon their arrival on Grecian soil were suspended, in compliance with the request of the King, who suggested that all funds appropriated for that purpose should be expended for the relief of the Cretans. The effect of this decision on his part was to make the reception more enthusiastic, though unattended with display.

Some of the most illustrious ladies of the Russian Court accompanied the Queen to Athens, where the excitement of the population, heightened by the continued heroic resistance of their Cretan compatriots, is said to run as high as it did at the time of the expulsion of the Turks from Greece proper.

AFFAIRS IN CRETE.

The accounts from Crete are of a stirring character. The Turks at Dialiscari had fired upon a company of five hundred women and children who were on the eve of embarking for Greece. A number of them were killed, and those who escaped were picked up by the Commander of a Russian man-of-war, and safely landed at the Piræus. All the Christian Powers, excepting the United States and Great Britain, unite in placing their ships at the disposal of those who wish to escape from Crete to Greece.

PUBLIC LANDS.

The House Committee on Public Lands have agreed to report a bill forbidding all further sale of the public lands, excepting as provided for by the Preemption and Homestead laws. The design is to prevent future speculation in the public domain, and secure the settlement and actual tillage of every tract of land hereafter disposed of by the Government.

THE FREEDMEN.

The Assistant Commissioner for Louisiana reports to the Freedmen's Bureau that the number of laborers of all classes, male and female, is stated to be 294,000, and the aged and helpless, of both sexes, 196,000, in that State

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

The second concert of the Philharmonic Society's twenty-sixth season took place at the Academy of Music on Saturday evening, when the house was completely filled. The programme opened with SCHUBERT's beautiful Symphony in C, which was exquisitely played, and gave hearty satisfaction to the audience. The melodious nature of the composition, and its vigorous treatment, combine to make it always popular and agreeable. The same may be said of MENDELSSOHN's well-known overture "Meerstille und glückliche Fahrt," which was also very excellently rendered. It is indeed a great satisfaction to hear such works performed by the present orchestra of the Philharmonic Society—numerically stronger than ever, and better in its principal elements—and especially when Mr. BERGMANN is at the conductor's desk. The novelty of the occasion was an overture to "Othello," by Mr. F. L. RITTER, a resident musician of acknowledged talent. The work was not, strictly speaking, new. It was produced at the Harrison Festival last Summer, and its favorable reception on that occasion probably led to its selection by the Philharmonic Society. The principal merit of the work is its sonority. The various instruments speak freely, and are for that reason powerful and impressive. There are several subjects to the overture, showing that Mr. RITTER does not lack invention. But these motives are marshaled in a somewhat disorderly way, and do not arrive at any positive climax. It is a question of length, not of culmination. The connecting links are sometimes eccentric, and, no doubt, mean more than they express; but the treatment generally is steady and musicianlike.

Miss ALIDA TOPP was the *pianiste* of the occasion. The lady is a pupil of HANS VON BULOW, and has not studied under that master in vain. She has his manner in a striking degree, and is by no means free from his faults. Among the latter may be mentioned an extraordinary manner of taking the *tempi*. This was particularly noticeable in WEBER's concerto in F minor, which, however, was well and brilliantly played. LISZT's "Ruins of Athens" fantasie was not a happy selection, but exhibited the power and technical skill of the lady, both of which are considerable. In response to a very general *encore* Miss TOPP gave an additional proof of her endurance by playing LISZT's "Hungarian Rhapsodie," No. 2. The lady performed upon one of STEINWAY's superb grands—the finest instrument we think we have ever heard.

The musical reports from the country continue to be blue. Nothing seems to succeed. Excellent combinations, which in ordinary times would draw remunerative audiences, play to empty benches, and have in consequence to be broken up. Perhaps it comes from the proximity of the holidays, or the snow, or the earthquake. There are always a hundred ways by which the ingenious mind can explain failure; but the word is nevertheless ugly, and means precisely the same thing under the most pleasant interpretation.

Few composers are remembered with so much affection as Mr. WILLIAM VINCENT WALLCE. He had the happy faculty of making friends wherever he went. It will be a pleasure to the latter to know that there is a sort of Wallace "Revival" now going on. Early in February the opera of "Lurline" will be produced in Italian at the Academy of Music. The music is beautiful, and will commend itself to the popular ear. The *libretto* is based on the well-known Rhine legend, and the action takes place both above and below the waters. There are many opportunities for splendid scenery, and it is intended to seize them in the most liberal way. We have no doubt, indeed, that "Lurline" will be the most beautifully produced opera yet seen in America. The charm of the music, the brilliancy of the *mise-en-scene*, and the excellence of the *caste* will insure for it a run of many weeks. Its popular elements are unequaled. A lighter work by WALLACE, the "Desert Flower," is also in preparation by the Richings Opera Company, and will be produced in a week or two from now.

Among the recent musical arrivals in America is the benevolent and eccentric OLE BULL. He intends resuming "the fiddle and the bow," and has already secured the services of his former agent, Mr. WIDDOWS. True art wears well. OLE BULL looks as youthful as ever. So too does LEOPOLD DE MEYER, while there cannot be a doubt that Mme. LA GRANGE, if the portraits do her justice, has become very much younger in appearance and more robust than when she came here ten years ago. It is a pity that all these artists, with perhaps the addition of RONCONI, cannot be heard at a single concert. We throw out the suggestion to Mr. HARRISON.

Every one will be glad to extend a hearty welcome to Mme. LA GRANGE, one of the most faithful and perfect of artists. She is, as our readers are aware, the prima donna of Mr. MAX STRAKOSCH's opera troupe, and makes her *rentrée* at Pike's Opera House on the 8th of January. Signor BRIGNOLI is a member of the same troupe. We may add here that Pike's Opera House is almost finished. The seating capacity of the auditorium is about two thousand, ample space being allotted to each individual, and a very liberal allowance being made for passages, &c. The appearance of the house is in the highest degree attractive. The decorations are to some extent novel, and are certainly very brilliant. In point of ventilation the building leaves nothing to be desired. There are windows on every side, and no noise occurs if they are opened, for the theatre is in the centre of the block. The proscenium arch and dome are singularly beautiful, and must present an exceedingly bright appearance when lighted up. Altogether, Pike's Opera House is unquestionably the handsomest place of amusement in New-York.

The *soirees* of Chamber Music commence on Saturday next at Irving Hall, under the direction, as heretofore, of Messrs. MASON and THOMAS, with the cooperation and assistance of Mr. S. B. MILLS, the eminent pianist. The programme is as follows: Quintette for stringed instruments in G minor by MOZART; Sonate for piano and violin in A—the Kreutzer Sonata—by BEETHOVEN, performed by Mr. THEO. THOMAS and Mr. S. B. MILLS; and the posthumous quartette for stringed instruments in D minor by SCHUBERT.

The grandest event of the present week will be the performance of the "Messiah," at Steinway Hall, on Christmas night, the 25th inst., with Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, Miss HUTCHINGS, Mr. GEORGE SIMPSON and Mr. J. R. THOMAS in the vocal parts, and the Harmonic Society in the chorusses. The orchestra will be under the direction of Mr. F. L. RITTER, and Mr. CONOLLY will preside at the organ.

Considering the muggy state of the weather and the bad state of the roads, there was an unusually large attendance at the twelfth Sunday Concert last evening. Mrs. ANNIE KEMP BOWLER and Signor FORTUNA were the vocalists, and Mr. LEOPOLD DE MEYER performed with his usual brilliancy, receiving a triple *encore* to his fantasia on "Ernani."

The Theatres for the Holidays.

Holiday entertainments have not always been prepared with a view to satisfy critical playgoers, but if they have succeeded in amusing the restless throngs of young and old that flock to the theatres at festival seasons, the managers who prepared them have been contented. It is somewhat agreeable, therefore, to discover an advance on the drama of previous years in the performances that are now set before the Christmas crowds. Certainly, nothing could be more elevated, and, at the same time, thoroughly entertaining, than the revival of COLLEY CIBBER's bright old comedy, "The Double Gallant," which is announced for production at Wallack's Theatre on this and Christmas evenings, or the very exquisite pictorial and artistic realization of SHAKESPEARE's "Midsummer Night's Dream," which is now in its ninth week at the Olympic Theatre, and is to be offered to the admiration of the visitors of that handsome theatre during the current week.

At the Academy of Music, the holiday entertainment will consist of classical drama, interpreted by a great living artiste—Mlle. JANAUSCHEK. Mr. MARETZEK makes this announcement, which will be a gladdening one to those who enjoyed the previous representations of that talented German tragedienne. To-night, Mlle. JANAUSCHEK will appear in "Deborah." On Wednesday evening, "Marianne" and ELSHOBZ's "Kommher" will introduce the German company in two of their most spirited performances.

The admirers of "Good Pantomime" will find that their tastes have been looked after at the New-York Circus, which, under Mr. LENT's management, is becoming quite a fashionable resort, and at Barnum's Museum.

The pantomime to be produced at the Museum is called "Little Dewdrop; or, The Fairies' Home in the Palace of Neptune." The speechless play will be preceded every afternoon and evening by the amusing comedy of "A Day After the Wedding." The menagerie is to be examined at all hours, and on Christmas Day the satisfactory promise is given of a dramatic performance "nearly every hour."

The "Miser of Bagdad" is the oriental title of the spectacle which is to supplement the equestrian acts at the Circus, and in order that no child, and no chance visitor in the Metropolis may be disappointed in enjoying the amusing games of clown and pantaloon in this piece, a *matinée* at which it will be performed is announced for every day this week, to begin at 2:30 o'clock.

DICKENS, who is more intimately connected with Christmas than any other living author, furnishes the entertainment for Christmas week at Banvard's Opera House and Museum. The dramatization of his most melo-dramatic story, "Our Mutual Friend," which was produced there on Saturday night, will be repeated every evening and on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. To Mr. M. C. DALY is given the part of *Silas Wegg*, which Mr. FAWCETT ROWE personated at the Olympic Theatre, and Miss MARY MITCHELL sustains the characterless character of *Bella Wilfer*, which Mrs. WOOD performed; but *Bella's* canary-like nature is one of those things which are better imagined than acted. The piece has been produced with new scenery, and that of the water-lock tableau is very picturesque. Mr. J. W. ALBAUGH, in the part of *Rakesmith*, is worthily patient under *Bella's* whims, and developes otherwise a familiarity with DICKENS' character which is not apparent in the other personations.

The drama of "Under the Gaslight" will constitute the holiday attraction at the Worrell Sisters' New-York Theatre. The piece will be given at *matinée* on Christmas Day, as well as on next Saturday afternoon.

Mr. BATEMAN's French Dramatic Company will appear on Tuesday evening in "La Famille de Dominique" and "Une Corneille qui Abat des Noix." Mlle. REILLEZ will appear in both pieces.

Miscellaneous Dramatic Matters.

The FLORENCES will give a performance in Brooklyn on Christmas Night.

Mr. DAN BRYANT returned home from California on Saturday. His engagement in that city was wholly successful.

Mr. WALLACK has "Oliver Twist" in rehearsal, and the cast will include Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT, and Miss ROSE ETTINGE in the leading parts.

Mme. RISTORI resumes her performances of "Marie Antoinette" in New-York next Monday evening. The sale of the choice seats for her representations will begin this morning at SCHIRMER's music-store, No. 701 Broadway.

JULIA DEAN closed a fine engagement in Chicago on Saturday evening.

Mrs. WALLER has given up the little theatre in Newark which she managed so honorably for a year past, and has accepted starring engagements through the country.

"Under the Gaslight" will be produced in Chicago, Nashville and Albany this evening.

The "Golden Branch," which was recently withdrawn from the Academy of Music, is to be produced at the Continental Theatre in Boston to-night, with the original scenery and some of the original dancers.

EDWIN BOOTH has been playing in Mobile with success.

FINE ARTS

The Art Gallery at SCHAUS' contains at present some very exquisite paintings. Among the largest and most important is a recent one by FAGNANI, called "The Toilet." It represents a lady sitting before her glass and arranging flowers in her hair. The richly painted drapery falls gracefully away from her beautifully modeled shoulders, enabling the artist to display his unrivaled skill in the painting of flesh-tints. The pose of the figure is full of grace and ease, and all the accessaries are painted with great care. Several exquisitely finished fruit-pieces, by WILLIAMS, are worthy of special attention. An oil-painting by VIBERT, "Calling the Roll," and a water-color by the same artist, representing a street-scene in Madrid, and two small but beautifully finished landscapes by SPITZWEG, are among the gems of the collections. Mr. SCHAUS likewise exhibits two important paintings by EDWARD HAMMAN, one representing MURILLO receiving a visit from the Archbishop of Seville, the other PAUL VERONESE at home, visited by TITIAN and TINTORETTO. There is also a "Holy Family" in his collection, which is executed with all the fineness and finish that characterizes the work of MEISSONIER. It was painted by CARL MULLER.

KNOEDLER's Art Gallery contains a large and choice collection of paintings, chiefly by foreign artists. Among the more noticeable are GEROME's "Louis XIV. and Molière;" a carefully finished study by MEISSONIER, and HAMON's "Muse Revisiting Pompeii."

Among recent novelties in the fine arts we may class the superb photographs of CHARLES DICKENS, just published by two of the foremost photographers of this country—Mr. BRADY and Messrs. GURNEY & SON. Mr. BRADY's picture is from a negative taken some time ago. It is a splendid specimen of the photographic art, and as a likeness of Mr. DICKENS cannot be surpassed. The pictures taken by Messrs. GURNEY & SON represent Mr. DICKENS as he visits us now, the hair thin on the top of his head and mixed with gray, and his face showing the deepening furrows of age and thought. The workmanship of these pictures is of exquisite finish.

Dolly Davenport's Body Wanted.

From the New-Orleans Times, Dec. 17.

Fortunate is the man who can read his own epitaph. This old proverb has just been or is rather about to be realized by our old friend, A. H. DAVENPORT, of the Academy of Music. It appears that a few days since a Mr. DAVENPORT died in this city, his death being duly announced by the papers. Yesterday, while Dolly was busy inspecting the "Black Crook" traps and superintending the *entrechats* of the ballet, the following alarming telegraph was placed in his hands:

NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1867.

Messrs. Spalding & Bidwell, Academy of Music:

Please send body of A. H. DAVENPORT, deceased, by steamer, to his mother, —— street, New-York City.

* * * * * *

Imagine "Dolly," thus in one fell moment, discarded into the other world. We are informed by persons present that the dying hues of the dolphin, or the fabled variegations of the chameleon, were nothing to the colors that passed over his countenance at the reception of this posthumous fame. "Dolly" has been too long a veteran of the stage, however, to ever forget his part, as the answer to this funeral announcement plainly shows:

NEW-ORLEANS, Dec. 15, 1867.

******—I will try and bring my body myself—never was better able to do so in my life.

A. H. DAVENPORT.

The fun to be experienced by this prematurely deceased person, thus cut off in the flower of his youth, at reading the obituaries that will doubtless appear in the New-York papers, will be a luxury that few of us are destined to enjoy.

FIRE.—Late Saturday night a fire occurred in the stable of Mr. PETER FAGAN, Cheevers-place. The stable, two valuable horses and some harness were destroyed; damage estimated at $700. With the exception of an insurance of $300 on one of the horses, the property was not insured. The fire is supposed to have been malicious.

Hector Berlioz.

Another, and perhaps the most flattering testimonial ever given by a European musical authority of prominence to a piano firm, has been added to the long list of complimentary letters written to Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS, in respect to their famous pianos. This testimonial comes from as high a source as HECTOR BERLIOZ, the father of modern instrumentation, and indisputably the finest judge of instrumental effects in Europe. BERLIOZ is the author of the standard work on instrumentation, and has revolutionized orchestral music. He, who is regarded by all the modern composers of orchestral works as one of the highest authorities in musical matters, has expressed his admiration in the following letter, which is certainly an overwhelming proof of the unprecedented artistic success of the Steinway pianos in Europe.

[Translation.]

PARIS, Sept. 25, 1867.

Messrs. Steinway & Sons, Piano Manufacturers, New-York:

I have heard the magnificent pianos you brought from America, and which emanate from your factory. Permit me to compliment you upon the excellent and rare qualities which these instruments possess. Their sonority is splendid and essentially noble; moreover, you have discovered the secret to lessen, to an imperceptible point, that unpleasant harmonic of the minor seventh, which heretofore made itself heard on eight or nine bass strings, to such a degree as to render some of the most simple and finest chords disagreeable (cacophonique.) This improvement is a great progress among the various others you have introduced in the manufacture of your pianos—a progress for which all artists and amateurs, gifted with delicate perception, must be infinitely indebted to you. Accept, I beg of you, with my compliments, my highest respects.

Your devoted, HECTOR BERLIOZ.

—*The World.*

Extraordinary Improvement in Artificial Teeth.

From Watson's Weekly Art Journal.

Dr. M. LEVETT has always ranked among our first dentists, and dentistry owes much to his scientific researches and inventions, but his new invention of Suction Cellular Plate, in combination with a reticulated gold web and rubber base, for artificial teeth, comes nearer to perfection than any we have seen. It is so light as hardly to be a weight in the hand, and at the same time is extremely elastic and strong. By a series of air cells it is held immovable in the mouth, and is so small and compact that it does not interfere with speech or taste. It is in short the lightest, the most cleanly, and the firmest denture that was ever put in the mouth, and consequently we commend it over all others.

No. 27 (late 26) East 20th-st.,
Fifth house from Broadway.

[*Advertisement.*]

"A good sewing-machine lightens the labor and promotes the health and happiness of those at home." For family use GROVER & BAKER's is the best, and therefore the most desirable for a holiday present.—*Advertisement.*

Lovers of fat beef and fat mutton can see a fine display at HENRY SMITH's Westchester Co. Market, corner of 6th-av. and 35th-st. A pair of Dutchess Co. steers and twenty fine sheep from Canada, of the pure "Southdown" breed, are "conspicuous" among the many good things to be seen at that place.—*Advertisement.*

For a Stylish Holiday Hat,

GO TO
VAIL'S, No. 141 Fulton-st.

—*Advertisement.*

Caution.

We call attention to the fact that *imitations* of our fine ELECTRO-PLATE, consisting of Dinner, Dessert, Tea Services, &c., are extensively produced by American manufacturers; also, that there are English imitations in market, both of inferior quality. These goods are offered for sale by many dealers, and are well calculated to deceive. Purchasers can only detect and avoid counterfeits by noting our trade mark, thus:

Trade mark for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO Stamped on base of every article.

Our goods, which can be obtained from all responsible dealers, bear this stamp. They are heavily plated on the finest Albata or Nickel Silver, *and we guarantee them in every respect superior to the best Sheffield plate.*

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.,
Silversmiths and Manufacturers of Fine Electro-Plate,
Providence, R. I.

The Gorham Ware, *indisputably superior to the finest Sheffield Plate*, for sale at retail, by

STARR & MARCUS,
No. 22 John-st.

Standard Silver-plated Goods,

NONE BUT THE VERY BEST

A splendid stock of fine Nickle Silver and White Metal Plated Goods, elegant in design, perfect in workmanship and superior in quality—prepared expressly for the Holiday demand—all of our own manufacture and fully warranted by our well-established trade-mark.

REDFIELD & RICE MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 4 Maiden-lane.

Fine Silver-Plated Ware.—Preparatory to a change in our firm Jan. 1, we offer *at retail*, at reduced rates, during the month of December, our entire stock consisting of the finest quality of Nickel Silver and White Metal Plated Goods; also Pearl and Ivory handled Table Cutlery.

HIRAM YOUNG & CO.,
Manufacturers, No. 20 John-st.

Universal Exposition, Paris, 1867.

STEINWAY & SONS TRIUMPHANT, having been awarded THE FIRST GRAND GOLD MEDAL for American Grand, Square and Upright Pianos by the unanimous verdict of the International Jury. This medal is distinctly classified *first* in order of merit *over* all other American exhibitors, and *over* more than four hundred pianos entered for competition by nearly all the most celebrated manufacturers of Europe.

Warerooms, Nos. 109 and 111 East 14th-st., New-York.

The Laundry.

COLGATE & CO. put up for use of families a perfectly pure and economical LAUNDRY SOAP, cut in pieces, to **facilitate drying** and for convenience in use. It may be had of all first-class family grocers, or at the salesroom of the manufacturers, Nos. **53** and **55** John-st., New-York.

Chickering & Sons, Manufacturers of Grand, Square and Upright Piano-fortes, were awarded at the Paris Exposition the First Grand Prize, the Legion of Honor and a Grand Gold Medal, making 63 first premiums during the past 44 years. Warerooms, No. 652 Broadway.

Prang's American Chromos are the best of Christmas gifts. Ask for them at the art stores. *Prang's Journal of Popular Art* mailed free to any address by L. PRANG & CO., Boston.

The best article ever offered.

Cromwell & Jones,

Manufacturers of
SAND PAPER.
No. 181 Water st., corner Burling-slip,
New-York.

Culbert Brothers,

NO. 777 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
(Opposite A. T. Stewart & Co.'s,)
Dealers in
FINE JEWELRY AND SILVER-WARE,
PARIS CLOCKS,
GOLD WATCHES,
ALSO PEARL AND CORAL JEWELRY,
SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

How it Takes.

"I sold more of WOLCOTT's PAIN PAINT last month than any other of the most popular medicines. CHAS. N. CRITTENTON, No. 38 6th-av., New-York, wholesale druggist." The above testimonial from one of the largest wholesale druggists, needs no comment. All can prove, free of charge, that PAIN PAINT will remove all pain, internal, external, acute or chronic, in the head, body or limbs, at No. 170 Chatham-square, New-York, or No. 24 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

Dr. WOLCOTT is the well-known proprietor of the only standard remedy for Catarrh and Colds in the head, the Annihilator. Its sales are over 100,000 bottles each month, but PAIN PAINT is rushing ahead of it; leaves no color or smart, and is harmless as water.

Holiday Presents.

Parlor and Library Lace Curtains, in sets, for presents. Satin Damask Brocatel Curtains, hung, for the Holidays. Silk and French Wool Terry Curtains, made to order. Rich French Tapestry Table and Piano Covers. Embroidered Cloth Piano and Table Covers. Real Crochet Tidies, just received from Paris. Linen Table Damasks, the most beautiful yet offered. Damask Napkins to match. Most acceptable gifts to ladies.

I. E. WALRAVEN.
No. 686 Broadway, below 4th-st.

Gifts for the Holidays.

The undersigned, agents for Borel & Courvoisier, of Neufchatel, have just received instructions to close out the balance of their large stock of Gold and Silver Watches

AT WHOLESALE PRICES,
☞ During the Holidays only.
QUINCHE & KRUGLER,
Nos. 8 and 10 John-st., up stairs.

New Hat Store.

NEW PRICES HOLIDAY HATS.

Fine silk hats, $6; the best, $7. Why pay $8 and $9 elsewhere. FLEMING, Manufacturer, No. 146 Fulton-st. adjoining Claremont Hotel.

Musical Boxes,

Playing from 1 to 72 tunes, and costing from $5 to $2,000. The largest assortment that can be seen anywhere.

M. J. PAILLARD & CO.,
Manufacturers and Importers,
No. 21 Maiden-lane, (up stairs,) New-York.

Mettam's Galvano-Electro

METALLIC INSOLES,
Cure Rheumatism and Cold Feet.
LORIN BROOKS & SONS, Agents, No. 434 Broadway. Sold at boot and shoe stores.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.

SEWING-MACHINES.
No. 458 Broadway, New-York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Martelle, the New Parlor Game, is a splendid holiday gift, and makes home attractive. Call and examine it. RICHARDSON & CO., Publishers, No. 14 Bond-st.

Cheapest Reliable Sewing-Machines ARE BARTLETT'S REVERSIBLE MACHINES.—The style sold at $25 can be used by hand or foot. Will do all the family sewing. Warranted and kept in order for one year. Examine the different styles at the depot, No. 569 Broadway.

A Household Word, the Best, the Only reliable, the cheapest. Try it. Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) My wife and children prefer it. Every druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

Torrey's Patent Weather Strips.—No wind, dust, snow or rain can penetrate where these strips are used. Save half the fuel. Warranted for five years. E. S. & J. TORREY & CO., No. 72 Maiden-lane, N. Y.

For Frost Bites and Chilblains—PHENOL SODIQUE, a sure and speedy remedy. For sale by the druggists and DICKINSON & LATHROP, No. 71 Maiden-lane.

Bradstreet's Parlor Finished Rubber Moulding and Weather Strips, No. 67 Nassau-st.

Correct Time.

AMERICAN WATCHES

in every variety, guaranteed by special certificate, indorsed by American Watch Company.

T. B. BYNNER & CO.,
No. 189 Broadway.
T. B. BYNNER & CO.,
No. 157 Fulton-st.

Be Sure and Call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," having the *fac-simile* of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrappers. All others are base imitations.

Hull's Family Soap.

Unadulterated, absolutely pure. Full weight. Sold by all grocers. J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 Park-row, New-York.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Stereoscopes and Views, Albums and Photographic Materials, manufactured by E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO., No. 501 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED.

BASSETT—MCINTYRE.—On Thursday, Dec. 19, by Rev. Dr. Hawkins, EDWARD BASSETT to MARGARET A. MCINTYRE, both of this City. No cards.

HART—HART.—On Thursday, Dec. 19, at St. Mark's Chapel, Islip, L. I., by Rev. Reuben Riley, GEORGE HART, of Port Jefferson, to SUSIE H., daughter of George A. Hart, of the former place.

LEDERER—STINER.—On Wednesday, Dec. 18, by Rev. Dr. Adler, at the Temple Emanuel, SAMUEL M. LEDERER to ALICE, daughter of Jacob Stiner, Esq., all of this City.

☞ San Francisco and Savannah, Ga., papers please copy.

TWEDDLE—COMFORT.—On Thursday, Dec. 19, by Rev. Mr. Frazee, JOHN H. TWEDDLE, of this City, to PHŒBE C. COMFORT, of Bloomingburgh, N. Y. No cards.

DIED.

ADAMS.—At Jacksonville, Fla., on Monday, Dec. 16, CHARLES T., son of Thomas F. and Margaret E. Adams, of Philadelphia, aged 32 years.

BARTLETT.—In this City, on Saturday, Dec. 21, in the 24th year of her age, JULIA, wife of Brevet Major Wm. C. Bartlett, U. S. A., and youngest daughter of Wm. P. Cune, Esq., of Brattleboro, Vt.

Her remains will be taken to Brattleboro for interment.

BLAIR.—At Milford, Conn., on Friday evening, Dec. 20, JANE BLAIR, wife of Peter Blair.

Funeral will take place from the Christian Chapel, on 28th-st., near Broadway, on Monday, the 23d inst., at 2 P. M.

DERING.—In Utica, N. Y., on Thursday evening, Dec. 19, NICOLL HAVENS DERING, M. D., in his 74th year.

EDWARDS.—At Oswego, N. Y., on Friday, Dec. 20, MARY S., widow of the late John B. Edwards of New-York, and daughter of John B. Edwards, of Oswego.

GASSERT.—On Saturday, Dec. 21, of scarlet fever, FREDERICA F., daughter of Samuel F. and Louisa F. Gassert, aged 9 years, 4 months and 16 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, at 2 P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 58 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

HARDENBERGH.—At New-Brunswick, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 21, CORNELIA V. R. RUTGERS, wife of Warren Hardenbergh, Esq., in the 35th year of her age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, this day, (Monday,) the 23d inst., at 3 o'clock, to move at 4 P. M.

HAYWARD.—On Friday morning, Dec. 20, after a long and painful illness, JOHN R. HAYWARD, aged 57 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 47 East 11th-st., on Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

KEMPSTON.—Suddenly, on Saturday evening, Dec. 21, JOHN KEMPSTON, late law reporter of the New-York *Herald*, aged 50 years, 8 months and 4 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from St. John's Episcopal Church, corner of Johnson and Washington sts., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Dec. 24, at 2 P. M., without further notice.

KINSMAN.—On Saturday, at Harlem, SABRINA, wife of Daniel Kinsman, aged 69 years.

Funeral on Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock, from her late residence.

MOTT.—On Friday morning, Dec. 20, of apoplexy, JAMES S. MOTT, son of the late Jordan and Winefred Mott.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from Dr. Hutton's Church, on Washington-square, on Tuesday morning at 9½ o'clock. The remains will be taken to Fairfield, Conn., for interment.

MAIN.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 24, at Pau, France, AUSTIN L. S. MAIN, of the City of New-York, in his 59th year.

MARBLE.—On Saturday, Dec. 21, ADDISON MARBLE, in the 33d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his mother, No. 193 South 1st-st., Williamsburgh, on Monday, Dec. 23, at 2 P. M. precisely.

NUNNS.—On Saturday morning, Dec. 21, JOSEPH NUNNS, aged 67 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, Cypress Hills, Long Island, this day, (Monday,) at 2 o'clock P. M.

O'CONNOR.—Suddenly, at Clifton, Staten Island, on Saturday evening, Dec. 21, MATTHIAS O'CONNOR, in the 77th year of his age.

Funeral services at his residence, on New-York-av., at 11 o'clock on Tuesday. Carriages in waiting on the arrival of the 10 o'clock boat from New-York.

ROBINSON.—On Saturday, Dec. 21, of consumption, WILLIAM H., eldest son of John Robinson.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, at Flushing, L. I., on Monday, the 23d inst., at 1 o'clock. Cars leave Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock, and return at 3½ o'clock.

ROUWENHOVEN.—On Saturday, Dec. 21, GARRET, son of Cornelius B. and Mary A. Rouwenhoven, in the 24th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, at Flatlands Neck, on Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M.

SWAN.—Suddenly, on Friday morning, Dec. 20, HARRIET S. SWAN, wife of Caleb Swan, aged 65 years.

Her funeral will take place from her late residence, No. 133 9th-st., on Monday, the 23d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without particular invitation.

WIGHT.—On Saturday, Dec. 21, CATHARINE W., eldest daughter of Richard Wight.

Her relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, without further invitation, from the residence of her father No. 175 West 13th-st., on Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

MASONIC.—The Companions of Union Chapter No. 180, R. A. M., are hereby summoned to meet in their rooms, No. 161 8th-av., on Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late Comp. WILLIAM CLARKE.

CICERO J. SIMS, H. P.

HENRY C. PARKE, Secretary.

The Sir Knights of Manhattan Commandery No. 31, Knights Templar, are hereby summoned to attend a special conclave, in fatigue uniform, at their asylum, corner of Grand and Centre sts., on Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late worthy Sir Knight, WILLIAM CLARKE. Sir Knights of adjoining Commanderies respectfully invited to attend.

JOHN HOOLE, E. C.

HENRY C. PARKE, Rec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ELEGANT AND APPROPRIATE HOLIDAY PRESENTS, NOVELTIES FROM THE PARIS EXPOSITION.

BRONZES, CLOCKS, JEWEL BOXES, VIENNA AND PARIS FANCY ARTICLES, VASES, STATUARY IN BRONZE, PARIAN AND ALABASTER, ROGERS' GROUPS, STERLING SILVER, FINE PLATED WARE OF GORHAM'S AND OUR OWN MANUFACTURE, FRENCH CHINA DINING AND TEA SERVICES, GLASSWARE, &c.

Also, just received, an assortment of Iced Bohemian Glass Dessert Services, in white, rose and green, of exquisite pattern and manufacture.

E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO.,
Nos. 488, 490 and 492 Broadway,
Corner of Broome-st.

HANDKERCHIEF AND GLOVE-BOXES
AT
MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

USEFUL PRESENTS.

Gold Pens, Gold, Silver, Ivory, Pearl and Rubber, pen and pencils. The largest and best assortment in the City at prices that defy competition. All goods warranted.

E. S. JOHNSON & CO.,
No. 44 Nassau-st., near Liberty

WRAPPING-PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD copies of the *New-York Times* can be had at the counter of the *New-York Times*. Price, $1 per hundred. Also, old exchange papers. Price, 50 cents per hundred.

WORK-BOXES, DRESSING-CASES,
AT
MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

RICH GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
AT
A. C. BENEDICT'S
OLD STAND, No. 28 BOWERY.
ESTABLISHED 1818.
No connection with
ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT.

LADIES' WATCHES.
Just received, 100 very richly engraved
ENAMELED LADIES' FINE GOLD HUNTING LEVER WATCHES,
offered at 25 per cent below Broadway prices, at
A. C. BENEDICT'S, No. 28 Bowery.

GENTLEMEN'S WATCHES AND CHAINS,
Of every description, at low prices, at
A. C. BENEDICT'S,
No. 28 BOWERY.

SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED GOODS
AT
A. C. BENEDICT'S,
No. 28 BOWERY.

PARIS AND VIENNA FANCY GOODS,
FOR
HOLIDAY AND BRIDAL GIFTS, at
MILLER & CO.'S, NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
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A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,
A NEW STORY BY MRS. SOUTHWORTH,

ENTITLED

THE MALEDICTION,
THE MALEDICTION,
THE MALEDICTION,
THE MALEDICTION,
THE MALEDICTION,

OR

THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,
THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,
THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,
THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,
THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,
THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,
THE WIDOWS OF WIDOWVILLE,

IN

THE NEW-YORK LEDGER,
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER,
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER,
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER,
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER,

WILL BE

READY TO-DAY (MONDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,
READY TO-DAY (MONDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,
READY TO-DAY (MONDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,
READY TO-DAY (MONDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,
READY TO-DAY (MONDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,
READY TO-DAY (MONDAY) AT 12 O'CLOCK,

AND

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY;
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SKATES,
BOYS' SLEDS AND TOOL CHESTS.
SILVER-PLATED WARE.
W. N. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square.

CIGAR STANDS, CIGAR BOXES,
AT
MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

RICH FANCY BOXES
FOR
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES, JEWELRY, CONFECTIONERY, STATIONERY, &c., &c.,
Manufactured by the
BANGS WILLIAMS NEWS CO.

These goods were much admired and received a
FIRST-CLASS MEDAL
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Christmas is at hand, the joyful Birthday of the "FRIEND of the poor," which ought to be most of all joyful to the outcast and friendless and orphan—those children who have few happy days. As families gather from far and near to the welcome board of the old home, and about the blazing fire, and the little ones receive their gifts of affection on that day, we beseech them to think of those little ones who are bare-footed in the snow, shivering half-clad in the Winter's blast, hungry and friendless, and without a home in the whole City. Will they not help us to make that Day the happiest of the year to the thousands of these needy children under our charge?

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POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE.—At a meeting of the Committee, held at headquarters, corner of 23d-st. and Broadway, on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 16, 1867, the following was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Union Republican Assembly District Associations are hereby directed to meet at their respective headquarters on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 27, 1867, and elect five Delegates to the Union Republican General Committee for the year 1868, and such number of officers of the said District Associations as were elected for the year 1867.

The time and place of holding said elections shall be published for at least two days, in at least two daily papers, and unless thus duly advertised the election will not be deemed valid.

The ticket elected shall be certified by three Inspectors, to be appointed by the President of the District Association, who, also, together with the Secretaries of the Association, shall certify to the same. The polls shall be open from 7½ to 9 o'clock P. M.

The Delegates elected under this call shall meet at headquarters, corner of 23d-st. and Broadway, on the SECOND THURSDAY in January, 1868, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of organizing for the year.

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And execute orders for purchase and sale of
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

We have added to our office a Retail Department for the accommodation of the public demand for investment in and exchanges of Government Securities, the purchase of GOLD and INTEREST COUPONS, and the sale of INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS.

SEVEN-THIRTIES CONVERTED INTO FIVE-TWENTIES AT THE MOST FAVORABLE RATES.

JAY COOKE & CO.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.
BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS,
&c.
Buy and Sell all issues of
U. S. BONDS
at MARKET RATES, and EXCHANGE
7-30 Notes, Dec. 21, 1867, as follows:
For JUNE NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, also receive $25 (5 DIFFERENCE.
For JULY NOTES we give the NEW 5-20 BONDS, and receive $4 45 DIFFERENCE ON EACH $100.
No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

NEW-YORK, NEWFOUNDLAND AND LONDON TELEGRAPH.
INTERNATIONAL OCEAN (Cuba Line) TELEGRAPH.
MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS COMPANY'S STOCK
for sale at market rates. Apply to
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.,
Commission Broker in Express, Telegraph and Miscellaneous Securities.

RACINE TOWN BONDS
MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS, and Superior R. R.
MILWAUKEE CITY BONDS, and Beloit R. R.
FOND DU LAC, Wis., (old bonds.)
LA CROSSE, Wis., (old bonds.)
MINERAL POINT, Wis., (old bonds.)
and other WESTERN SECURITIES,
Wanted at market rates. Apply to
GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 7 Wall-st.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THIS COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

SULLIVAN AND ERIE
COAL AND RAILROAD COMPANY'S
CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND,
7 PER CENT. 1ST MORTGAGE BONDS.
Interest payable at American Exchange National Bank, New-York.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, 80 CENTS.
CAPITAL ($1,000,000 PAID IN)....$1,200,000.

Bonded debt $1,000,000, secured to John A. Stewart, Esq., Trustee, by mortgage upon the Company's entire road and property, including five thousand acres of coal land heavily covered with valuable timber, and upon which a twelve foot vein of superior Anthracite Coal is now being worked. For full particulars, send for pamphlet to the
OFFICE OF THE COMPANY,
No. 111 Broadway; or
HENRY CLEWS & CO., Bankers,
No. 32 Wall-st.,
FINANCIAL AGENTS.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD COMPANY.
$600,000 SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS FOR SALE.

These bonds are part of a series of one million of dollars secured by mortgage on [illegible] miles of railroad, of which Messrs. Dening Duer and James Robb are Trustees. They have twenty years to run, with 7 per cent. interest coupons, payable semi-annually in New-York. The liens on the railroad having priority amount to [illegible], making the total incumbrance [illegible], and its estimated value exceeds ten millions of dollars. Since the conclusion of the war extensive improvements have been made, and its condition will compare favorably with that of leading lines of Western railway. The profits of the Company from 1858 to 1862 were large, and, after paying interest on bonded debt, yielded over 15 per cent. to the shareholders. Those of the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1867, were $547,187 76, being more than double of the liability for annual interest, including the issue of the second mortgage bonds, and earned during a most unfavorable season, owing to the failure of Southern crops.

We are prepared to receive bids for the above bonds, in whole or in part, and recommend them to the public as unquestionable security.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.

OFFICE OF THE HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 11 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1867.

NOTICE.—AN ELECTION FOR FORTY DIRECTORS and three Inspectors of Election, of this Company, for the ensuing year, will be held on MONDAY, Jan. 6, 1868. Poll will be open from 12 until 2 o'clock.
JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK AND HAVRE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the New-York and Havre Steamship Company will be held at their office, No. 7 Broadway, on FRIDAY, Dec. 27, 1867, at noon.
MORTIMER L. MACKENZIE, Secretary.

NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 13, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking-house, Broadway and Chambers-st., on TUESDAY, Jan. 14, 1868, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
J. M. CRANE, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 11, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR ELEVEN Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking-rooms, No. 42 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January proximo.
Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD COMPANY, Dec. 16, 1867.

COUPONS OF THE SECOND MORTGAGE Bonds of this Company, falling due on the 1st January, 1868, will be paid at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.
GEO. ROBERTSON, Secretary.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, NASHVILLE, Dec. 5, 1867.

THE INTEREST ON THE PUBLIC debt of the State of Tennessee, falling due on the 1st day of January, 1868, will be paid at the Fourth National Bank of the City of New-York.
G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller.

MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 191 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
N. AMERMAN, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January next. The poll will open at 12 o'clock M., and close at 1 P. M.
W. H. COX, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Hyko Silver Mining Company, for the election of thirteen Trustees, will be held at the office of the Columbia Insurance Company, No. 162 Broadway, on FRIDAY, Dec. 27, 1867, at 3 o'clock P. M.
A. L. BROWN, Acting Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Pah-Ranagat Valley Silver Mining Company for the election of seven trustees will be held at the Mechanics' National Bank, No. 33 Wall-st., on FRIDAY, Dec. 27, 1867, at 12 o'clock.
A. L. BROWN, Acting Secretary.

THE COUPONS OF THE SACRAMENTO Valley Railroad Company's bonds, due Jan. 1, 1868, will be paid at the banking-house of EUGENE KELLY & CO., No. 24 Nassau-st.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, Agent and Attorney.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1868.

THE COUPONS DUE 1ST JANUARY, 1868, on the Bonds of the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad will be paid on presentation at our banking office on and after the 1st proximo.
DEC. 21, 1867. TILFORD & BODLEY, No. 9 New-st.

NOTICE—STUYVESANT BANK.—THE ANNUAL election for directors and inspectors of election, will be held at the banking-house, No. 744 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 7, 1868, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M.
W. S. CARMAN, President.

ST. LOUIS AND IRON MOUNTAIN BONDS, 7 per cent.—A limited number of above bonds for sale; the net income is now eight times the amount of interest on the bonds out. H. G. MARQUAND, Vice-President, No. 43 Wall-st.

"HYKO SILVER MINING COMPANY."—5,000 full-paid shares of the capital stock of this company for sale by NEWTON, RUSSELL & CO., No. 35 Wall-st.

LAND WARRANTS AND AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.
F. P. JAMES & CO.,
No. 6 Wall-st.

FINANCIAL

VERMILYE & CO.,
NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND DEALERS
IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES
WE GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO
FUNDING 7.30 TREASURY LOANS.

All series taken in exchange for 5-20 BONDS. Returns made to correspondents without delay, and on favorable terms.

CLOSING PRICES.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21—3 P. M.

	Bid.	Ask'd.		Bid.	Ask'd.
Registered '81...	108	108¼	10-40 Cou........	101⅛	101⅜
Coupon, 1881....	112⅝	112⅞	Gold	133⅛	133⅜
5-20 Regist'd '62.	104⅜	104⅝	June 7.30	104⅜	104⅝
5-20 Coupon, '62.	108	108¼	July 7.30	104⅜	104⅝
5-20 Coupon, '64.	105⅛	105⅜	May, comp'ds. '65	117⅛	117⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65.	105⅜	105⅝	Aug., comp'ds. '65	116¼	116½
5-20 C. '65 Jan&Jly	108⅛	108⅜	Sept., comp'ds. '65	115⅝	116
5-20 Coupon, '67..	108⅛	108⅜	Oct., comp'ds. '65	115⅜	115⅝
10-40 Reg........	101	101¼			

ALL CLASSES OF UNITED STATES FUNDS
Credited or Remitted for on Receipt, at Market Rates, FREE OF ALL COMMISSION CHARGES.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE.
THE COUPONS OF
THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
DUE JAN. 1, 1868,
Will be paid on and after that date
IN GOLD COIN,
Free of Government Tax,
At the Company's Office,
No. 20 Nassau-st.,
New-York.
JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer.

Collections.
Howes & Macy, Bankers,
(The same as an Incorporated Bank.)
NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very Lowest Current Rates.
4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

FOR SALE,
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS AND BONDS IN ALL THE FIRST-CLASS COMPANIES. ALSO A LARGE VARIETY OF INSURANCE STOCKS AND OTHER SECURITIES, INCLUDING CITY, COUNTY AND RAILROAD BONDS, PAYING GOOD DIVIDENDS, AT LOW RATES FOR INVESTMENTS, IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, BY
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

STATE OF MISSOURI INTEREST.
NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

The coupons due 1st January next from bonds issued or guaranteed by the state of Missouri, in aid of railroads, (the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad excepted,) will be paid on presentation after that date at this bank.
H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD OF CALIFORNIA.

The Seven per Cent. interest coupons (bonds of 1882) due Jan. 1, will be paid at the banking house of Eugene Kelly & Co., No. 24 Nassau-st., New-York.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, Vice-President.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 51 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1867.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks, which shall have terminated during the year, prior to 1st of January next, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon and a statement of all claims for return of premium, to prevent discrepancies in the accounts.
J. H. CHAPMAN, Secretary.

OFFICE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company due Jan. 1, 1868, will be paid in full in gold coin, on and after that date at the banking house of FISK & HATCH, Bankers and Financial Agents of the Central Pacific Railroad Company.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, Vice-President.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS of this Bank, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking-room on TUESDAY, the 14th of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
By order of the Board.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1867.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 237 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January, 1868, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
F. A. PALMER, President.

UNITED STATES TREASURY, Dec. 10, 1867.

SCHEDULES OF (30) THIRTY OR MORE coupons, due on the 1st of January, 1868, will now be received for examination at the United States Treasury.
H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The annual election for Directors of this Bank will be held at their Banking-room, No. 650 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 14th day of January, 1868, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
CHARLES HUDSON, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 11, 1867.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 17, 1867.

The Trustees of the UNION PETROLEUM COMPANY OF NEW-YORK have this day declared a dividend of six and one-half (6½) per Cent. on the capital stock, payable on and after the 23d inst., at the office of A. CURTISS, No. 15 New-st.

The transfer will be closed from Dec. 20 to Dec. 23.
For the Trustees.
A. CURTISS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE AND ASHTABULA RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 17, 1867.

NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) PER CENT., free of the Government tax, has been declared, payable to the stockholders of this Company, and to the stockholders of the Cleveland and Toledo Railroad Company, on the 2d day of January next; to the stockholders registered in New-York, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York; and to the stockholders registered in Cleveland at the office of the Treasurer, by check on New-York or funds current in Cleveland, as the stockholders may respectively elect at the time of receiving their dividend. The transfer books of the Company will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. on Saturday, the 21st inst., until the 3d day of January next. GEO. B. ELY, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RR. NEW-YORK, Nov. 29, 1867.

NOTICE.—A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN PER cent., less Government tax, has this day been declared on the Preferred Stock, payable on the 31st of December, 1867, at the office of Messrs. M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 12 Pine-st., to the holders of same as registered at closing of books. The transfer books will close on the 14th proximo, and reopen for transfers on the 2d of January, 1868. C. H. BOOTH, Treasurer.

NATIONAL BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 18, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a dividend of Five Per Cent. from the earnings of the current six months, free of all tax, payable on the 2d day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed until the day of payment.
G. G. BRINCKERHOFF, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF Five (5) per Cent., free of tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this Bank on and after the 2d day of January next, until which day the transfer-books will be closed. By order of the Board.
GEO. J. N. ZABRISKIE, Ass't Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) per cent., free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders on and after the 2d of January next. The transfer book will be closed until that date.
WM. H. COX, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK, NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION. NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of all tax, payable on and after 2d January next. The transfer-books will be closed until the 5th January, 1868. W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., from the earnings of the current six months, free of all tax, will be paid to the stockholders on the 2d January, 1868. The transfer books will remain closed until the 2d prox. JOHN L. JEWETT, JR., Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of Government tax, payable to stockholders on and after Jan. 2, 1868.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

THE TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) PER CENT., free from Government tax, will be paid on and after Jan. 2, 1868. ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1867.—The Board of Directors of this bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free of all taxes, payable on and after Jan. 2, 1868.

The transfer books will be closed at 3 P. M. on the 20th inst., and reopened on the morning of Jan. 2, next.
W. H. SANFORD, Cashier.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE Butler Coal Company have this day declared a Dividend of Two per Cent., payable, clear of taxes, on and after Dec. 24, 1867, to stockholders of that date. Stockholders residing in New-York will be paid at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.
SAMUEL DUTTON, Treasurer,
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18, 1867.

DIVIDENDS.

GENERAL OFFICES ERIE RAILWAY CO., No. 187 WEST-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 4, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE ERIE Railway Company have declared a dividend on the Preferred stock, from the earnings of the road for the year 1867, of seven per cent., payable, less the Government tax, on MONDAY, the 6th day of January next, at the Treasurer's office, Erie-place, to the registered holders of stock at the closing of the books.

The transfer books of the Preferred stock will close on FRIDAY, the 6th inst., and reopen on the 7th of January, 1868. By order of the Board,
HORATIO N. OTIS, Secretary.

OFFICE HARTFORD AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY, HARTFORD, Dec. 19, 1867.

NOTICE.—A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF Three Dollars, free of Government tax, has been declared on each share of stock standing on the books the 26th day of December instant, by the Board of Directors of the Hartford and New-Haven Railroad Company, payable on THURSDAY, Jan. 2, 1868. Stockholders in New-York will receive their dividend at the Union National Bank.

The transfer-books will be closed the 26th day of December to reopen the 3d of January.
S. P. CONNER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CLEVELAND AND TOLEDO RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, O., Dec. 17, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) per cent., free from United States Government tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this Company, or to their legal representatives, on the 2d day of January next, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Saturday, 21st December instant, and reopened on the morning of Friday, 3d January, 1868.
WM. F. STAUNTON, Secretary.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1867.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SIX (6) per cent., free of all tax, has been this day declared, payable on and after 2d of January. An extra dividend of two and 67-100 per cent. has also been declared, being amount of taxes levied by the City and County against shareholders, same having been paid by the Bank. The transfer book will remain closed from 24th inst. to Jan. 2, inclusive. By order of the Board.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

BANK OF AMERICA, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the Bank of America have this day declared a Dividend of Five per cent. for the current six months, free of all tax, payable to the stockholders on and after THURSDAY, Jan. 2, 1868.

The transfer books will remain closed from this day until the morning of SATURDAY, Jan. 4, 1868.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable on the second day of January next.

The transfer-books will be closed until that day.
JOHN T. BANKER, Cashier.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 363 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have declared a semi-annual dividend of Five (5) Per Cent., free of Government tax, payable on the 2d of January next.

The transfer books will be closed from this date to Jan. 2, 1868. JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free of tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this bank on and after the 2d day of January next, until which day the transfer books will be closed.
J. A. BEARDSLEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE CO., No. 11 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 11, 1867.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after January 2, 1868.
JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 23 1867.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of Five (5) per cent. has been declared, free of all taxes, payable on and after 2d January next.

The transfer-books will remain closed until 2d prox.
E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.

BULLION CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY, OF COLORADO.—A dividend has been declared payable Jan. 1, 1868, to stockholders of that date. Payable in Boston at the office of the Company, No. 19 Lindall-st., and in New-York at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company. J. P. WHITNEY, Treasurer.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK DIVIDEND.—A dividend of five per cent., free from Government tax, has been declared from the profits of the last six months, payable Jan. 2, 1868.
DEC. 21, 1867. L. E. NEWELL, Cashier.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT., FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK, CORNER 3D-AV. AND 26TH-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1867.

DIVIDEND.—A Semi-annual Dividend, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, (free from Government tax,) on all sums from $1 to $5,000, will be paid on and after the third MONDAY in January.

DEPOSITS made on or before January 20 will draw interest from the 1st. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 24th-st. and 8th-av.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, free of Government tax, on all sums from $5 to $5,000, payable on and after Jan. 20, 1868.

DEPOSITS made on or before Jan. 20, will draw INTEREST from Jan. 1. BANK open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
JOHN HOOPER, President.
FREDERICK L. VULTE, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 283 BOWERY.

Six Per Cent. Interest (free from tax) allowed on all sums of from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Jan. 2 will draw interest from Jan. 1.

Open daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. On Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7. German spoken.
ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Trustees have ordered interest to be paid at the rate of six per cent. per annum on sums of $2,000 and under, and five per cent. on sums over $2,000, not exceeding $5,000, payable on and after Jan. 20, 1868. Interest not called for will be added to principal, and draw interest from Jan. 1.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
NEW MARBLE FIRE-PROOF BANKING-HOUSE,
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., opposite Cooper Institute.

The usual DIVIDEND of SIX PER CENT. per annum, free from tax, will be paid to depositors on and after Jan. 17, 1868.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS COMMENCES next on Jan. 1, 1868, and dividends not withdrawn will draw interest from that date, the same as principal.

SIX PER CENT. allowed on ALL SUMS from $5 to $5,000. ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 58 BOWERY, CORNER OF CANAL-ST.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL SUMS, FROM $5 TO $5,000.

Money deposited now will draw interest from Jan. 1.

Bank open every day from 10 to 3 o'clock, and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7 o'clock. Bank-books in English, German and French.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 237 Broadway—entrance on Park-place.

The Trustees of this Institution have directed that interest on deposits entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of six per cent. per annum on sums not exceeding $1,000, and five per cent. over $1,000 (free from Government tax,) shall be paid on and after MONDAY, Jan. 20, 1868.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
PETER CUMMING, Acc't. WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK.
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid, free from Government tax, on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock. SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK.
NO. 1,146 BROADWAY,
Between 26th and 27th sts.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST on Deposits.
Free from Government Tax.
CHARLES PECK, President.
CHARLES T. RODGERS, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK.
Money deposited now draws interest from Jan. 1.
Six per cent. allowed, free of tax, on sums from $1 to $5,000. HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of LAIGHT.
Six per cent. interest, free of tax, on $5 to $5,000.
Books in English, French and German.
ASSETS, $4,360,418 62.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1867.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES HAVE ordered Interest to be paid to Depositors at the rate of Six per cent. on sums from Five to Five Hundred Dollars, and Five per cent. on sums exceeding Five Hundred Dollars, agreeably with the provisions of the by-laws, free from Government Tax, and payable on and after Jan. 20, 1868.

Interest not called for will be credited as principal and draw interest from Jan. 1, 1868.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10, will draw interest from the 1st.
BENJAMIN F. WHEELWRIGHT, President.
JOHN S. DICKERSON, JAMES BRICE, Secretaries.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 3 Chambers-st., New-York, Dec. 16, 1867.

INTEREST FOR THE THREE AND six months ending Jan. 1, 1868, will be paid at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum on sums of $500 and under, and 6 per cent. on sums over $500.

Interest not called for will draw interest from the 1st day of January. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M., and on Thursday from 10 A. M. till 7 P. M.
WILLIAM H. SLOCUM, President.
CHARLES A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 96 Warren-st.

INTEREST ALLOWED AT THE RATE of six per cent. on all sums of $2,000 and under, and five per cent. on all sums over $2,000, not exceeding $5,000, free of Government tax. Money deposited now draws interest from Jan. 1.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
V. L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST.—SIX PER CENT. interest, free of tax, paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Jan. 1 will draw interest from Jan. 1.
R. H. MACLAY, President.
S. S. CONSTANT, Vice-President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the limited partnership heretofore made by JOHN D. PRINCE, general, and WILLIAM R. TRAVERS and JOHN R. GARLAND, special partners, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the same to take effect on the 2d day of January, 1868.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 2, 1867.
J. D. PRINCE.
JOHN R. GARLAND.
W. R. TRAVERS.

DRY GOODS.

ROBES DE CHAMBRE.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
JUST RECEIVED
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
RICHARD GREEN,
NO. 779 BROADWAY,
Between 9th and 10th sts.

MESSRS. LORD & TAYLOR
OFFER
AT RETAIL
SUPERIOR PARIS KID GLOVES,
AT
ONE DOLLAR PER PAIR.

LADIES' HEAVY COTTON HOSE,
FROM
25 CTS. PER PAIR.

MEN'S MERINO
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
EXTRA QUALITY,
FROM
75 CTS. EACH.

ALSO,
CHEAP DRESS GOODS,
INTENDED EXPRESSLY FOR
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
PUT UP IN FULL DRESS LENGTHS AND ARRANGED ON TABLES FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF CUSTOMERS, AND TO FACILITATE SALES,
AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.
STORES Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.
Nos. 47 and 49 CATHARINE-ST.

USEFUL AND APPROPRIATE GIFTS
FOR
CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR.

NEW PARIS SILKS,
RICH LACES,
ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF
CLOAKS AND SACQUES,
AND A FULL LINE OF
REAL INDIA CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS.

ALSO,
PAISLEY, BROCHE AND FANCY WOOL SHAWLS,
MORNING, WALKING AND DRIVING SUITS,
AND
LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

LORD & TAYLOR,
Nos. 461 to 467 BROADWAY.
Nos. 255 to 261 GRAND-ST.

SMILLIE & CO.,
No. 763 Broadway,
Between 8th and 9th sts.
CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR'S PRESENTS.

We have just received from AUCTION a large assortment of DRESS GOODS, suitable for presents, 20 per cent. less than Manufacturer's Prices, and will offer the same on
MONDAY, 23D INST.
ALSO,
A specialty in
CLOAKINGS AND SILKS.
SMILLIE & CO.,
No. 763 Broadway,
Between 8th and 9th sts.

CORSETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN AMERICA
OF
ELEGANT FITTING CORSETS,
AT
GAYNOR'S,
No. 765 Broadway.

ELEGANT NEW-YEAR'S GIFTS
AT
GAYNOR'S,
Such as
FRENCH WALKING SUITS,
MORNING GOWNS,
CORSETS OF ELEGANT SHAPE.
ALSO,
THE BRIDE'S OWN CORSETS
AT
GAYNOR'S,
No. 765 Broadway.

FRENCH WALKING SUITS
AT GAYNOR'S.
The very latest styles,
and at
LESS THAN COST.
GAYNOR,
Importer,
No. 765 Broadway.

TABLE AND PIANO COVERS,
TAPESTRY AND EMBROIDERED,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY,
BETWEEN 11TH AND 12TH STS.

PRICES REDUCED.
UPHOLSTERY GOODS.
LACE CURTAINS,
LINENS, BLANKETS, &c.,
AT REDUCED PRICES.
TAYLOR, M'GIBBON & CO.,
NO. 809 BROADWAY,
Between 11th and 12th sts.

EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS,
A SUITABLE PRESENT FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

ARCTIC OVERSHOES
FOR GENTLEMEN AND LADIES.
POCKET RUBBERS.
This convenient style of overshoes at $1 per pair.
WHITE LINEN GAITERS AT $4 PER PAIR.
CANTRELL,
No. 813 Broadway, between 11th and 12th sts.

MACKENZIE'S
CLOAKS, SACKS
AND CIRCULARS, (AT REDUCED PRICES,)
In Velvet, Cloth and Plush, at STORMS, THURBER & CO. Manufactory, No. 2 CLINTON-PLACE. Salesroom, No. 751 Broadway.
W. B. MACKENZIE.
(Established over 29 years.)

FURS! FURS!!
at
POPULAR PRICES
in
SABLE,
ROYAL ERMINE,
MINK,
ASTRAKHAN,
SIBERIAN SQUIRREL, &c.,
Carriage and Sleigh Robes in variety,
Foot-muffs, Mufflers, Gauntlets and Skating-caps.
Every article guaranteed.
BURKE, No. 469 Broadway, adjoining Lord & Taylor.

DRY GOODS

NEW AND ELEGANT GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES.
RICHARD GREEN,
NO. 779 BROADWAY,
Between 9th and 10th sts.,
And No. 375 Canal-st.

WINTER
HOSIERY, GLOVES
AND
UNDERGARMENTS
FOR
Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

CURVOISIER'S
Celebrated French Kid Gloves.

NOVELTIES
FOR THE HOLIDAYS IN
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

FINE DRESS SHIRTS
MADE TO ORDER AT SHORT NOTICE,
IN THE MOST SUPERIOR MANNER.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
ELEGANT, USEFUL
AND CHEAP.
LACE CURTAINS,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
LINEN TABLE-CLOTHS,
AND NAPKINS,
PUT UP IN SETS IN FANCY BOXES EXPRESSLY FOR PRESENTS.

Until Jan 1 we offer OUR ENTIRE STOCK of the above goods
"AT COST."
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
NOS. 657 AND 659 BROADWAY.

TO "HOUSEKEEPERS."
We are prepared to supply
MATTRESSES,
BOLSTERS,
PILLOWS, &c., &c.,
at short notice and at most reasonable prices.
SHEETS,
PILLOW-CASES
AND TABLE LINEN
Hemmed, marked and delivered ready for immediate use,
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS.
Nos. 657 and 659 Broadway.

BLANKETS,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT
AT
LOW PRICES.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
Nos. 657 and 659 Broadway.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
FOR THIS WEEK.
SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
will be offered in
RICH LACES,
COLLARS, SETS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
COIFFURES, BARBES, VAILS, &c.
KID GLOVES.

1,000 dozen best Italian Kid Gloves, in all the newest shades and white, $1 per pair.
500 dozen best Paris Kid Gloves, every pair warranted, $1 75 per pair.
Gent's best Italian Kid Gloves, $1 25.
Ladies', Gent's, and Misses' Cloth Gloves in great variety.
Several job lots of Ladies' Cotton Hose.
Balbriggan Cotton Hose, $1 25 per pair.
BENNETT WILLIAMS, No. 477 Broadway.

UNTIL AFTER THE HOLIDAYS
WE SHALL OFFER A LARGE AND DESIRABLE ASSORTMENT OF DELAINE AND MOHAIR DRESS GOODS AT $2, $3, $4 and $4 50 PER DRESS; BEST ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CALICOES AT 12½c. PER YARD; HEAVY BALMORAL SKIRTS AT $2 50; ALSO, SOME REAL BARGAINS IN ASTRAKHAN AND ALASKA MUFFS and CAPES; POCKET HANKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERIES, &c., AT LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway,
Opposite Tiffany & Co.

JUST RECEIVED
FROM AUCTION,
a splendid line of BLACK DRESS GOODS, in most desirable fabrics, from $3 75 to $8 per dress.
W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway.

ASTRAKHAN, ALASKA AND BEAVER CLOAKINGS.
Several new styles. Also, a fine assortment of SACKS, SHAWLS and BONNETS, at prices to suit the times. Call and see them.
W. JACKSON, No. 551 Broadway.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
Real India Camels' Hair Shawls and Scarfs.
Elegant Point Lace Dresses, Shawls, Sets, Volants.
MOUCHOIRS, PELLERINES, TROSSEAUS, &c. &c.
VELVET SACQUES, CLOAKS, &c., from $35 upward.
BLACK AND COLORED CLOAKS, fine and heavy, from $5 upward.
RUSSIA SABLE, MINK and ERMINE MUFFS, COLLARS and TIPPETS, of the finest quality.
Also Fancy Berlin Boxes, Embroidered Slippers, Chair-seats, &c.
Alexandre's celebrated Kid Gloves in new designs and colors.
All at greatly reduced prices.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway and 10th-st.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
On MONDAY, Dec. 23, will largely replenish all their popular stocks of Dress Goods, from 25c. per yard upward.
SILKS at $1, $1 25 and $1 50 per yard.
And have greatly reduced the price of all their fancy SILKS—$1 50 per yard to $4 per yard.
Black TAFFETAS from $1 per yard upward.
VELOUR EMPERATRICE, colored FAILLE and MOIRE ANTIQUES at extremely low prices.
BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST.

CLOSING OUT SALE.
BOYS' OVERCOATS, CLOTH SUITS, ASTRACHAN SACQUES, CHILDREN'S POPLIN AND CLOTH DRESSES,
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S HATS, INFANTS' MERINO CLOAKS, EMBROIDERED BLANKETS AND ROBES.
LADIES' MOURNING DRESSES, &c.,
for sale at
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES,
prior to stock-taking.
A. T. STEWART & CO.,
BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Will open on MONDAY, Dec. 23,
ELEGANT NOVELTIES IN
SILKS, THULLES ARGE TINE, CHENE VELVETS, BLUE SILK, PLUSH, EXTRA RICH BROCHE, SATINS AND POULT DE SOIES, PLAID POPLINS, &c., &c., SUITABLE FOR STREET AND EVENING DRESSES, just received per LATEST STEAMER.
BROADWAY AND 10TH-ST.

A REDUCTION.
LADIES' KID GLOVES reduced from $2 to $1 50; MEN'S KID GLOVES reduced from $2 25 to $1 75, at C. W. FRENCH'S, No. 607 Broadway.

NEW AND EXCLUSIVE STYLES IN FRENCH Silk Scarfs, Scarf Rings and Pins, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Shirts and Collars, Shirt Bosoms, Robes de Chambre, Breakfast Jackets, Cardigan Jackets, &c., at C. W. FRENCH'S, No. 607 Broadway.

NEW COLORS AND STYLES IN LADIES AND gentlemen's CASTOR and KID GLOVES, at C. W. FRENCH'S, No. 607 Broadway.

NOVELTIES IN LADIES' FULL-DRESS KID GLOVES, two, four, six and eight buttons, in all the new Paris colors, at C. W. FRENCH'S, at No. 607 Broadway.

UNDERCLOTHING.—SILK, MERINO AND ALL-wool UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS, of all makes, at C. W. FRENCH'S, No. 607 Broadway.

SILK, MERINO AND COTTON HOSIERY OF ALL kinds, at C. W. FRENCH'S, No. 607 Broadway.

FINE WHITE AND COLORED SHIRTS MADE TO order, at C. W. FRENCH'S Men's Furnishing Goods Store, No. 607 Broadway.

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS in the City, at C. W. FRENCH'S, No. 607 Broadway.

FINE FRENCH JEWELRY.—NEW AND EXCLUSIVE styles in Scarf Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains and Lockets, &c. All of the above styles were made from my own designs, personally given to the first manufacturers in Europe. C. W. FRENCH, No. 607 Broadway.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING BY EVERY steamer cases of the finest MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS ever imported. All of the above goods were made expressly for me, and many of the above styles were made from my own designs, personally given to the first manufacturers in Europe. C. W. FRENCH, No.

DRY GOODS

BLANKETS,
COMFORTABLES,
QUILTS, &c.
ONE OF THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS IN THE CITY, EMBRACING SOME OF THE FINEST GOODS AT PRICES SO MUCH REDUCED AS TO BRING THEM WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL. ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
HORSE BLANKETS;
IN FINE MEDIUM AND COMMON QUALITIES, VERY CHEAP.
TABLE DAMASK, NAPKINS, DOILIES, TOWELING, LINEN AND COTTON SHEETING AND SHIRTING.
EMBROIDERED AND EMBOSSED TABLE AND PIANO COVERS.
MARSEILLES AND OTHER STYLES OF WHITE AND COLORED QUILTS,
in all the various makes, qualities and sizes.
MATTRESSES, SPRING BEDS,
BOLSTERS, PILLOWS, FEATHERS, &c.
IRON FURNITURE.
IRON BEDSTEADS, CRIBS, CRADLES, HAT AND UMBRELLA STANDS, STORE AND PIANO STOOLS,
Wrought Iron Bedsteads for Institutions' use on hand and made to order.
WILLIAM GARDNER,
NO. 244 CANAL-ST., BETWEEN BROADWAY AND CENTRE-ST.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
Our Cash Purchases at the closing Auction Sales ARE READY TO-DAY.
EVERY DEPARTMENT CROWDED WITH GOODS MUCH BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION.
Holiday Presents.
Linen Hemstitch Hand'fs, 20c., 25c., 31c. and upward.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Linen and Silk Hand'kfs., both plain and printed Borders unusually low.
Assortment of Laces, Cluny, Applique, Point and other Handkerchiefs, AUCTION PRICES.
We have embroidered sets and Hand'kfts., at 50c., at 75c., at $1, at $1 50, bargains.
Hundreds of Lace Collars nearly half price.
ALSO, WORKED BANDS, EDGINGS, INSERTINGS, SLEEVES AND INFANT ROBES.
Ladies' Kid Gloves 50c., 75c., $1 and $1 50, cheap.
New designs in Cashmere and Cloth Gloves at 25c., 38c., 50c., 75c. and $1 per pair, new variety less than cost prices.
Cheap store Hosiery at 20c. per pair and upward.
Ladies, and Gent's Merino Undervests at 63c., 75c. 87c. and upward, bargains.
Also, Lines of Scarfs and Neck-ties very low.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand-st., 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
HOLIDAY PRESENTS, NEARLY HALF PRICE.

Work Boxes,	Card Baskets,
Writing Desks,	Watch Stands,
Ladies' Companions,	Albums,
Ink and Cigar Stands,	Cigar Cases,
Ladies' Dressing Cases,	Shell Boxes,
Gent's Dressing Cases,	Looking Glasses,
Morocco Bags,	Gold Hair Bands,
Morocco Satchels,	Jewelry,
Glove Boxes,	Fans,
	Wax Dolls.

YANKEE NOTIONS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
We offer Silk Bonnet Velvets at $1, $1 50, $2, $2 50 and $3 per yard and upward.
Cheapest line of Black silk Velvets exhibited for years at $1 50, $1 75, $2, $2 50, $3, $3 50 and $4.
Examine especially our all Silk Velvet at $4 75 (warranted.)
Satins, Plain and Corded Silks, Real Laces, Malines and Millinery Laces, all under regular prices.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
BLACK AND COLORED SASH AND BONNET RIBBONS,
WATERED, PLAIN AND BROCADED, CHEAP.
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
Buttons, Gimps and Silk Fringes—everything desirable.
Complete line of Colored and Black Silk Ribbon Velvets, below last week's prices.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
BLACK AND COLORED OSTRICH AND WILLOW FEATHERS.
The largest and cheapest stock this season.
NEW FRENCH FLOWERS.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

GRAND-ST. CHEAP STORE.
Bonnet Rooms crowded with Felt, Beaver, Velvet, and Straw Hats and Bonnets, purchased at 25 cents on the dollar.
THE WHOLE STOCK CLEARING OUT!
WORSTED GOODS, BOTH KNITTED and WOVEN, CHEAPER THAN LAST WEEK.
EDWARD RIDLEY,
Nos. 309, 311, 311½ Grand, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st.,
Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT F. DE PERCEVAL'S,
No. 739 Broadway, opposite Astor-place.
Large stock of embroidered Yokes for chemises and night gowns; French Lingerie for ladies and children.
Handsome Initials and Monograms embroidered to order on handkerchiefs, table linen and bedclothes; all kinds of Embroideries and Stamping made to order, stamped goods.

KID GLOVES—BEST IN THE CITY—$1 25. Opera Kids, $1. Also Madam Jouvin's best, and the Seamless Kids. Cloth Gloves, Mittens, Gaiters, Scarfs, Hoods, &c. Ladies' and Children's Merino Wear, Hosiery, &c. W. J. ELGER, 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

BEADS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
M. P. BROWN, NO. 203 BROADWAY.

INDIA CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS AND scarfs for holiday presents, on reasonable terms. J. RUSSELL, No. 33 East 20th-st., near Broadway.

CARPETS.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.
FALL STYLES.
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 456 BROADWAY, NEAR GRAND-ST.,
Have on hand a large and select Stock of
NEW DESIRABLE PATTERNS,
which they are offering at importers' and Manufacturers' prices.
Also, an assortment of Door Mats and Window Shades.
CARPETS MADE UP AND LAID AT SHORT NOTICE.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

WINES, &C., FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
CHAMPAGNES—Association Vinicole, Jaunay, Napoleon's Cabinet, Cliquot, Mumms, Roeder. SHERRIES, PORTS and MADEIRAS of the highest grades. Old GLENLIVET and ISLAY WHISKYS, &c., &c.
Native Wines, SPARKLING, of exquisite perfume and flavor—Pleasant Valley, Bottler's Cincinnati, Urbana, CABINET, Still, Paragon, Nonpariel—wines that took prizes in the Paris Exposition. Also, the only Native Cigars that took the prize at the Paris Exposition—THE CENTURY. All the above for sale by
FRED S. COZZENS,
No. 73 Warren-st.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!
BRAUNSDORF & METZ, successors to Weil & Braunsdorf, offer their stock of well-assorted furniture, consisting of parlor, sitting-room, library, bedroom and dining-room suites, of the latest styles, to the public, at wholesale prices, at Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., between Essex and Norfolk sts.
N. B.—All goods warranted.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.
We manufacture and sell in suites or single pieces all kinds of FURNITURE cheaper than any other house. Also, MATTRESSES, LOOKING-GLASSES, SELF-ROCKING and CRADLES of all kinds, SOFA and SECRETARY BEDSTEADS. Call and save money.
G. W. SNEDEN & CAMPBELL,
No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts.,
Second furniture store from either corner.
Note the number.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A CHANCE SELDOM MET WITH IS offered to somebody seeking a nice, clean, respectable and well-paying business, without risk; for sale at 50 per cent. less than value,
THE BOOKSTORES Nos. 730 and 732 BROADWAY,
New and Second-hand Books.
Must be sold this week, owner has to go to Europe; the situation is one of the best in the City; long standing; cheap rent; a select stock and good run of custom; offers the best chance of success, and $6,000 to $7,000 profit can be realized a year.
If desired, the two places will be sold separately.
Inquire in the stores,
Nos. 730 and 732 Broadway.

PARTNER WANTED—ACTIVE OR SPECIAL, with a capital of from $50,000 to $60,000, in a flourishing manufacturing, importing and jobbing hardware firm, to take the place of a member who wishes to retire on account of ill-health; if active, a knowledge of the business is required, or to be competent to take charge of the financial department of the business. Address HARDWARE, Post-office Box No. 6,700, New-York City.

TO THE FRIENDS OF ENTERPRISE.—The subscriber desires to correspond with some man of means and political influence in regard to a plan of the first importance to our country and the world, and by which millions can be realized. The most entire satisfaction given in regard to the integrity of purpose. Address, with real name, stating when and where an interview can be had, ENTERPRISE, Newark, N. J.

ANY ONE OF GOOD HABITS, HAVING from $1,500 to $2,000 to invest, in a genteel business, can become either a partner or to be a cashier till reimbursement, with a high interest for his loan. Address J., Box No. 24, Station D.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A WELL-ESTABLISHED bakery and confectionery, in a first-class location, and having a good run of business. Sold on account of the death of the late proprietor. Apply at No. 188 Atlantic-st., near Clinton-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—AN ESTABLISHED BUSINESS which will pay with a working capital of from $2,000 to $5,000. Address ESTABLISHED, Box No. 161 Times Office.

DIAMONDS AND WATCHES BOUGHT and money loaned on either, by G. C. ALLEN, No.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

HOLIDAY GOODS
AT
POPULAR PRICES.
FOR LADIES:
BREAKFAST SHAWLS, SONTAGS,
COMFORTERS, SCARFS, HOODS,
CAPES, SACQUES, GARIBALDIS,
SILK UNDERVESTS AND DRAWERS,
MERINO, COTTON, AND WOOL HOSIERY,
KID, CLOTH, AND CASTOR GLOVES.
FOR GENTLEMEN:
DRESS SHIRTS AND COLLARS,
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
SCARFS, TIES, SUSPENDERS,
KID, CLOTH, CASTOR AND BUCK GLOVES,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH HOSIERY,
CARRIAGE ROBES, CHEST PROTECTORS,
SCARF RINGS, SLEEVE BUTTONS,
ROBES DE CHAMBRE,
MACKINTOSH COATS.
FOR BOYS AND MISSES:
BALMORAL AND ROB ROY STOCKINGS,
CLOTH AND FANCY KNIT GAITERS,
MERINO UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS,
CLOTH, KID AND BEAVER GLOVES,
FANCY MITTENS AND INFANTERS,
COMFORTERS, SCARFS, HOODS,
GARIBALDI AND CARDIGAN JACKETS,
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF BEAUTIFUL GOODS
AT
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES, AT
UNION ADAMS,
NO. 637 BROADWAY.

HOLIDAY GOODS.
We are now opening the largest assortment of FRENCH, ENGLISH and GERMAN HOLIDAY GOODS in the City, at POPULAR PRICES.
WAX DOLLS,
(best quality.)
TOILET SETS and TOILET GOODS,
GILT, BRONZE and PARIAN GOODS,
BOHEMIAN and LAVA WARE,
TOYS and NOVELTIES,
of every description,
suitable for Gifts, Christmas Trees, &c.

We assure the ladies of New-York and vicinity that we have a splendid stock of these goods, more varied than ever before, many of them goods of our own importation, at POPULAR PRICES.

ALSO,
REAL LACE GOODS,
FINE EMBROIDERIES,
Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children's
LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.
The largest line of SASH RIBBONS in the City.
HOSIERY, GLOVES, UNDER WEAR, NOTIONS, WHITE GOODS, HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, at POPULAR PRICES.
We IMPORT DESCHAMP'S
KID GLOVES.
Quality warranted as good as any glove imported. All selected shades.
Full stock of Ladies', Gent's and Children's Kid Gloves, at a lower price than any other REAL KID GLOVE in the City, and every pair warranted.
R. H. MACY,
Fourteenth-st. and 6th-av.,
Two blocks west of Broadway.

T. B. BYNNER & CO.,
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
of every description.
GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS AND ALL TIME.
GOOD GOODS AT FAIR PRICES.
AT WHOLESALE, NO. 189 BROADWAY;
AT RETAIL, NO. 157 FULTON-ST.

A CARD.
Messrs. ISAAC SMITH'S SON & Co.,
NO. 405 BROADWAY,
WILL RETAIL DURING THE WEEK
for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,

Gingham Umbrellas, 50 cents to	$2 50.
Alpaca Umbrellas,	$1 50 to $4 00.
Silk Umbrellas,	$3 00 to $15 00.

AN UMBRELLA IS ALWAYS AN ACCEPTABLE GIFT, AND WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE COUNTRY.

BEAUTIFUL AND SUBSTANTIAL
HOLIDAY PRESENTS
GOLD, SILVER AND IVORY-MOUNTED
WALKING CANES
of every description.
THE LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST assortment in this city can be found at
A. COX'S SONS, No. 25 Maiden-lane.

GOODYEAR'S
INDIA RUBBER GLOVE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
NO. 205 BROADWAY,
NEXT TO THE CORNER OF FULTON-ST.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in every description of
RUBBER GOODS,
VULCANITE JEWELRY,
TOYS OF ALL KINDS,
suitable for holiday presents.
Rubber Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Combs, Gloves,
Piano Covers, &c., &c.

A NEW AND AMUSING TOY GAME!
NOW READY:
METAMORPHOSIS;
OR,
THE GAME OF EXPRESSION.
This game is represented on four wooden blocks, (cubes,) covered with engravings from ORIGINAL AND ARTISTIC DESIGNS of natural facial expressions, human and animal, so arranged that the number of TRANSFORMATIONS IS TRULY WONDERFUL, and the combinations oftentimes grotesque and laughable, and always amusing.
Put up in a handsome box. Price One Dollar.
For sale by booksellers and toy dealers.
J. S. REDFIELD, Agent,
No. 140 Fulton-st.

DIARIES FOR 1868.
From 25 cents to $3 each; all styles. Daily Journals, Expense Books, Writing Desks, Portfolios, Games, Chessmen, Dominoes, Slates, Leather Bags, Pocket-books, Blank Books and Stationery. Large variety of USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFTS AT RETAIL. Prices low. FRANCIS & LOUTREL, Stationers, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

TOYS AND HOLIDAY GOODS.
The greatest variety in the City.
Portfolios, Writing Desks, Work and Glove Boxes, Albums and Games in endless variety, at
H. M. FAIRCHILD'S BAZAAR,
No. 377 6th-av. and 23d-st.

HOLIDAY GOODS.
A great variety at low prices at ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.
N. B. French perfumery, soaps, extracts, &c.

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY—The very latest novelties; work boxes, desks, ladies' companions, china ornaments, just imported or bought at auction for half cost. For sale at very lowest prices by SAMUEL D. WILSON,
At his Central Bazaar, 75 Bowery.
Also at branch stores 311 Bowery,
617 Eighth-av.,
51 Myrtle-av., Brooklyn,
77 Newark-av., Jersey City.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—OPERA, FIELD and Marine Glasses, Brazilian Pebble Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Microscopes, Stereoscopes, Magic Lanterns, Thermometers, &c.
W. H. HUNTER, Optician.
Nos. 1,132 Broadway and 169 William-st.

FRESH LAURELS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—BRADBURY'S Fresh Laurels, beautifully bound in cloth, with gilt edges and cover, intended for Holiday presents to superintendents, are now ready at No. 425 Broome-st., N. Y.

THE RICHEST AND HANDSOMEST Siberian sable cloak and muff in the City (a present that would last the recipient a lifetime) is to be seen at G. TERRY'S Fur-store, No. 19 Union-square.

PURE CONFECTIONERY OF THE finest quality, for the holidays, in fancy boxes and cornucopias, retailed at wholesale prices, at J. & M. CRISTY'S.

AT LESS THAN USUAL PRICES.—HOLiday presents, books, Indian bead-work, fans and fancy goods in large variety. BURNTON, No. 92 4th-av., [illegible]

SHIPPING.

LONDON AND NEW-YORK STEAMSHIP LINE.

Passage to London direct, $110, $75 and $30 currency. Excursion tickets at reduced rates available for six months.

ATALANTA, Capt. PINEHAM, from New-York, Dec. 28.
BELLONA, Capt. DIXON, from New-York, Jan. 11.
WM. PENN, Capt. BILLINGE, from New-York, Jan. 25.
CELLA, Capt. GLEADELL, from New-York, Feb. 8.

The elegant British iron steamship ATALANTA will leave Pier No. 3, North River, for London direct, on SATURDAY, Dec. 28.

Freight will be taken and through bills of lading given to Havre, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, and Dunkirk.

For passage apply to ROBERT N. CLARK, No. 26 Broadway.
For freight apply at No. 54 South-st.
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

FURTHER REDUCTION IN PASSAGE RATES. Favorite passenger steamers of the ANCHOR LINE sail every SATURDAY with passengers for LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW AND DERRY.

CALEDONIA, MACDONALD, SATURDAY, Dec. 28.
IOWA, HEDDERWICK, SATURDAY, Jan. 4.
BRITANNIA, LAIRD, SATURDAY, Jan. 11.
From Pier No. 6 North River, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency:
To Liverpool, Glasgow and Derry, cabins, $90 and $75, according to location.
Excursion tickets, good for twelve months, $160.
Intermediate, $35; Steerage, $25.
Prepaid certificates from these ports, $35.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp, Havre, &c., at very low rates.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York.
FRANCIS MACDONALD & CO., Agents.
To avoid imposition, passengers will please come direct to the office, as this Company does not employ runners.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR:
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

RUSSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Dec. 25.
AFRICA leaves Boston, Wednesday, Jan. 1.
SCOTIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Jan. 8.
CUBA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Jan. 15.
PERSIA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Dec. 22.
CHINA leaves New-York, Wednesday, Jan. 29.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage........$150
Second Cabin Passage........80
FROM NEW-YORK TO PARIS.
Chief Cabin Passage........$165
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage........$125
Second Cabin Passage........70
Payable in Gold.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS, SURMONT....SATURDAY, Dec. 28
NAPOLEON III....LEMAIRE....SATURDAY, Jan. 11
PEREIRE....DUCHESNE....SATURDAY, Jan. 25

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,)
TO BREST OR HAVRE,
First cabin, $160; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS,
including railway tickets, furnished on board,
First cabin, $165; second cabin, $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.

American travelers going to or returning from the continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid unnecessary risks from transit by English railways and crossing the channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent No. 58 Broadway.

CUNARD LINE OF EXTRA STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.
FROM NEW-YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY
HECLA.........Dec. 18
TARIFA.........Dec. 25
RATES OF PASSAGE:
Cabin........$80 Gold.
Steerage........$25 Currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 currency.
For Steerage Passage, apply at No. 69 Broadway.
For Freight and Cabin Passage, at No. 4 Bowling-green.
E. CUNARD.

NEW-YORK & BREMEN STEAMSHIP CO.

THE CHEAPEST LINE.

Steamships ATLANTIC, BALTIC and WESTERN METROPOLIS,
FOR SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE AND BREMEN.
First cabin $110; second cabin $65; steerage $35, Gold.
The regular trips being discontinued during the Winter months, extra departures will be advertised.
For freight, expressage, bills of exchange or passage apply to ISAAC TAYLOR, President, 40 Broadway.

LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY.

The following FIRST-CLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, built expressly for the New-York trade, are intended to sail regularly between NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, calling at QUEENSTOWN, viz.:
MANHATTAN, MINNESOTA,
CHICAGO, NEBRASKA,
with other first-class steamers building. To sail:
CHICAGO........WEDNESDAY, Jan. 1
NEBRASKA........WEDNESDAY, Jan. 8
MANHATTAN........WEDNESDAY, Jan. 15
From Pier No. 37 East River.

Cabin, (the accommodations being equal to any Atlantic steamer,) $80, gold; return tickets, $160, gold; in steerage, $25, currency.
Tickets to bring out passengers from Europe can be obtained on reasonable terms. For freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.
For steerage passage to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 29 Broadway.

THE NATIONAL LINE.

Steamers weekly to Liverpool and Queenstown, leaving Pier No. 47 North River, every SATURDAY
HELVETIA, CUTTING........SATURDAY, Jan. 4
DENMARK, THOMSON........SATURDAY, Jan. 11
ERIN, FORBES........SATURDAY, Jan. 18
PENNSYLVANIA, LEWIS........SATURDAY, Jan. 25
Cabin passage, payable in currency, $100.
Steerage passage to Liverpool or Queenstown, $25 in currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown $35 in currency.
For further particulars apply at the office of the Company, Nos. 57 and 27 Broadway, or No. 73 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, VIA HALIFAX.—The steamship CITY OF ANTWERP of the Inman Line, will sail from Pier No. 45, North River, at noon on SATURDAY, Dec. 28, for Liverpool, calling at Halifax. Rates of passage from New-York to Halifax: First cabin, $20; steerage, $10, gold.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.—The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails:
CITY OF ANTWERP........SATURDAY......Dec. 28
CITY OF LONDON........SATURDAY......Jan. 4
CITY OF WASHINGTON...SATURDAY......Jan. 11
CITY OF BALTIMORE.....SATURDAY......Jan. 18
ETNA........SATURDAY......Jan. 25
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE
By the mail steamer sailing every Saturday.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	105	Steerage to London	35
First Cabin to Paris	115	Steerage to Paris	45

Passage by the Wednesday steamers, first cabin, $110; steerage, $30. Payable in United States Currency.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40 currency. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information, apply at the Company's offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.
Philadelphia office, No. 411 Chestnut-st.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND
BY STEAMSHIP AND SAILING PACKET,
AT REDUCED RATES.
DRAFTS AVAILABLE THROUGHOUT ENGLAND, IRELAND, SCOTLAND AND WALES.
For particulars apply to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st. and No. 23 Broadway.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, SAILING REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M. PRECISELY, FROM PIER No. 4, NORTH RIVER.
COLUMBIA, Capt. D. B. BARTON, Dec. 26.
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, Jan. 2.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. RICH. ADAMS, Jan. 9.
For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. B. HARTSON, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SPECIAL NOTICE—FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.—The United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company will dispatch the fine side-wheel steamship NORTH AMERICA, Capt. L. F. TIMMERMAN, for St. Thomas and the Brazil ports, on TUESDAY, Dec. 24, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 46 North River, foot of King-st.
For freight or passage apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

CHANGE OF STEAMER AND SAILING DAY.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP
GEORGIA.
Will sail as above from Pier No. 39 East River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 28, at 3 P. M.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS,
No. 44 Beaver-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.,

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
The Atlantic Mail Steamship Company's steamer EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE, will sail for Havana, calling at Nassau to land passengers and mails, on THURSDAY, JAN. 2, 1868. For freight or passage apply to GEO. B. HARTSON, President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

EVERY THURSDAY.
REDUCED RATES OF FREIGHT.
Measurement goods, 5 cents per cubic foot.
The Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Company's side-wheel steamship
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. EATON, sails THURSDAY, Dec. 19.
From Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M. precisely, giving through passage tickets over the Central Railroad of Georgia, and Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, to points in the interior, and by Florida steamers to points on the coast of Florida.
For freight or passage apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

Rates of freight greatly reduced.
MURRAY'S LINE OF STEAMERS EVERY TUESDAY.
CLEOPATRA, PHILLIPS, Commander.
Sails TUESDAY, Dec. 24,
at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 16 East River, giving through passage tickets in connection with the Central Railroad of Georgia, Atlantic and Gulf Railroad, and Florida steamers to all points South and Southwest.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., AND FLORIDA PORTS—PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY—EVERY THURSDAY.
E. B. SOUDER, Capt. LEBBY, THURSDAY, Dec. 26,
MONEKA, Capt. SHACKFORD, THURSDAY, Jan. 2,
from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 P. M. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued to all points South, in connection with the South Carolina Railroad.
For freight or passage apply to
WHEELER & LINNARD, Agents, 13 Broadway.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—U. States passports indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA,

CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL
VIA PANAMA RAILROAD.
FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

Steamers leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock, noon, as follows:
Nov. 30—ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. FARNSWORTH.
Dec. 11—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. GRAY, connecting with GOLDEN CITY, Capt. LAPIDGE.
Dec. 21—RISING STAR, Capt. CONNER, connecting with SACRAMENTO, Capt. PARKER.
100 pounds baggage allowed free to each adult passenger. Medicines and attendance free.
All departures touch at Acapulco; those of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for South Pacific ports; 1st and 11th for Central American Ports, and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.
Departure of 11th of each month connects with the new steam line from Panama to Australia and New-Zealand.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.
Steamer of Dec. 21 connects closely with steamer CHINA, from San Francisco, Jan. 13; at Yokohama with steamers NEW YORK for Hong Kong, and COSTA RICA for Nagasaki and Shanghae.
For passage tickets and all further information apply at the office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY!
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
Via Panama or Nicaragua.
Will dispatch their new and splendid steamships from New-York, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot Warren-st., at noon, at lower rates than by any other line.
For passage and freight, over both routes, as follows:
VIA PANAMA.
JAN. 4, 1868—Steamship ARAGO, connecting with steamship AMERICA.
JAN. 24, 1868—Steamship SANTIAGO DE CUBA, connecting with steamship NEVADA.
FEB. 14, 1868—Steamship DAKOTA, connecting with steamship NEBRASKA.
VIA NICARAGUA.
JAN. 15, 1868—Steamship SAN FRANCISCO, connecting with steamship MOSES TAYLOR.
FEB. 25, 1868—Steamship SAN FRANCISCO, connecting with steamship MOSES TAYLOR.
These steamships are expressly fitted for this trade, and are unsurpassed for safety, speed, elegance and comfort, and their rates for passage and freight will ALWAYS BE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.
For further particulars address the undersigned at No. 177 West-street, New-York.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.
WM. H. WEBB, President.
CHAS. DANA, Vice-President.
No. 54 Exchange-place, New-York.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Persons purchasing tickets this month for steamer ARAGO, Jan. 4, can do so at the VERY LOW PRICE of $100 first cabin; $80 second cabin; $40 steerage, in currency, through to San Francisco, railroad fare and subsistence included.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon of the 1st, 11th, and 21st of every month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, then on Saturday preceding.
One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
Dec. 21, ARIZONA, Capt. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION.
Steamer Feb. 11, 1868, connects closely with steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, leaving San Francisco, March 5, for Japan and China.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

BLACK STAR INDEPENDENT LINE.
Steamship THAMES, L. W. PENNINGTON, Commander, leaves TUESDAY, Dec. 24.
Steamship MONTGOMERY, LYONS, Commander, leaves SATURDAY, Dec. 28.
Steamship HUNTSVILLE, CROWELL, Commander, leaves SATURDAY, Jan. 4.
At 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
Through passage tickets given over the Central R. R. of Georgia and Atlantic and Gulf R. R., Florida, to all points in the interior, at lower rates than any other line.

FOR NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
One of the elegant steamships of this Company will leave Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M. Connecting with the seaboard and Roanoke Railroad and the Virginia and Tennessee Air Line, and their connections.
For freight or passage apply to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.
Bills of lading signed on the pier.

FOR CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
One of the elegant steamships of this Company will leave Pier No. 37 North River, foot of Beach-st., every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 3 P. M., connecting with the Richmond and Danville, Virginia Central, and Petersburgh and Weldon Railroads.
For freight or passage apply to
N. L. McCREADY, President,
No. 187 Greenwich-st., corner of Dey-st.
Bills of lading signed on the pier.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—Regular line. Measurement goods 10c. per cubic foot, and lower than any other line. The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, M. B. CROWELL, Commander, will be dispatched on SATURDAY, Jan. 4, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14 East River, foot of Wall-st.
Bills of lading issued to all points in the South and Southwest.
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT—THE CROMWELL LINE.—Steamships of this line will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., at 3 o'clock P. M. as follows:
GEO. CROMWELL, SATURDAY, Dec. 28.
GEO. WASHINGTON, SATURDAY, Jan. 4.
For passage or freight, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

STEAMBOATS.

BRISTOL LINE.

FOR
BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE,
VIA BRISTOL, R. I.
FROM PIER NO. 40 NORTH RIVER.

The magnificent steamers BRISTOL, Capt. BRAYTON, and PROVIDENCE, Capt. SIMMONS, at 4 P. M. daily. Only one hour and thirty minutes by rail from Bristol to Boston. Arriving in Boston in ample time to connect with Northern and Eastern trains.
These steamers are the largest, staunchest and most elegant ever placed upon the American waters. In the number and size of their state-rooms, and extent and splendor of their accommodations, they are unrivaled.
Tickets sold and staterooms secured at the office, on Pier No. 40 North River, near foot of Canal-st. Also, tickets sold and baggage checked through at the office of Westcott's Express Company, No. 1 Park-place, Nos. 785 and 945 Broadway; Harlem Railroad Depot, 26th-st. and 4th-av.; Hudson River Railroad Depot, 29th-st. and 9th-av., New-York; No. 259 Washington-st., Brooklyn.
By purchasing tickets at any of these offices, baggage can be checked from residence to destination.
H. O. BRIGGS, General Manager.
GEO. W. TIERS, Agent.

SHREWSBURY, LONG BRANCH AND RED BANK.

The favorite steamboat MARTA will leave pier foot of Barclay-st., short pier, as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Thursday, Dec. 5, 12 M.	Wednes., Dec. 4, 9 A. M.
Saturday, Dec. 7, 1 P. M.	Friday, Dec. 6, 10:30 A. M.
Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1 P. M.	Monday, Dec. 9, 12:30 P. M.
Thursday, Dec. 12, 2 P. M.	Wednes., Dec. 11, 7 A. M.
Saturday, Dec. 14, 9 A. M.	Friday, Dec. 13, 7:30 A. M.

FOR SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH.—The strong and commodious steamboat SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave foot of Chambers-st. Fare reduced to 25 cents.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Tuesday, Dec. 3, 11:30 A. M.	Wednesday, 4th, 9:30 A. M.
Thursday, Dec. 5, 1 P. M.	Friday, Dec. 6, 11 A. M.
Saturday, Dec. 7, 2 P. M.	Monday, Dec. 9, 1 P. M.
Tuesday, Dec. 10, 1 P. M.	Wednesday, 11th, 7:30 A. M.
Thursday, Dec. 12, 8 A. M.	Friday, Dec. 13, 8 A. M.
Saturday, Dec. 14, 9:30 A. M.	Monday, Dec. 16, 8 A. M.
Tuesday, Dec. 17, 12 M.	Wednesday, 18th, 10 A. M.
Thursday, Dec. 19, 1:30 P. M.	Friday, Dec. 20, 12 M.
Saturday, Dec. 21, 2 P. M.	Monday, Dec. 23, 1:30 A. M.

CHANGE OF HOUR.

The New-Haven Trans. Co.'s steamers will leave pier 26 E. R., daily, on and after Monday, Nov. 4, at 4 P. M., instead of 6 as heretofore. Saturday night at 12, as usual.

FOR SALE—THE STEAMBOAT JOHN ROMER.—By order of the Greenwich and Rye Steamboat Co., the steamboat JOHN ROMER, well known as the fastest boat of her class in these waters, will be sold, without reserve, by Burdett, Jones & Co., on THURSDAY, Jan. 9, at 1 o'clock. For full particulars apply at ABENDROTH BROS., No. 109 Beekman-st., or C. & R. POILLON, No. 224 South-st.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD &c.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 4 P. M. Trains leave New-Haven at 11 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE CO., IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 40 WALL-ST.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 6, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, duly convened to-day at this office, the following resolutions increasing the guarantee capital stock of this Company, and directing the time and mode of subscribing for and paying in the same, including the closing and opening of the stock transfer-books, were unanimously adopted: Resolved, That the guarantee capital stock of this Company be increased one hundred thousand dollars, and that the subscriptions for the same, in shares of fifty dollars each, shall be received at the office of this Company, No. 40 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the eighth day of February next, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and three o'clock P. M., and on each succeeding day between the same hours during six business days thereafter, unless the subscription shall be sooner filled, and the par value of every such share, being fifty dollars, is hereby required to be paid in, in cash, in sums of ten dollars per share at the time of making such subscriptions, and the balance, being forty dollars per share, within ten business days from and after the fifteenth day of February next, and the proprietors of the existing guarantee capital are hereby declared to have the preference in such subscriptions. Resolved, That notice of the intention to increase the capital stock of this Company one hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby directed to be published for a period of three months, in two daily newspapers published in the City of New-York. Resolved, That the stock transfer-books of this Company be, and the same are hereby directed to be closed on and from Wednesday, the fifth day of February next, at noon, until Wednesday, the fourth day of March next, at noon. By order,
NICHOLAS DeGROOT, Secretary.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF KINGS—MIRANDA GLOVER, Plaintiff, against EDWARD H. GLOVER, Defendant.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the Defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the Court-house, City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 365 Fulton-st., in the City of Brooklyn, State of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated Nov. 29, 1867.
AUGUSTUS H. SIDELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
The complaint in the above action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the Court-house, Brooklyn, on the 29th day of November, 1867.
AUGUSTUS H. SIDELL,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
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RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME.
Leave James-slip:
9 A. M., mail train, for Greenport and all way-stations, connecting at Mineola with trains for Glen Cove and Hempstead.
11 A. M., Syosset passenger trains and all way-stations.
3 P. M. Express train for Riverhead.
4 P. M., Syosset and Glen Cove passenger train and all way-stations.
5 P. M., Farmingdale and Hempstead, passenger train, and for North Islip SATURDAYS only.
Sunday excursion train leaves Hunter's Point 9:15 A. M., arrives at Hunter's Point at 4:40 P. M. To take effect Nov. 4, 1867.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

NOTICE.
The Express train, leaving New-York at 3 P. M. for River Head, will run to Greenport on the 24th and 25th inst. Returning, will leave Greenport at 6 A. M. on the 25th and 26th inst. for Hunter's Point, and will also run to Greenport on the 30th inst. and the 1st of January, 1868. Returning, will leave Greenport on the 1st and 2d of January, at 6 A. M., for Hunter's Point.
I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

PEIPHER'S DAILY LINE OF TRANSPORTATION.

On and after Nov. 1, 1867, the Peiphers' Daily Line will receive and transport goods and merchandise to Harrisburgh and stations beyond, from the depot of the Morris and Essex Railroad Company, Pier No. 26 North River. All goods received up to 4 o'clock P. M. will be forwarded the same day. Freight taken at lowest rates and forwarded with dispatch.
Mark goods "Via Peipher daily line to Harrisburgh, Penn."
J. B. MONTGOMERY,
Proprietor Peipher Line.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., Pavonia Ferry:
8 A. M.—Day Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points West and South.
8:30 A. M.—Way Train daily for Otisville and intermediate stations.
10 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South.
3:30 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M.—Way Express, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, to Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.
5 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and all points South and West.
6 P. M.—Way Train for Suffern and intermediate stations.
6:30 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and all points West and South. By this train sleeping-coaches will run through to Cincinnati without change.
8 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for the West.
Also, Way Trains for Boiling Spring, Passaic and Paterson at 6:45 and 9:15 A. M., 12 M. and 1:45, 4, 6:45 and 11 P. M. On Wednesday nights a Theatre Train at 12 o'clock for Suffern and intermediate stations.
SUNDAY TRAINS.—8:30 A. M. Way Train for Otisville; 12 M. and 3:30 P. M. for Paterson; 6:30 P. M. Night Express for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca and all points West and South; 11 P. M. for Paterson and Port Jervis.
Express Trains run through to Salamanca, Dunkirk and Buffalo without change of coaches, and in direct connection with all Southern and Western lines.
Perfectly ventilated and luxurious sleeping coaches accompany all Night Trains.
Tickets can be obtained at the Company's offices, No. 241 Broadway; depot foot of Chambers-st., New-York, and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
H. RIDDLE, Gen'l Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, Nov. 25, 1867, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
8 A. M. Express train, via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
10 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for the West, and at Troy with trains for the North.
11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c., at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga, Rutland, Burlington and the North.
3:45 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.
4:35 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, &c.; and at Albany with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.
6:30 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany. This train will run on Sundays.
11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany with early trains for Buffalo and Suspension Bridge, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga and points North.
A Sunday train will be run via Hudson River Railroad from New-York to Poughkeepsie and intermediate stations, leaving New-York at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 3 P. M., arriving in New-York at 6:40.
Also, a Sunday train via Harlem Railroad, leaving 42d-st. at 9 A. M., and arriving at Millerton at 3:40 P. M. Returning, leave Millerton at 4:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 12 M.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD—FOOT OF CORTLANDT-ST.—A DOUBLE-TRACK PASSENGER LINE SOUTH AND WEST.—No change of cars for 758 miles; 48 miles saved to Chicago, 115 to Cincinnati, 380 to Mobile, 115 to St. Louis, 210 to Memphis, and 270 miles to New-Orleans. Four Through Trains daily; 8:40 A. M., 12 noon, 5 P. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sundays, 7:30 P. M. only.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DEC. 16, 1867.
7 A. M.—Philadelphia, (Walnut-st. wharf.)
8:40 A. M.—Baltimore, Washington and Pittsburgh without change of cars, connections at Pittsburgh and Baltimore for the West, and at Baltimore and Washington for the South.
10 A. M.—For West Philadelphia.
12 Noon—West Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington, connecting at Baltimore with Western lines, via Wheeling and Parkersburgh.
1 P. M.—Philadelphia Way, (Walnut-st. wharf.)
4 P. M.—Philadelphia, (Walnut-st. wharf.)
5 P. M.—Cincinnati Express for West Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Silver-palace cars run through to Cincinnati without change; but one change to St. Louis and Chicago.
6:30 P. M.—Daily for Philadelphia, (Kensington.)
7:30 P. M.—Daily for Baltimore and Washington without change, connecting at Pittsburgh (sleeping cars to Altoona) and Baltimore, with trains for the West, and at Wilmington, Del., and Washington for the South.
Tickets obtained and baggage checked at all hours of the day, at the Company's ticket office, foot of Cortlandt-st. Also, at Depot Jersey City; Market-st., Newark; Elizabeth, and at ticket offices and principal hotels in New-York.
F. W. JACKSON, General Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 5:30 and 9:25 A. M., 1:22, 4:22, 5:25 and 6:32 P. M. The 5:30, 1:22 and 4:22 run to Monsey.
THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

INSTRUCTION.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE,

No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington-square, GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits pupils of all ages for business or college. Progress rapid and terms reasonable.

MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 17 West 38th-st.

MR. GEORGE C. ANTHON

WILL REOPEN
HIS CLASSSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
With Primary Department and Gymnasium,
NO. 212 5TH-AV., CORNER 26TH-ST.,
On WEDNESDAY, Sept. 11.

WILLIAM MASON AND THEODORE THOMAS' CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 125 5th-av., near 20th-st.
Classes formed daily for children and advanced pupils in singing, harmony, piano, harp, violin, and all other instruments, and in playing concerted music; popular elementary, choral and orchestral classes are also forming. Office hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, NOS. 161 5TH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY,

Corner 22d-st. Twelfth year. Rooms spacious, light, airy, steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon. Light gymnastics. A Literary Union gathers teachers and older pupils weekly. Only pure, contented, working pupils desired.

REV. J. H. TYNG'S SCHOOL

For the careful
INSTRUCTION OF A FEW BOYS,
No. 967 Broadway.

$15.—AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER of the piano, singing and the French language from the Conservatoire de Musique, Paris, has one or two disengaged hours; terms for either branch $15; for all $20 per quarter; a favorable arrangement would be made with a school in or near the City. Address L. V., Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

ELOCUTION.—AN ACTRESS HAVING ATtained the highest rank in her profession, instructs in every style of reading or acting; terms $1 50 per hour, in advance; her references are among the most respectable and highly-cultured in this City. Address for four weeks C. M. C., Box No. 150 *Times* Office.

BOOK-KEEPING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, &c.—Messrs. DOLBEAR, No. 609 Broadway, give private instruction day or evening, and qualify pupils practically for head book-keepers. They also remove stiffness, cramping or trembling, and make elegant business penmen.

MR. VAN NORMAN'S ENGLISH AND French boarding and day school for young ladies, No. 5 West 38th-st., New-York. For full information see circular. Address as above

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding-school for boys. Pupils received at any time. For circulars, apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. For circulars, address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.—TERM opens DEC. 30. Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal, Claverack, Columbia County, New-York.

MRS. PLUMB'S CALISTHENEUM, NO. 82 5th-av. Classes in light gymnastics for ladies and children.

FRENCH CONVERSATION AND LITERATURE. Prof. J. L. PARRAIN, No. 27 Bond-st.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A TEACHER TO INSTRUCT IN Trigonometry, &c., a pupil. Direct to O. B., No. 515 Hudson-st., New-York, stating terms and address.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs, at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 134 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBELIZED SLATE MANTELS— Half the price of marble. Send for a circular. T. B. STEWART, 605 6th-av. bet. 35th and 36th sts.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGINATED the anaesthetic use of nitrous oxide gas administer it in the manner most approved by the medical profession, do nothing but EXTRACT TEETH, and they certainly do that WITHOUT PAIN—as 20,000 patients testify. See their names at the office, No. 19 Cooper Institute.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Nov. 15, 1867.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. the 11th of January, 1868, for the transportation of military supplies during the year commencing April 1, 1868, and ending March 31, 1869, on the following routes:

ROUTE NO. 2.

From Fort Harker, Kansas, Fort Hays, Kansas, and any other point or points that may be designated by the Chief Quartermaster Department of the Missouri, on the Union Pacific Railroad, E. D., to any places that may be designated by the shipping officer, in the State of Kansas and Territory of Colorado south of latitude 40 degrees North, and to Fort Union, New-Mexico, or other depot that may be designated in that Territory, and to any other points on the route to that depot.

ROUTE NO. 3.

From Fort Union, or such other depot as may be established in the Territory of New-Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona, and in the State of Texas west of longitude 105 degrees.

ROUTE NO. 5.

From such point as may be designated on the Missouri Pacific Railroad, Southwest Branch of Missouri Pacific Railroad, or the Union Pacific Railroad, E. D., to Fort Gibson, Indian Territory, or such other point as may be established as the military depot in that Territory.

The weight to be transported during the year will not exceed on Route No. 2, 20,000,000 pounds; on Route No. 3, 8,000,000 pounds; and on Route No. 5, 2,000,000 pounds.

Proposals will be made for each route separately.

Bidders will state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport the stores in each month of the year, beginning April 1, 1868, and ending March 31, 1869.

Bidders will give their names in full, as well as their places of residence, and each proposal *must* be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars, duly executed by two or more responsible persons, in legal form and properly stamped, guaranteeing that in case the contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal to the party proposing, it will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said party in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

Each bidder must be present at the opening of the proposals, or be represented by his attorney.

The contractor will be required to give bonds in the following amounts:
On Route No. 2, $200,000.
On Route No. 3, $100,000.
On Route No. 5, $30,000.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals will be indorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. "2," "3," or "5," as the case may be, *and none will be entertained unless they comply with the requirements of this advertisement.*

The party to whom an award is made must be prepared to execute the contract without unnecessary delay, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the contract.

The right to reject any and all bids that may be offered is reserved.

The contractor on each route must be in readiness for service by the 1st day of April, 1868, and must have a place of business or agency at which he may be communicated with readily. For Route No. 2 at Fort Harker and such other point on the railroad as may be designated as the starting point of the route; for Route No. 3 at Fort Union, New-Mexico, or such other point as may be established as the depot, and for Route No. 5 at Leavenworth, Kansas.

Blank forms showing the conditions of the contract to be entered into for each route can be had upon application at this office, or at the office of the Quartermaster at New-York, Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Fort Leavenworth, Omaha, Denver, C. T., and Santa Fe, and must accompany and be a part of the proposals.

L. C. EASTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General,
C. Q. M. Dep't of the Missouri.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF THE PLATTE,
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
OMAHA, Nebraska, Nov. 20, 1867.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 M. on THURSDAY, the 2d day of January, 1868, for the transportation of Military Supplies during the year commencing April 1, 1868, and ending March 31, 1869, on

ROUTE NO. 1.

From Cheyenne, Dakotah, or such other points as may be determined upon during the year on the Omaha branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, west of Cheyenne, to such posts or depots as are now or may be established in the Territory of Montana, south of latitude 47 degrees; in the Territory of Dakotah, west of longitude 104 degrees; in the Territory of Idaho, east of longitude 114 degrees, and in the Territories of Utah and Colorado, north of latitude 40 degrees, including, if necessary, Denver City.

The weight to be transported during the year on Route No. 1 will not exceed twenty-five million (25,000,000) pounds.

Bidders will state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport the stores in each month of the year, beginning April 1, 1868, and ending March 31, 1869.

Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their places of residence, and each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand ($10,000) dollars signed by two or more responsible persons, legally executed and properly stamped, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal to the party proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said party in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

Each bidder must be present at the opening of the proposals, in person or be represented by his attorney.

The contractor will be required to give $250,000 bonds.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be indorsed, "Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. 1," and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with the requirements of this advertisement.

The party to whom the award is made must be prepared to execute the contract at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the contract.

The right to reject any and all bids that may be offered is reserved.

The contractor must be in readiness for service by the 1st day of April, 1868, and will be required to have a place of business or agency at which he may be communicated with promptly and readily, for Route No. 1 at Cheyenne, Dakotah, or at such other point as may be indicated as the starting point of the route.

Blank forms, showing the conditions of the contract to be entered into can be had on application at this office, or at the office of the Quartermaster at New-York, St. Louis, Chicago, Denver, Fort Leavenworth, Santa F and Fort Snelling, and must accompany and be a part of the proposals.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.
WM. MYERS, Brevet Brig.-Gen.,
Chief Quartermaster,
Department of the Platte.

ST. LOUIS WATERWORKS.

TO MACHINISTS.
OFFICE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,
CITY OF ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16, 1867.

Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for High Service Pumping Engines," and directed to the "Board of Water Commissioners," will be received at their office, southeast corner of Fourth and Elm sts., City of St. Louis, until 12 o'clock, noon, of MONDAY, the 27th day of January, 1868, at which hour the bids will be publicly opened and read, for building and erecting at Bissell's Point, City of St. Louis, two high service pumping engines, with boilers and appurtenances complete; engine No. 1 to be completed and ready for service by the 1st of November, 1869; engine No. 2 to be completed and ready for service by the 1st of January, 1870.

Also, at the same time and place, sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Low Service Pumping Engines," and directed to the "Board of Water Commissioners" as aforesaid, for building and erecting at Bissell's Point, City of St. Louis, two low service pumping engines, with boilers and appurtenances complete. Engine No. 1 to be completed and ready for service by the 1st of October, 1869. Engine No. 2 to be completed and ready for service by the 1st of January, 1870.

Plans of the engines and boilers can be seen, and specifications with form of proposal and contract can be obtained upon application at the Engineer's office as above, on or after Thursday, the 19th December, 1867, and also at the office of Wm. F. Worthen, Civil Engineer, No. 482 Broadway, New-York.

The amount of security will not be less than fifty thousand dollars on each contract. The Board reserves to itself the right to increase this amount of security after the proposals are opened, to any sum not exceeding one-half the amount of the contract, should they decide that it is for the interest of the city so to do. The sureties offered *must* be resident freeholders of the County of St. Louis.

By order of the Board.
GEO. K. BUDD, President.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER
FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT,
NEW-ORLEANS, La., Dec. 13, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED and will be received at this office until 12 M. Jan. 13, 1868, for the purchase of all the right, title and interest of the United States, in and to the United States Military Railroad from Brazos Santiago to White's Ranche, Texas.

The sale will include the entire track and sidings, buildings, water stations, turn-tables, &c., the railroad materials and supplies pertaining to the road, together with the rolling stock, cars, machinery and other equipments, as follows:
5½ miles railroad track.
4 claw bars, used.
2 pinch bars, used.
6 stuffing boxes, used.
20,000 pounds railroad chairs, good.
9,560 pounds railroad iron, good.
1 locomotive, unserviceable.
1 locomotive and tender, serviceable.
1 locomotive head-light, unserviceable.
14 coupling links, good.
586 pounds car springs, good.
12,000 pounds railroad spikes, good.
500 cases ties, good.
2 shackle bars, used.
20 square brasses, good.
7 flat cars, worn but serviceable.
2 crows-feet, worn.
4 railroad frogs and 3 switch stands, worn.
4 spike mauls, worn.
2 jack screws and levers, worn.
2 turn-tables, worn.
1 fire tongs, worn.
2 screw wrenches, worn.
1 hand car, worn.
2 push-car wheels, worn.
1 stove, worn.
1 push car, worn.
4 hand-car wheels, worn.

This sale will not include the title to the land, which does not belong to the United States, nor to the bridge over the "Boca Chica."

This road is about ten miles in length, and extends from Brazos Santiago to White's Ranche on the Rio Grande. From this point connection is made by steamer with Brownsville and Matamoras.

Of the ten miles 3 139-160 are washed away by a late hurricane, 4 67-160 are in running order, although not continuous, and about 1 34-160 miles of the material are buried in sand.

The route is the shortest and best for the immense traffic between the Gulf of Mexico and the interior of Southern Texas and Northern Mexico, and the communication by rail alone can readily be extended to Brownsville.

The railroad to White's Ranche saves thirty miles of difficult and tortuous navigation. The road is five feet gauge, good ties, T rail and full spiked.

The property may be inspected on application to Capt. O. H. Hoyt, A. Q. M., Brownsville, Texas, and any information desired may be obtained from that officer, or from the office of the Chief Quartermaster Fifth Military District, New-Orleans, La.

A condition of the sale will be that transportation shall be furnished for all Government troops and supplies, whenever required, at rates not to exceed those paid by the United States to other railroad companies in the Fifth Military District.

Terms of payment cash, in United States Treasury notes.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for Brazos Santiago and Rio Grande Railroad," and addressed to the undersigned at this office.

A. J. McGONIGLE,
Brevet Lieut.-Col. and A. Q. M. U. S. A., in charge of office.

ASTROLOGY.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL AND BUSINESS Clairvoyant, No. 144 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., tells the name and shows likeness of future husband; brings together those long separated; lucky numbers.

FIFTH-AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,

DR. ARMITAGE, PASTOR.
The annual renting of the pews of this church will occur THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. The edifice will be opened at 6 P. M. The assessed annual rental of the different pews will be stated at the time. Renters will bid for choice. By order of the Trustees.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GERMAN DRAMA.
Director........MAX MARETZEK
MISS JANAUSCHEK'S
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES
BEFORE HER DEPARTURE FOR THE WEST.
The Director has the pleasure to announce that the celebrated tragedienne, Miss Janauschek, will appear in this City in four of her most famous characters during next week.
ON MONDAY, DEC. 23,
will be performed Mosenthal's celebrated drama of
DEBORAH.
Miss JANAUSCHEK in her celebrated role of DEBORAH.
ON WEDNESDAY, DEC. 25,
MARIE ANNE,
and KOMM HER, by Elsholz.
Tickets and seats can be secured this morning at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Macoy's, No. 114 Broadway; and the box office Academy of Music.

FRENCH THEATRE.

H. L. BATEMAN........Lessee and Director
FAREWELL OF
THE GRAND DUCHESS.
MLLE. TOSTEE, AS THE GRAND DUCHESS.
LAST WEEK OF THE OPERA.
POSITIVELY LAST FIVE NIGHTS.

MONDAY, DEC. 23,	THE DUCHESS.
CHRISTMAS EVE, DEC. 24,	THE DUCHESS.
CHRISTMAS NIGHT, DEC. 25,	THE DUCHESS.
THURSDAY, DEC. 26,	THE DUCHESS.
FRIDAY, DEC. 27,	THE DUCHESS.
SATURDAY,	GRAND DUCHESS MATINEE,

AT 12 O'CLOCK PRECISELY,
the opera company proceeding to Boston in the evening.
Due notice will be given of their return for the production of
LA BELLE HELENE, &c.
FRENCH DRAMATIC COMPANY.
The Theatre has been leased by Mr. Bateman to Mr. Grau for a limited number of nights, but the French Dramatic Performances will be given as usual on
TUESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,
SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 28,
UNE CORNEILLE QUI ABAT DES NOIX
and LA FAMILLE DE DOMINIQUE.
MLLE. REILLEZ in both plays and five characters.
Seats may be secured for any performance at the Theatre, and Nos. 895, 701, 112 and 114 Broadway.

ADELAIDE RISTORI—MARIE ANTOINETTE

Theatre Francais........Lessee and Director, J. GRAU
The sale of choice seats for
MME. RISTORI'S REPRESENTATIONS
will commence THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock, at Schirmer's music-store, 701 Broadway, and at the French Theatre. To avoid exorbitant prices, generally paid to speculators, the public are requested to purchase their seats only at the advertised ticket offices.
Mme. ADELAIDE RISTORI'S REPRESENTATIONS OF MARIE ANTOINETTE
will take place
MONDAY, Dec. 30; THURSDAY, Jan. 2;
FRIDAY, Jan. 3; SATURDAY MATINEE, Jan. 4.

IRVING HALL.

MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 23, 1867.
LAST GRAND CONCERT.
Last appearance of the highly successful American prima donna,
MISS JENNY BUSK,
together with
Mr. LEOPOLD DE MEYER, the great Pianist.
Mr. WENZEL KOPTA, Violinist.
Mr. W. J. HILL, Tenor.
Mr. G. W. COLBY, Conductor.
Tickets, $1. Rerserved seats 50 cents extra. For sale at Irving Hall and all the music-stores.

NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY.

CHRISTMAS NIGHT.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 25, 1867.
THIRD GRAND ORATORIO.
Handel's great work,
THE MESSIAH,
AT STEINWAY HALL.
L. F. HARRISON........Director
with the following powerful cast:

Mme. PAREPA-ROSA	Soprano
Miss C. V. HUTCHINGS	Contralto
Mr. GEORGE SIMPSON	Tenor
Mr. J. R. THOMAS	Baritone
Mr. E. J. CONNOLLY	Organist
Mr. F. L. RITTER	Conductor
Mr. G. W. COLBY	Pianist

THEO. THOMAS' FULL ORCHESTRA.
GRAND CHORUS
OF THE
NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY.
Tickets One Dollar.
Reserved seats fifty cents extra.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS' READINGS.

THIRD COURSE OF FOUR.
Mr. CHARLES DICKENS will read in Steinway Hall on THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 26, his "CHRISTMAS CAROL," and the "TRIAL" (from Pickwick;) on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 27, his "NICHOLAS NICKLEBY," (at Mr. Squeers' School,) and "MR. BOB SAWYER'S PARTY," (from Pickwick;) on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 30, his "NICHOLAS NICKLEBY" (at Mr. Squeers' School,) and "BOOTS AT THE HOLLY-TREE INN;" on TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 31, his "DAVID COPPERFIELD" and "MR. BOB SAWYER'S PARTY," (from Pickwick.) The readings to begin at 8 o'clock precisely.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS' READINGS.

FIRST MATINEE.
Mr. CHARLES DICKENS will read in Steinway Hall, on SATURDAY MORNING, Dec. 28, his "DAVID COPPERFIELD" and "BOOTS AT THE HOLY-TREE INN." The reading to begin at 1 o'clock precisely.

STEINWAY HALL.

A. DESSANE
Has the honor to announce that he will give six grand Classical Concerts, to take place on Jan. 8 and 25, Feb. 8 and 22, March 11 and 25, assisted by the following artists: Mesdames De Lassau and Eliza Lumley; Messrs. J. Pollok, Colliere and Weinlich; Miss A. Topp, Mrs. S. B. Mills, Z. Poznanski, and a strong quartette, consisting of Messrs. L. Heynau, A. Zeiss, M. Schwarz, and A. Dessane.
Season tickets for six concerts, including reserved seats........$6
Tickets for one concert, including seserved seats........1
Season tickets are for sale by Messrs. Schirmer, W. A. Pond & Co., J. Schuberth, Dachauer & Villanova.

EXERCISE, HEALTH, AMUSEMENT.

J. WOOD'S Gymnasium, No. 6 East 28th-st., open Day and Evening. Classes now forming. $20 a year.
NOTICE.—The first grand reception of the season will take place MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 23. Tickets may be obtained at the Gymnasium.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS' READINGS.

RESERVED SEATS
for any of Mr. Dickens' Lectures can be procured at the
THEATRE TICKET OFFICE,
No. 114 BROADWAY,
No. 955 Broadway and No. 185 5th-av.

TO LET—DODWORTH HALL, FROM MONDAY, Dec. 23 to Dec. 30, both days inclusive, for concerts, lectures or other entertainments. Apply at the office of the hall during the day and evening.

LECTURES.

MR. DE CORDOVA'S

HUMOROUS LECTURE,
Midge vs. Pidge,
STEINWAY HALL,
MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 23.
Admission 50 cents; reserved seats 75 cents. For sale at Macey & Herwig's, No. 114 Broadway; Tremaine's, No. 481 Broadway; W. A. Pond & Co., Nos. 547 and 865 Broadway; Meallo & Co., No. 615 Broadway; Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 758 Broadway; Chickering & Sons, No. 652 Broadway; Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway; Schuberth & Co., No. 820 Broadway; Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway, and at the door on the evening of the lecture.

DE CORDOVA'S

DE CORDOVA'S
HUMOROUS LECTURE,
HUMOROUS LECTURE.
MRS. FIZZLEBERRY'S NEW GIRL!
MRS. FIZZLEBERRY'S NEW GIRL!
AT TRENOR'S LYRIC HALL,
6th-av. near 42d-st.,
THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 26, 8 O'CLOCK.
Tickets, 50 cents, at No. 389, 633 and 770 Broadway.

MUSICAL.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this City and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufactures of this country, eminently the *best Piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools altogether, because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

NEW PATENT PIANOS.

RAVEN & BACON, Manufacturers of Piano-fortes with Patent Combination Sounding-Boards.
This invention, introduced exclusively into our Pianos, is of the greatest advantage to the tone of the instrument, as it affects the Sounding-Board—the very soul of the Piano—and produces thereby a pure liquid tone, greatly superior in quality and power to that of the ordinary Piano. The Sounding-Board, released from its connection with the piano-case and resting upon under sounding-boards, is relieved from the rigidity caused by such connection, and its vibratory quality greatly increased. All lovers of this eminently household instrument, as well as parties proposing to purchase new Pianos, are invited to call and examine our assortment. Warerooms, 644 and 646 Broadway, N. Y.

THE ESTEY ORGANS,

With the celebrated Vox Humana Tremolo.
Unequaled by anything in the market.
EIGHTY-EIGHT FIRST PREMIUMS
during the last twenty years.
G. G. SAXE & ROBERTSON, No. 417 Broome-st.

WATERS' FIRST-PREMIUM PIANOS with Agraffe Treble.—Melodeons, parlor, church and cabinet organs, the best manufactured; warranted for six years. Second-hand pianos, melodeons and organs at great bargains. Any of the above instruments to let, and rent applied if purchased; monthly installments received from one to two years. Chickering's, Steinway's, Bradbury's, Worcester's and the Arion Pianos to let. Pianos tuned and repaired. Cash paid for second-hand pianos and melodeons. Illustrated catalogues mailed. Warerooms No. 481 Broadway, New-York.
HORACE WATERS & CO.

PIANO-FORTES AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.—All the pianos in wareroom No. 701 Broadway, second floor, will be offered at retail until Jan. 1, at a reduction of 25 per cent.
These pianos are all new and equal to any pianos made.
Every instrument is fully warranted.

GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANOS FOR the Holidays. Prices much reduced. $600 pianos for $500, and $400 pianos for $300; good second-hand pianos at $150; choral organs, best made. Pianos and organs to rent and rent applied if purchased.
T. S. BERRY & CO., No. 593 Broadway.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FIRST-CLASS new Pianos, for sale and to rent on reasonable terms, at
HAINES BROTHERS'
warerooms, No. 46 East 14th-st., Union-square. Rent allowed if purchased within a year.

A SPLENDID SEVEN-OCTAVE ROSEWOOD piano-forte, carved legs, overstrung bass, beautiful tone, by best makers, will be sacrificed at less than half value, for $275, this week. No. 114 9th-st., near Bowery.

PIANO-FORTES—THE FINEST AND CHEAPEST piano manufactured in New-York is by JENNYS & SON, No. 233 East 21st-st. Second-hand pianos, all styles, at bargains.

A SUITABLE HOLIDAY PRESENT.— American Guitars. C. F. Martin's celebrated guitars for sale by CHAS. BRUNO, No. 581 Broadway, up stairs.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW and second-hand piano-fortes, cheap for cash. Also, to let and sold on installments. L. P. CUMMINGS, No. 8 Union-square.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF FIRST-CLASS pianos for sale on reasonable terms at A. H. GALE & CO.'S warerooms, No. 107 East 12th-st., near 3d-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE BARNUM AND VAN AMBURGH MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE COMPANY.

Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
OPEN FROM SUNRISE TO 10 P. M.
Performances in the lecture-room nearly every hour
CHRISTMAS DAY.
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING DURING THE WEEK.
COMMENCING AT 2½ AND 7½ P. M.,
the new Grand Fairy Spectacular pantomime, entitled
LITTLE DEW DROP;
OR THE
FAIRIES' HOME IN THE PALACE OF NEPTUNE.
Previous to the pantomime the pleasing Comedietta entitled the
DAY AFTER THE WEDDING.
The marvel and wonder of the world.
AN INFANT FEMALE ESAU!!!
Hairy all over, with elegant human form.
AFRICAN BABY ELEPHANT!
LIVING GORILLA!
TO BE SEEN AT ALL HOURS, a very attractive and comprehensive collection of BEAUTIFUL TROPICAL FISH, MAMMOTH FAT INFANT, GIANTESS, FAT LADY, DWARFS, CIRCASSIAN GIRL, LIVING SKELETON, SEA-LEOPARDS, LEARNED SEAL, LIGHTNING CALCULATOR, BEARDED LADY, SNAKES, PHENOMENON VIOLINIST, GRAND AQUARIA.
HANNIBAL, JR., HANNIBAL, JR.,
Four years old, 38 inches high, weighs 365 pounds, cost $10,000.
VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S
Immense collection of
LIVING WILD ANIMALS,
Embracing the most prominent and wonderful specimens of animated nature ever exhibited, can be seen day and night.
Admission to the whole, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.
Tickets for Christmas can be procured three days in advance.

BANVARD'S OPERA-HOUSE.

Corner Broadway and 30th-st.
EVERY EVENING AND GRAND MATINEE,
CHRISTMAS DAY,
At 2 P. M.,
a dramatization of
CHARLES DICKENS'
POPULAR NOVEL, ENTITLED
OUR MUTUAL FRIEND;
OR,
FOUND DROWNED.
Produced with
NEW SCENERY,
NEW MECHANICAL EFFECTS,
NEW PROPERTIES,
ORIGINAL MUSIC, &c.,
and a powerful cast, including the popular artists,
MISS MARY MITCHELL AND J. W. ALBAUGH.
In connection with the Museum, the
WONDERFUL MAMMOTH CAVE.
The most unique and wonderful curiosity ever presented to the public, being a representation of
AN ACTUAL CAVERN,
with stalactite and stalagmite formations, cascades, arches, grottoes, halls and passages.
Admission, including balcony seats, 50 cents; parquet and dress circle, including admission, 75 cents; orchestra and dress circle chairs, including admission, $1.
Box office open from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M. Doors open at 7 P. M.; curtain rises at 7½.
The MAMMOTH CAVE open to the public every day from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Admission 50 cents.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT........Director
SUPERB ATTRACTIONS
FOR CHRISTMAS WEEK,
when, and until further notice, will be given
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½,
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½,
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½,
EVERY AFTERNOON AND NIGHT
during Christmas week will be presented the
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
GRAND CHRISTMAS PANTOMIME,
which has been in preparation from the commencement of the season, and will be produced with
NEW AND GORGEOUS COSTUMES,
MAGNIFICENT APPOINTMENTS,
AND TRICKS AND TRANSFORMATIONS
of the most comical description, entitled
THE MISER OF BAGDAD,
THE MISER OF BAGDAD,
THE MISER OF BAGDAD.

Hassan, the Miser	Mr. C. Sherwood
Bushum, his right bower	Mr. C. Davis
Foofoo, a man of substance	Mr. Nat Austin
Omar, a most proper youth	Mr. R. Rivers
Fatima, the Miser's wife	Mr. F. Sagrino
Zelime, the Miser's daughter	Mlle. Viro Farrand
Queen of the Fairies	Miss Julia Melville

Other characters by the Company, augmented by a
FULL AND EFFICIENT CORPS DE BALLET.
Incidental to the pantomime: The Fairy Queen and Her Court; The Miser's Home; The Youthful Lovers; a Surprise and a Struggle; Omar Overpowered;
INTERPOSITION OF THE FAIRY QUEEN;
When several of the characters assume a new face.
OMAR AS HARLEQUIN.
ZELIME AS COLUMBINE.
FOOFOO AS CLOWN.
HASSAN AS PANTALOON.
NOW COMES THE FUN, FAST AND FURIOUS.
The Cat out of the Bag; Great Fall in Building Materials; Shameful Dishonesty of the Clown; A Pretty Mess of Fish; Extraordinary Metamorphosis; Accidental Decapitation of a Gentleman; Great Commotion, requiring the Interference of the Police; Remarkable Experiences in a Barber's Shop; The Harlequin Shot out of a Cannon; Singular Adventure in a Lodging-house.
APPEARANCE OF SANTA CLAUS.
Delighted Juveniles; the Clown as Nurse; Pantaloon in a tight place.
BARNUM'S MUSEUM AND GREAT MORAL MENAGERIE.
The Clown and Pantaloon Desirous of Investigating Natural History; Desperate Efforts to "Come the Giraffe" over the Doorkeeper; Looking up a Costume; Great Excitement.
THE MENAGERIE LOOSE!
Wall-street Eclipsed; Bulls and Bears on the Rampage; the
HORRIBLE FEROCITY OF THE GORILLA
practically exemplified. A new species of giraffe.
UPROARIOUS FINALE.
Previous to the Pantomime a brilliant array of
EXCITING SCENES IN THE CIRCLE,
introducing the full strength of
THE LARGEST AND BEST
TROUPE OF STAR RIDERS AND ACROBATS
on this continent.
Admission 50 cents; children under 10, 25 cents; to Reserved Seats, 75 cents. Begins at 2½ and 8.

FIRE DEPARTMENT BALL.

THIRTY-NINTH ANNUAL BALL
in aid of the
WIDOWS AND ORPHANS FUND
OF THE
NEW-YORK (VOLUNTEER) FIRE DEPARTMENT,
AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
ON
MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 20, 1868.
Tickets, $5, admitting a gentleman and two ladies.
Extra ladies' tickets, $2, can be obtained from either of the members of the Committee, or from the officers.
JAS. F. WENMAN, President,
No. 146 Pearl-st.
JOHN J. WESTRAY, Secretary, No. 1 William-st.
ALONZO SLOTE, Treasurer, No. 120 Fulton-st.
Proscenium and first circle boxes can be secured on application to James F. Wenman, President, No. 146 Pearl-st.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS' READINGS.

Choice seats can be had at the Theatre ticket-office, reading-room Fifth-av. Hotel. Also tickets for all theatres.

DANCING

C. H. RIVERS'

NEW AND ELEGANT DANCING ACADEMY.
No. 130 State-st., corner of Court-st., Brooklyn.
THE FINEST INSTITUTION OF THE KIND IN THE UNITED STATES.
These rooms are now open for the reception of pupils and formation of classes. Several new classes are now forming
Ladies—Tuesday and Friday afternoons.
Gentlemen—Tuesday and Friday Evenings.
Misses and Masters—Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons. A new class for Misses and Masters Saturday Morning, at 10 o'clock.
For terms, &c., send for a circular. Inclose 25c. for a pamphlet, containing a description of the fashionable quadrilles, and upward of eighty figures of the German.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,

NO. 82 5TH-AV., CORNER OF 14TH-ST.,
NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
LADIES' CLASS—Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2 to 4 P. M.
MISSES' and MASTERS'—Wednesdays and Saturdays, 4 to 6 P. M.
GENTLEMEN—Tuesday and Friday evenings, at 8 o'clock.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY,

NO. 212 FIFTH-AV., New-York.
Morning and afternoon classes for children. Evening classes for gentlemen. For terms send for a circular.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOtice is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:
1. For sewers in Forty-sixth and Fifty-first streets from their present terminations to the Hudson River.
2. For flagging sidewalks in Thirtieth-street from Seventh to Eighth-avenue.
3. For setting curb and gutter stones and flagging sidewalks in One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street between Third and Fourth avenues.
4. For setting curb and gutter stones and flagging sidewalks in Forty-eighth-street between Sixth and Seventh avenues.
5. For paving with stone blocks West Eleventh-street from Seventh-avenue to West-street.
6. For paving Broad-street from Wall to South-street with Nicolson pavement.
7. For paving Mercer-street from Canal to Eighth-street with Nicolson pavement.
The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on
1. Both sides of Forty-sixth-street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues; also both sides of Fifty-first-street from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River; also both sides of Twelfth-avenue from Fifty-first to Fifty-second streets.
2. Both sides of Thirtieth-street from Seventh to Eighth-avenue.
3. Both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street between Third and Fourth avenues.
4. The north side of Forty-eighth-street between Sixth and Seventh avenues.
5. Both sides of West Eleventh-street from Greenwich-avenue to West-street to the extent of half the block from West Eleventh-street.
6. Both sides of Broad-street from Wall to South streets; also the southerly side of Wall-street and both sides of Exchange-place and Beaver-street from New-street to a point distant half the block easterly from Broad-street; also both sides of Marketfield, South William, Stone and Bridge streets to a point distant half the block either way from Broad-street; also both sides of Pearl, Water, Front and South streets from Moore-street to Coenties-slip.
7. Both sides of Mercer-street from Canal to Eighth-street and half the block either way on intersecting street.
All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to JACOB F. OAKLEY, Chairman of the Board of Assessors, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-st., basement New Court House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.
JACOB F. OAKLEY, }
JOHN D. OTTIWELL, } Board of Assessors.
ISAAC O. HUNT, }
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT HOUSE, Dec. 18, 1867.

LOST AND FOUND.

$50 REWARD.—LOST, A LADY'S GOLD and enameled hunting case WATCH, "Vacheron & Constantin, No. 99,890," with gold chain and locket attached. The finder will please return the same to No. 209 West 25th-st., or to No. 24 Broad-st., Rooms Nos. 5 and 6.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager......Mr. LESTER WALLACK
SERIES OF STANDARD COMEDIES.
MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 23, 1867,
first time this season, Colley Cibber's fine old Comedy, entitled the
DOUBLE GALLANT,
which will be produced with correct costumes, beautiful scenery, elegant appointments, incidental music, dances and the
FOLLOWING SPLENDID CAST.
PERIOD 1707.

Atall	Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT
Sir Solomon Sadliffe	Mr. JOHN GILBERT
Careless	Mr. J. B. POLK
Old Mr. Wilford	Mr. GEORGE HOLLAND
Clermont	Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD
Captain Strutt	Mr. G. F. BROWNE
Saunter	Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON
Sir Harry Atall	Mr. W. H. POPE
Sir Squabble Splithair	Mr. J. LEONARD
Finder	Mr. E. MILTON
Supple	Mr. T. WARD
Dr. Bolus....Mr. WHITE | Apothecary	Mr. CASHIN
Lady Dainty	Miss FANNY MORANT
Clarinda	Miss KATE RANOE
Lady Sadlife	Mrs. CLARA JENNINGS
Sylvia	Miss MARY BARRETT
Wishwell	Mrs. JOHN SEFTON
Situp	Miss E. MONELL
Maid....Miss TIMONY | Messenger	Miss SCOTT

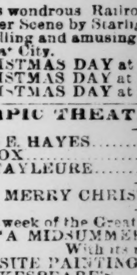
The play concluding with a
MINUET AND COUNTRY DANCE
By all the characters.—Arranged by Mr. GROSSE.
TUESDAY—THE RIVALS.
WEDNESDAY, CHRISTMAS NIGHT—DOUBLE GALLANT.
In rehearsal and will be speedily produced, the play of
OLIVER TWIST,
dramatized from Mr. Charles Dickens' beautiful home story of that name.
Box book open six days in advance.
Doors open at 7¼; performance commences at 8.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager........WM. WHEATLEY
Doors open at 7, begins 7¾.
In consequence of engagements entered into many months ago, the Manager, with regret, is compelled to announce the
LAST WEEK BUT ONE
of the
BLACK CROOK.
This performance, the fame of which is now world wide, must be withdrawn in the height of its popularity, after a triumphant career of sixteen consecutive months, a success unprecedented in the annals of the stage.
MONDAY, Dec. 23, 1867,
will be performed the celebrated spectacular drama, entitled
THE BLACK CROOK,
introducing
JARRETT & PALMER'S
GREAT PARISIENNE BALLET TROUPE,
as witnessed by over 1,500,000 persons.
THE BEST AND ONLY BALLET IN AMERICA.
THE GARDE IMPERIALE, CHILD VIVANDIERE.
Splendid Tableaux, Costumes, Marches, Scenery. Premium Transformation, &c., EVERY EVENING till further notice.
SATURDAY NEXT, at 1,
LAST GRAND MATINEE BUT ONE.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WORRELL SISTERS NEW-YORK THEATRE,

Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway.
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON
TWELFTH WEEK.



UNDER THE GAS-LIGHT

With its wondrous Railroad Sensation; the great Pier and River Scene by Starlight; the Tombs Trials and all the thrilling and amusing incidents of Life and Love in this great City.
CHRISTMAS DAY at 2, }
CHRISTMAS DAY at 2, } HOLIDAY MATINEE.
CHRISTMAS DAY at 2, }

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

BEGINS AT 8
JAMES E. HAYES........LESSEE
G. L. FOX........STAGE MANAGER
C. W. TAYLEURE........BUSINESS MANAGER
MERRY CHRISTMAS FESTIVALS.
Ninth week of the Great Shakesperean Spectacle,
"A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM."
With its rare wealth of
EXQUISITE PAINTING, SHAKESPEARE'S POETRY, MENDELSSOHN'S MUSIC, SHAKESPEARE HUMOR, TRANSFORMATIONS, DELIGHTFUL SINGING and RICH COMIC ACTING. | THE GREAT HIT OF THE SEASON.
G. L. Fox....as....Bottom | Miss Rosa Cook....as....Oberon
MATINEE, 1½ EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON
HOLIDAY MATINEE, CHRISTMAS AFTERNOON

BARNEY WILLIAMS' BROADWAY THEATRE.

ENGAGEMENT OF MRS. D. P. BOWERS.
THIS EVENING, CHRISTMAS DAY MATINEE AND AT THE REGULAR SATURDAY MATINEE,
LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET.
MRS. D. P. BOWERS....as....LADY AUDLEY.
CHRISTMAS DAY MATINEE AT 1½.
LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET.
SATURDAY MATINEE, MRS. D. P. BOWERS.

BUNYAN HALL—UNION-SQUARE.

Tens of thousands have seen, and hundreds of thousands shall see,
THE PILGRIM,
before it departs to Boston.
It always has been the best, and now is the cheapest exhibition in New-York.
PRICES REDUCED.
50 cents and 25 cents. Reserved seats, 75 cents.
Come early and come often.

HEBREW CHARITY FAIR.

ALLEMANIA HALL,
No. 18 16th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.
Open daily from 12 M. to 11 P. M.
Season tickets, $1.
Single admission, 25 cents.

THE NEW-YORK CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,

No. 82 5th-av., corner of 14th-st., No. 820 Broadway, and No. 116 Remsen-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF PUPILS.
The best talent in Europe and America is secured, and no inferior teachers are nor will be engaged in the institution.
The directors will spare neither pains nor expense to retain the reputation which the Conservatory has so justly acquired during the past four years, that of the first MUSIC SCHOOL in America.
TERMS.—Regular classes $10 per quarter for every branch of instruction.
EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, }
A. F. LEJEAL, } Musical Directors.
HENRY MOLLENHAUER, }
S. N. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOKLYN. Organ Concert, postponed from last Monday, will take place to-day, 23d inst., at 3½ o'clock. Mr. HENRY E. BROWNE will preside at the organ.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.
PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, safe and healthy. They cannot fail in any case. Price $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.
Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine, at one interview.
Dr. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, 129 Liberty-st., N. Y., or sent by mail, free of postage.

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL AND SURGICAL Consultations.—R. CORBETT, M. D., member of the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his office, No. 23 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place; from a long and extended practice of over 20 years in the above specialty, he is enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. N. B.—Dr. C. gives special attention to the treatment of strictures, nervous and general debility, and all their complications.

TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery over 30 years, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all obstructions from whatever cause, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Her INFALLIBLE FRENCH MONTHLY PILLS, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, price $5, which are four degrees stronger, and can never fail, are safe and healthy. Office No. 1 East 52d-st., first door from 5th-av., or sent by mail. Also sold at druggists, No. 152 Greenwich-st., and No. 317½ Bowery.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED BY DR. KENNEDY, No. 191 Stanton-st., in less time than any other, or no pay. Thousands elsewhere ruined, are by Dr. KENNEDY satisfactorily, perfectly cured. A cure in from 1 to 5 days of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Syphilis, and all venereal diseases, without mercury. Dr. KENNEDY'S remedies are the only medicines on earth to cure certain diseases. Hasten to DR. KENNEDY, No. 191 Stanton-st. Consultations at all hours.

ALL UNFORTUNATES MAY CONFIDENTLY consult Dr. GRINDLE, No. 6 Amity-place, between Bleecker and Amity sts. Sure and immediate relief in all special complaints. Ladies should consult Dr. Grindle. Relief guaranteed in the most obstinate cases after all others have failed; elegant rooms for those requiring nursing.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of thirty-two years devoted to the treatment of diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. COOPER to make speedy cures. The victims of misplaced confidence can call with the certainty of being cured.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained by using Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. Radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Impediments to Marriage; Nervousness and Physical Incapacity, results of self-abuse. 191 Stanton-st.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST case of certain diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROPS—THE ONLY thing on earth that will really cure certain diseases without injury to the constitution; all others dry it in the blood. $1 per vial. No. 3 Division-st., since 1834.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores vigor of youth in one week; gives health and strength to the most debilitated; $5 per bottle. No. 3 Division-st. Book on nervous debility, 90 pages, gratis.

DR. ALLEN, NO. 119 GREENWICH-AV.—Ladies immediately relieved, from whatever cause with safety guaranteed; female physician.

WHEN YOUTHFUL FOLLY INDUCES impotency, Dr. KENNEDY'S Invigorator produces instant restoration of animal functions. 191 Stanton-st.

LADIES' DERANGEMENTS CURED BY the French Compound-like Magic. Sealed, by mail. Consult, or address Dr. POWERS, No. 191 Stanton-st.

A CURE AT ONE INTERVIEW FOR married ladies, by Dr. POWERS. Office, 191 Stanton-st.; his Periodical Compound guaranteed effectual.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS RELY ON DR. POWERS' Unfailing French Periodical Compound and Pills; one interview sufficient. Office 191 Stanton-st.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL advice in special complaints, should call on Dr. WEST, 545 Broadway. Consultation strictly confidential.

THE PURCHASE OF ST. THOMAS.

The Value of the Island of St. Thomas to the United States.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Seldom has the Press of our country been so generally opposed to a great public measure as it has recently shown itself in regard to the purchase of the Island of St. Thomas, and yet never has the present Secretary of State given a *coup d'état* evincing so much astuteness and diplomatic talent. The newspapers argue that St. Thomas is a heap of ruins not worth $7,500,000, being but a nest of tempests and a home of earthquakes; that its inhabitants wish to abandon it; and although we may thank them exceedingly for desiring to be annexed to us, we do not wish to annex them; that they are mongrels—a people incapable of assimilating themselves to those of the United States, &c.

Now, then, the geographical position of St. Thomas alone is worth to the United States not only seven and half millions of dollars but an incalculable number of millions, for it lies midway between the United States and South America—that inexhaustible market of coffee, indigo, hides, dye-woods and so many other staples which we require. In exchange for this trade, we can avail ourselves of the geographical position of St. Thomas to control the business which until now has been carried on with all the northern coast of South America, from Trinidad to Aspinwall. St. Thomas has been, and will ever be, so long as we know how to make it, the warehouse, or rather the general supplying store, for Venezuela and New-Granada; who for centuries have purchased there all their dry goods, wines, cigars, iron, &c., and will continue purchasing there from the force of habit, if for no other reason. St. Thomas, in possession of the United States, will ever be a touching point and port of refuge for all vessels trading between the eastern coast of South America, Brazil, Montevideo, &c., and the grand producing centres of the North. In a word, St. Thomas is the advance post of the United States toward South America, and before the coasting vessels of the latter can forget the St. Thomas route it will be necessary for the United States, from a mistaken policy, to levy taxes, duties and other drawbacks which would forever drive them away.

St. Thomas has hitherto been the rendezvous of many steamship lines for exchanging the correspondence and products of the two worlds. The English have recently removed their steamers, sending them to Jamaica, perhaps from love for the United States, and it may be in part on account of the prostration produced in the island by the recent hurricanes and earthquakes. But Jamaica, from its very position, does not possess the same advantages as St. Thomas, and experience will make the English line return to its old home, where it has hitherto made so much money. Should it not return, however, that will not prevent St. Thomas continuing to grow wonderfully under the protection of a great Power.

By the possession of St. Thomas the United States make themselves masters of Porto Rico and Cuba, and in this it is necessary to confess that Secretary SEWARD has proven himself a great strategist, having made an irresistible flank movement against Spain, getting to her windward and placing Porto Rico under the 12-inch Parrott and Dahlgren guns of Fort Carlotta Amalia. The illustrious WEBSTER, in 1827, speaking of the Congress of Panama, proposed by BOLIVAR, said that not even Spain had so much interest in the Spanish Antilles as the United States. The "balance of power" between the North and South afterward prevented the ingression of Cuba and Porto Rico into our Union, with an increase of political power, thanks to Slavery, in favor of the South. This political reason has disappeared. To the honor of the American people and glory of the Republican Party—whatever may have been its excesses subsequently, and however exaggerated may be its present aspirations—Slavery no longer exists, and therefore the radical difficulty in the way of acquiring the Greater Antilles has been removed. The United States without Slavery are, for Cuba and Porto Rico with Slavery, the glass of Archimedes, invented for the purpose of burning ships from afar. The ancient mathematician, although right in principle, never succeeded in effecting his purpose. But with the new notorious glass it happens that it is as successful in its effects as it is rational and grand in principle.

To propose to Spain, as chivalric and full of vanity as her illustrious Don Quixote, to sell us Cuba, would be an insult, and the ex-rebel SOULE lost his leg when satisfying at the pistol's point the wounded honor of the Spaniards which he had injured by merely proposing what they will now come and ask us to do.

For they will have to ask it. Straws show which way the wind blows, and the Spanish organ in New-York has told us what it thinks of the purchase of St. Thomas. *El Cronista*, a paper subsidized by the Captain-General of Cuba, in its number of 11th December, says that the European nations made an effort of considerable magnitude to establish for the New World a code of laws; that the effort was unsuccessful, and that from all that is now occurring, it would seem among other things that Spain, together with all Europe, "have restored on the Atlantic, in so far as the political relations of the two hemispheres are concerned, the grand dividing line which existed, for all kind of communications, before the wondrous voyage of COLUMBUS."

And even if a Spaniard, who represents in the highest degree the ideas and zealously defends the interests of Spain in America, had not given us this piece of his mind, it would be enough for us to know the position occupied by St. Thomas in the Caribbean Sea and in relation to the Gulf of Mexico, and principally with regard to Porto Rico, St. Domingo, and Cuba, at once to *guess* what Spain would think of our new acquisition. In our recent civil war Vicksburgh was not of so much importance in solving the military problem as St. Thomas is for the solution of the political problem of the Antilles. GRANT immortalized himself by the capture of Vicksburgh, and "our real-estate broker" will always be a title of honor for Mr. SEWARD, if it be founded alone on the acquisition of St. Thomas, for this is, virtually, the expropriation of her colonies by Spain. She has had introduced at her very door a neighbor who we are well aware is obnoxious, if for no other reason than for the example which he gives her. Denmark was a weak Power, without significance, and of no consequence to Spain. The United States are a progressing Power, full of life and in its tendencies entirely the opposite of all that Spain sustains with a heavy hand, in her colonies at least, and would exercise too active an influence to render the dominion of Spain possible in its vicinity.

There remains, therefore, for Spain no other course than to make a virtue of necessity and to save what she can from her last foothold in her American possessions. One hundred and fifty million dollars will suffice to clear the financial horizon of the Peninsula and to mitigate the pain of her lacerated pride, if it be true, as SANCHO PANZA maintained, that sorrows with bread are diminished.

In view of these important political and commercial considerations, it seems almost ridiculous to take notice of the objections offered on account of tempests, earthquakes, fevers and black vomito. Were St. Thomas but a rock in the hands of the United States, Gibraltar in the hands of the English is only a rock. But how useful and important for Great Britain has that rock been!

Earthquakes and hurricanes come at long intervals, and rarely do they occasion such disaster as of late. And if we compare these with those occasioned almost every day by our railroad accidents, and steam-boiler explosions, we will find that we are surrounded by earthquakes and tornadoes worse than those of St. Thomas.

To resume, it seems to us that the repugnance with which, for want of information, perhaps, the purchase of St. Thomas has been received—as was the case with the purchase of Florida, Louisiana, and even of our El Dorado, California—will disappear when experience shall have shown the importance of an acquisition which, notwithstanding his transactions may not be duly appreciated just now, will be sufficient to render imperishable the name of WILLIAM H. SEWARD, "our real-estate broker."

ESPANOL.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Japan—Its Past, Present and Future—Discourse by Rev. J. R. Brown, D. D.

Rev. J. R. BROWN, D. D., Missionary from Japan, delivered a discourse on the past, present and future of that country, in the Reformed Church, (Rev. Dr. ROGERS, Pastor,) corner of Fifth-avenue and Twenty-first-street, last evening. He said that eight years ago he stood in front of that pulpit and undertook the obligations preparatory to his entering upon his work in Japan, and as the mission in that particular field had its origin in that Church there was a good reason why he should, on returning to his native country, report progress to that people. The people of Japan call their country Niphon, or the land of the Sun, and they deem themselves peculiarly favored of heaven. The territory of the Empire was at least equal to that of the British Isles. Twenty years ago Japan had a population of 22,000,000, and at the present time it must be as great as that of this country. Had the people of that nation been situated as had been the British people their influence would have been as great in the East as had been that of Britain on European civilization. The antiquity of the Japanese Government was in its favor. The succession of the sceptre for two thousand four hundred years was a fact of which the people of that country might feel proud. A mistaken idea had obtained relative to the existence of two orders of rulers—civil and spiritual; this had been caused by miscomprehending the meaning of the natives in calling some of their rulers "Son of Heaven;" not that they believed them descended from God, but as their mark of distinction and honor. The Tycoon is the head of the Empire, having jurisdiction over the House of Princes, through whom all orders from the Tycoon are conveyed. There was also an order of men who are exclusively military; these held whatever public offices there were, and all others of the population under the two orders referred to had no voice in the Government. Butchers, tanners and the like, were considered at the bottom of society, and because they deal with dead bodies the other orders would not even light their pipes at the same fire with them. Society was divided up into fives, each fifth watching the other, and all the fives strictly under the jurisdiction of head men in communities, thus making every man in each five responsible for anything which may happen in the community. There was no enjoyment of the liberty of speech; such was their condition, surrounded as they were with spies, that in their own language, the Japanese considered themselves tied as with ropes. They would give a great deal to enjoy the same freedom as prevailed in this land. As soon as Japan had entered into the family of nations hundreds of jesuits and monks were sent there, and were received with open arms, and their success was great until they went about propagating the doctrine that the Pope was "King of kings." This shocked the Government, and the Tycoon issued an order commanding the exile of these jesuits and monks, and if they failed to leave they were to suffer death. These operations of the Romish Church caused a reaction against the Christian religion under the most stringent laws and fearful penalties. Here, then, the land was left with two religions, one the indigenous one of the country, in the emblems of which appeared to be an acknowledgement of the doctrine of the Trinity—the three gods who lived before all others. There were about eight hundred thousand idols in the empire, none of them very large. The speaker described the modes of worship, and the lessons taught by that worship. He had met with none of the people who had any confidence in the teachings of the priests. They knew nothing about the future; cared nothing about it; the people were all at sea, drifting about in the breakers of atheism. Yet there were intelligent men there—men who had well read their own literature and the history of their own country, and, to some extent, the history of other countries. The name of GEORGE WASHINGTON was as well known in some parts of Japan as it is in this country. The company, of which the speaker was one, was received gladly, notwithstanding the discouragements of the past. At first they were for a year attended by spies, but ultimately some of the "two-sword" men came and asked to purchase books printed in the Chinese language, but in order to enable themselves to keep them they would cover the name of Christ wherever it appeared with pieces of paper. Such was the absolute way in which the Empire had kept out the name of Christ and Christian for the last 150 years. Soon, however, perseverance was crowned with success, and the missionaries had hard work to meet the demands for the books of the Publishing Board of the Dutch Church, in addition to their labors and studies in acquiring the language. The speaker concluded with some thrilling incidents illustrating the happy results of the mission work in Japan. The field in Japan for Christian missions was now hopeful. So far it had been the good fortune of the missionaries to come in contact with men destined to rule, and now there was a movement in that country which promised great and good fruit. All Christian nations, in making treaties with the Japanese, should insist upon the toleration of Christianity there, for it would help them as a people, and they were not in a condition to refuse such a reasonable demand.

Meeting in Favor of Church Extension.

A meeting in favor of Church Extension was held last evening, at the Presbyterian Church, corner of Fifth-avenue and Nineteenth-street.

Rev. S. I. PRIME made a long and very earnest address, in which he urged the necessity of the cooperation of all denominations of Christians in the furtherance of this object. Thirty years ago, he said, there were more churches in this City, in proportion to its population, than now. Then there was one church to every sixteen hundred people; now there is one to every two thousand. The City grows more rapidly than the Church. It is not so in the country at large; the number of church members increases more rapidly than the people increase, and that, too, in spite of the vast foreign immigration, largely Roman Catholic, and not reckoned in this estimate. The Speaker, in reference to his own denomination, urged greater union of its several branches, and very eloquently described the great results that would flow from such concerted efforts on the part of Christians.

Rev. Dr. H. D. NORTHROP then made a few remarks, in which he alluded to a society existing in London, which loans money to poor churches and establishes new ones, without interest upon the amounts thus advanced. The Presbytery of New-York has established a society here for the same object—that of church extension—but its manner of operating has not as yet been decided upon.

Rev. Dr. JOHN HALL, pastor of the church, followed with a brief but earnest appeal to the congregation on behalf of this enterprise. It needs funds, he said, in order to carry out the worthy project, and he hoped that liberal responses would speedily be made to the call.

The meeting was then dismissed with the doxology and benediction.

City Evangelization.

A meeting took place last evening in the Church of the Ascension, corner of Tenth-street and Fifth-avenue, under the auspices of the New-York Diocesan Committee of the American Church Missionary Society, for the purpose of aiding the funds of the Society for the extension of the City missionary effort. The rector of the Church of the Epiphany, No. 130 Stanton-street, gave an interesting sketch of the efforts made by his congregation and little band of Sunday-school teachers, in the neighborhood of his Church. He also presented several vivid scenes, as witnessed by the City Missionaries in the homes of the poor in the lower wards of the City, showing that the garden was ready for the work. He made an eloquent appeal in behalf of the funds of the Committee, and gave those present some idea of how the money would be distributed. The Rector of the Church of Santiago, and other ministers interested in the missionary work in this City, made addresses in behalf of the Committee, and the assemblage was dismissed with a benediction.

Services at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

Under the auspices of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association, evangelical services were held yesterday in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. The speaker of the evening was Rev. J. B. THOMAS, D.D., who took for his text: "All those men of war that could keep ranks came with a perfect heart to Hebron, to make David the King over Israel." Chronicles xii., 38. He spoke at some length in eulogy of the soldiers who fought against the late rebellion, and bore themselves so well during that terrible contest; as they had then so manfully acted, he said, they should now work with equal zeal for the advancement of the Gospel.

Temperance Meeting.

A Temperance meeting was held last evening at the Park Theatre, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Kings County Central Temperance Association. The meeting was addressed by Capt. CHARTERS and Capt. MAXWELL, who in befitting terms condemned indulgence in strong liquors. The chief attraction of the evening was the singing by a beautiful and interesting little child, Miss CARY BROWNE, aged 5 or 6 years, who rendered delightfully several songs, one of which was entitled "I know I am an old Maid," ending every fourth line with the words "I'll marry no man if he drinks." She was loudly encored.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Fatal Accident—Death of Mr. John Kempston.

At 6:30 P. M. Saturday Mr. JOHN KEMPSTON, Clerk of the Superior Court, Part II., and for eighteen years a law reporter of the *Herald*, was run over and instantly killed at the Fulton Ferry. He was on his way to Brooklyn, where he resided, accompanied by his son, a youth 17 years of age. As they proceeded with the jostling crowd—which, as usual at that time of the day, was very dense—down the footpath toward the boat, Mr. KEMPSTON slipped, and fell across the beam which divides the footpath from the carriageway and a cart which was coming off the boat passed over his head. The cart, whose driver, FRANCIS SCHAFFER, has been pronounced blameless, was heavily laden with hides. An inquest was held by Coroner GOVER at the Beekman-street Station-house. FRANCIS H. GRANT, of No. 658 Broadway, heard a woman scream and saw the deceased on the bridge quite dead. He did not consider the driver of the truck in any way to blame. Other witnesses made the same statement. SCHAFFER himself stated that he neither saw nor heard the deceased and only stopped because he heard a woman scream, when he heard that a man had been run over. The jury rendered the following verdict: "That JOHN KEMPSTON came to his death by being run over by a cart driven by SCHAFFER at Fulton Ferry, but we exonerate the driver, FRANK SCHAFFER, from all blame. We severely censure the Union Ferry Company for not providing gates to prevent passengers from entering a boat until the same is made fast and all the passengers and vehicles landed. We further recommend the City authorities to pass an ordinance compelling the Company to provide the same."

Mr. KEMPSTON was an Irishman by birth, and had been in this country twenty years. He had a great many friends in this City, and was highly respected by all who knew him.

Manhattan Club Reunion.

The first reunion of this Club took place last Saturday evening at the Club-house, corner of Fifth-avenue and Fifteenth-street. There were over 150 of the members in attendance, among them Charles O'Conor, Samuel J. Tilden, Augustus Schell, Anthony L. Robertson, Wm. T. Coleman, Henry Hilton, E. H. Miller, W. G. Hunt, N. J. Waterbury, S. S. Cox, and other distinguished citizens.

After some time spent in social conversation, an elegant collation was spread, to which ample justice was done.

The President of the Club, Hon. AUGUSTUS SCHELL, announced the election of EUGENE CASSERLY to the United States Senate as a Democratic representative from California, and said he had prepared a telegram to Mr. CASSERLY on behalf of the Club, congratulating him and the Democracy of California on his success, which was received with applause.

SAMUEL J. TILDEN was called on, on behalf of the absent Senator, and responded, referring in warm terms to the former services of Mr. CASSERLY to the party before his departure for California, and his high personal character, talents and fitness for the Senate.

CHARLES O'CONOR followed in a short speech on the duty of the Democracy, and while congratulating the party on the addition of the new Senator, took occasion to refer to Mr. CASSERLY when studying for the Bar in this City, and his successful career in California, and spoke in a very eulogistic manner of him.

After some remarks from Hon. JAMES BROOKS, the company dispersed.

Meteorological Observations at the Central Park.

Height of ground above sea, 57 feet; height of instruments above the ground, 21 feet; height of instruments above the sea, 78 feet.

Day and Date, 1867.	BAROMETER. Observed Heights. 7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Day Mean.
Sunday, Dec. 15	29.931	29.833	29.790	29.851
Monday, Dec. 16	29.690	29.692	29.780	29.721
Tuesday, Dec. 17	29.803	29.653	29.680	29.712
Wednesday, Dec. 18	29.873	29.974	30.183	30.010
Thursday, Dec. 19	30.441	30.500	30.593	30.511
Friday, Dec. 20	30.444	30.170	30.170	30.261
Saturday, Dec. 21	30.353	30.452	30.414	30.406
Week mean				30.472
Maximum at 9 P. M. of Dec. 18				30.593
Minimum at 2 P. M. of Dec. 17				29.653
Difference, or Range				0.940

Day and Date, 1867.	THERMOMETER. Fahrenheit, in shaded open air. 7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Day Mean.
Sunday, Dec. 15	20.00	26.16	23.00	23.20
Monday, Dec. 16	24.06	31.03	27.00	26.30
Tuesday, Dec. 17	25.02	31.01	29.00	28.43
Wednesday, Dec. 18	30.02	29.06	21.04	27.06
Thursday, Dec. 19	15.00	19.02	15.01	16.43
Friday, Dec. 20	15.00	22.18	28.00	21.93
Saturday, Dec. 21	25.00	40.02	37.00	34.16
Week mean				25.34
Maximum at 1 and 2 P. M. of Dec. 21				40.20
Minimum at 3 A. M. of Dec. 20				11 40
Difference, or Range				28.80

Date.	WIND. 7 A. M. Course	2 P. M. Course	9 P. M. Course	Distance traveled in 24 hours, ending at 3 P. M. Miles.	Mean distance per hour Miles.
Dec. 15	N. E.	N.	N.	212.40	8.850
Dec. 16	N. W.	N. W.	W. N. W.	234.10	9.454
Dec. 17	W.	W. S. W.	W.	143.50	5.979
Dec. 18	N. W.	N. N. W.	N.	190.78	4.948
Dec. 19	N.	N.	N.	158.10	6.587
Dec. 20	N.	N.	N.	38.10	1.587
Dec. 21	W.	W.	W.	80.90	3.371
Total distance				1057.85	

Day and Date, 1867.	CLOUDS. 7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.	Day Mean.
Sunday, Dec 15	10.	10.	0.	6.66
Monday, Dec. 16	3.	3.	0.	2.00
Tuesday, Dec. 17	10.	10.	0.	6.66
Wednes'y, Dec 18	9.	2.	0.	3.66
Thursday, Dec. 19	0.	1.	0.	0.33
Friday, Dec. 20	10.	10.	10.	10.00
Saturday, Dec. 21	10.	9.	10.	9.66

REMARKS.—Rain on the 17th at 3 and 12 P. M.; duration 4 minutes; a few drops only. Rain on the 20th; duration 38 minutes. Snow on the 20th; duration 5 hours and 32 minutes; depth 1.40 inch. Snow mixed with rain on the 20th; duration 31 minutes. Total duration of raining and snowing, 6 hours and 45 minutes;; depth of rain and melted snow, 0-12 inch. Areolite at 6:47 A. M. of the 19th—very beautiful. Paraselene at 3:24½ A. M. of the 21st—magnificent. Several handsome shooting-stars during the week.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

HEROIC ACTION OF A NEWSBOY.—Last Saturday evening a poor one-armed soldier was in the act of throwing a line from Pier No. 12, North River, when he fell overboard. He had sunk twice, and was going down the third time, when he was rescued by a newsboy, named JOHN WHITE, one of the inmates of the Newsboys' Lodging-house, in Fulton-street, who happened to be on the dock plying his vocation. With a heroism that deserves more than mere commendation, he threw off his coat and old shoes, jumped into the water, and was successful in the rescue. The people, in admiration, made up a collection of $2 30 for the brave newsboy. The young man saved is the only support of a widowed mother.

CITY CAR ACCIDENTS.—About 9:30 o'clock last evening, as Mrs. CHRISTIANA GRINTHAL and her husband were getting off car No. 44 of the Eighth-avenue line, at the corner of Hudson and Clarkson streets, the conductor pulled the bell too soon. The car started and dragged the lady a distance of fifty feet, tearing her clothes and causing several severe injuries. The conductor was not arrested....A man who declined to give his name fell off a Third-avenue car near Fourteenth-street, and had his left hand cut of, the car wheel passing over it. He was taken to his lodgings at Earle's Hotel by his friends.

SUICIDE OF AN UNKNOWN MAN.—An unknown man, about 40 years of age, dressed in a black suit, fur cap, and gaiters, committed suicide about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, by jumping off the Hoboken ferry-boat *Paterson*, while opposite Christopher-street. The remains were subsequently recovered and Coroner GOVER held the necessary inquest, after which the body was removed to the Morgue for identification.

RESCUED FROM DROWNING.—JAMES BROWN, a sailor, fell off Pier No. 29 East River, while intoxicated, and was rescued by Officer CRITTENDEN, of the Fourth Ward....AMELIA KLINE, a native of Germany, 22 years of age, and residing at No. 166 Ludlow-street, fell off a Hoboken ferry-boat as the latter was entering the Barclay-street Pier, and she was rescued by Officer MCCONNELL, of the Third Precinct.

CHURCH CONCERT.—The Thirteenth-street Welsh Calvinistic Methodist Church, of which Rev. Dr. ROBERTS is pastor, will give a concert on Friday evening next for the benefit of the tax fund. An entertaining programme of instrumental and vocal music is promised.

LECTURE BY HORACE GREELEY.—Hon. HORACE GREELEY will this evening deliver his new lecture entitled "Abraham Lincoln," at Radford Hall, Yonkers, under the auspices of the Nepperhan Club, of that village.

NEW-JERSEY.

DEATH FROM SUFFOCATION.—Coroner WARREN, of Jersey City, held an inquest yesterday morning on the body of EDGAR SMITH, of the schooner *Nelly Potter*, who was found dead on board the vessel on Saturday morning, while lying in the cove near the Central Railroad Pier. It appears from the evidence that the deceased and PETER HINES shipped on the schooner at New-London Tuesday last. Friday evening, after the vessel came in port, the deceased and HINES went into the galley to warm themselves, and when the steward left, after filling the stove with coal, he cautioned the men to leave the door ajar to allow the gas to escape. In the morning the mate went to call the man, and receiving no answer, pushed the door back, and found the little room full of gas. SMITH was found dead, and HINES was nearly insensible, but afterward recovered. The jury rendered a verdict of death from suffocation produced by the inhalation of coal gas. Deceased resided in New-London, and leaves a wife and three children. His wife and mother arrived in Jersey City yesterday afternoon. They came for the purpose of removing the remains to Connecticut for interment.

THE DEATH IN THE CITY PRISON.—An inquest was held yesterday afternoon before Coroner WARREN, of Jersey City, on the body of the boy LAWRENCE COSGROVE, employed at the City Prison in Jersey City, who was found dead on Saturday morning in one of the cells occupied by him as a sleeping apartment. The deceased had been unwell two or three days, and was attended by Dr. WATSON. The jury rendered a verdict of death from congestion of the brain. They also recommend that the Police Commissioners appoint a proper person as a night watchman to attend to the wants of persons during the night, in the absence of the Marshal.

FIRE.—The alarm of fire in Jersey City between 10 and 11 o'clock on Saturday night, was caused by a stable taking fire, in the upper part of South Eighth-street. The flames were extinguished with slight damage.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 21—11:15 A. M.

Consols for money	92¾
United States Five-twenty Bonds	72 3-16
Illinois Central Railway Shares	89¼
Erie Railway Shares	49¼

FRANKFORT, Saturday, Dec. 21—11:15 A. M.

United States Five-twenties, for the issue of 1862, 76¾.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Dec. 21—11:15 A. M.

COTTON quiet; the estimated sales to-day are 10,000 bales. Middling Uplands, 7⅝d.; Middling Orleans, 7⅝d.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 46s. for mixed Western. Wheat, 15s. 2d. for White California, and 13s. 7d. for No. 2 Milwaukee Red. Barley, 5s. 3d. for American. Oats, 3s. 8d. for American. Peas, 46s. 6d. for Canadian.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 112s. for Winter cured extra prime Mess. Pork, 67s. 6d. for prime Eastern Mess. Cheese, 52s. for the highest range of fine. Lard, 50s. for fine American. Bacon, 40s. 6d. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—No. 12 Dutch Standard Sugar, 26s. Resin, 6s. 9d. for common Wilmington, and 11s. for fine pale. Tallow, 44s. 3d. for American. Spirits of Turpentine, 27s. ℔ cwt. Petroleum—Spirits, 2s. ℔ gallon; Refined, 1s. 4d. Cloverseed, 39s. for No. 1 American Red.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 21—11:15 A. M.

Whale Oil, £39 for ℔ 252 gallons. Sperm Oil, £112 ℔ ton. Linseed Oil, £37 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes, £11 ℔ ton for thin Oblong.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 21—1:20 P. M.

Consols for Money 92⅝

American Securities are quiet at the following quotations:

United States Five-twenty Bonds	72 3-16
Illinois Central Railway Shares	89⅛
Erie Railway Shares	49

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Dec. 21—1:20 P. M.

COTTON is dull. Middling Uplands have declined to 7 5-16d., and Middling Orleans to 7 9-16d. The sales to-day foot up 10,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 46s. for Mixed Western. Wheat 15s. 2d. for White California, and 13s. 7d. for No. 2 Milwaukee Red. Barley 5s. 3d. for American. Oats 3s. 8d. for American. Peas 46s. 6d. for Canadian.

PROVISIONS—Beef, 112s. for Winter cured extra Prime Mess. Pork, 67s. 6d. for prime Eastern Mess. Lard, 49s. 9d. for fine American. Cheese, 52s. for the highest range of fine. Bacon, 40s. 6d. for Cumberland Cut.

PRODUCE—No. 12 Dutch Standard Sugar, 26s. Resin, 6s. 9d. for Common Wilmington, and 11s. for fine Pale. Tallow, 44s. 3d. for American. Spirits Turpentine, 27s. ℔ cwt. Petroleum, 2s. ℔ gallon for Spirits, and 1s. 3½d. for Refined. Cloverseed 39s. for No. 1 American Red.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 21—1:20 P. M.

Whale Oil, £39 ℔ 252 gallons. Sperm Oil, £112 ℔ ton. Linseed Oil, £37 ℔ ton. Linseed Cakes, £11 ℔ ton for thin oblong.

ANTWERP, Saturday, Dec. 21—1:20 P. M.

PETROLEUM quiet at 45 francs for Standard White.

HAVANA, Saturday, Dec. 21.

SUGAR 7¾@8 rials ℔ arroba, for No. 12 D. S. MOLASSES 6@7 rials per gallon. BACON $15@$16 ℔ cwt. BUTTER 25@40c. ℔ ℔. FLOUR $12 75@$13 50. HOOPS, long, $52@$55 ℔ thousand; short $45@$50 per thousand. HAMS, ordinary salted $15 ℔ cwt.; sugar cured $20 ℔ cwt. LARD, in tierces $15@$16 ℔ cwt.; in 25 ℔ tins $17@$18 ℔ cwt. LUMBER—Pitch pine $24 ℔ thousand feet. RESIN $5. FREIGHTS on molasses to New York $1 in currency.

FRANKFORT, Sunday, Dec. 22.

United States Bonds are quoted to-day at 77⅛ for the issue of 1862.

Domestic Markets.

CHICAGO, Saturday, Dec. 21.

FLOUR firmer at $8 37@$9 for Extra. WHEAT firmer and advanced 1c.@1½c.; sales at $1 90@$1 92 for No. 1, and $1 82¾@$1 84 for No. 2. CORN quiet at a decline of ½c. @1c.; sales at 83½c. for No. 2, and 81½c.@82c. for New. OATS quiet at 54½c. RYE firmer at $1 75@$1 58½ for No. 1, and $1 56@$1 57 for No. 2. BARLEY dull at $1 68 @$1 70 for No. 2. MESS PORK firmer, and advanced 50c. sales at $20 50, cash, and $21 seller, the last half of January. LARD dull at 12c. for Prime Steam. GREEN HAMS 11c., from the block. GREEN SHOULDERS, 7c. delivered, 6½c. from the block. ENGLISH MEATS inactive and nominal. SWEET PICKLED HAMS quiet at 12c. DRESSED HOGS firm at 7c.@8c., dividing on 200. LIVE HOGS active at an advance of 10c.@15c. on best grades: sales at $6 85 @$7 for Good to Choice; $6 65@$6 75 for Fair to Good; $6@$6 35 for Medium to Fair. BEEF CATTLE dull and unchanged. RECEIPTS—5,000 bbls. Flour, 7,000 bushels Wheat, 46,000 bushels Corn, 14,000 bushels Oats, 1,600 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—3,000 bbls. Flour, 16,000 bushels Wheat, 4,800 bushels Corn.

OSWEGO, Saturday, Dec. 21.

FLOUR steady and unchanged, but dull; sales 600 bbls. at $10 50 for No. 1 Spring; $12 50 for Red Winter; $13 for White; $13 75@$14 for Double Extra. WHEAT quiet and no sales. CORN dull; sales 3,600 bushels warm Illinois at $1 10. OATS, BARLEY, RYE and PEAS nominal. CORN MEAL, $2 90 ℔ cwt. MILLFEED scarce and firm; Shorts, $30; Shipstuffs, $34@$35; Middlings, $42 ℔ ton. RAILROAD FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 80c.; to New-York, 70c.; to Albany, 60c.

NEW-ORLEANS, Saturday, Dec. 21.

COTTON dull; sales 4,000 bales; Middlings at 14¾c.; receipts, 3,154 bales; exports, 12,426 bales. SUGAR firm and unchanged. MOLASSES—Fair to prime, 6c.@70c. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $9 50; Choice, $12 50@$14 50. CORN dull at $1 05@$1 10. OATS, 85c. MESS PORK dull; offered at $22 75. BACON—Shoulders, 11c.; Clear Sides, 15½c.@16c. LARD unchanged. Sterling Exchange, 144@147. New-York Exchange at sight, ½ per cent. discount. Gold, 132⅝.

SAN FRANCISCO, Friday, Dec. 20.

Flour is quiet at $7 50@$8. Wheat, $2 50 for good shipping. Legal Tenders, 75½c. Mining Stocks are generally better; sales to-day—Crown Point, $790; Ophir, $72; Hale and Norcross, $1,175; Chollar Potosi, $133; Gould and Curry, $350; Belcher, $125; Yellow Jacket, $740; Savage, $125; Kentucky, $250; Imperial, $165; Overman, $85.

MILWAUKEE, Saturday, Dec. 21.

FLOUR dull; City Double Extras, $9@$9 50; Country do., $8 50@$9; Extra, $8@$8 50. WHEAT heavy at $1 85@ for No. 1, and $1 76½ for No. 2. OATS unchanged. CORN declining; new shelled, 85c. RECEIPTS—1,100 bbls. Flour, 11,000 bushels Wheat, 2,200 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—400 bbls. Flour, 1,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, Saturday, Dec. 21.

FLOUR dull; Family, $10 75@$11. WHEAT dull and nominal. CORN dull at 84c.@85c. for new ear. OATS quiet at 65c.@66c. RYE dull, $1 56@$1 58. BARLEY unchanged. COTTON dull at 14c. for Middling. WHISKY steady. DRESSED HOGS dull and easier; receipts, 1,600 head. PROVISIONS dull but unchanged, with but little demand.

TOLEDO, Saturday, Dec. 21.

FLOUR quiet. WHEAT declined 1c.; sales of Amber at $2 57; No. 1 Red Wabash, $2 45. CORN declined 1c.; sales of New at 94c.; sales, delivery all the month, at 94½c. OATS firmer; sales of No. 1 at 62c. RYE quiet but firm. BARLEY quiet. DRESSED HOGS dull and lower; sales at $8@$8 25.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Saturday, Dec. 21.

COTTON in fair demand, and prices a shade easier; sales 700 bales; Middlings, 13½c.; receipts, 1,200 bales.

MOBILE, Ala., Saturday, Dec. 21.

COTTON—Sales, 1,550 bales. The market closed quiet; Middlings, 13¾c.; receipts, 2,777 bales.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Saturday, Dec. 21.

COTTON dull; sales, 871 bales Middlings at 14½c.; receipts, 2,800 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Saturday, Dec. 21.

COTTON steady and in fair demand; sales, 600 bales; Middling, 15c.; receipts, 1,110 bales.

[Advertisement.]

Too often a cold is considered a very ordinary, trifling affair, just as well left to go as it came, and hence systematically neglected, until a simple, curable affection is converted into a serious and generally fatal pulmonary disease. The more prudent, aware that a violent cough or cold should never be trifled with, but on the contrary taken care of from its incipiency, promptly make use of DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, a curative which has sustained its reputation for over thirty years as a remedy always efficacious, and sure to exert a most beneficial influence on all the bronchial and pulmonary organs. Sold by all druggists.

[Advertisement.]

EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE.

Prize medal awarded HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES at Paris. Also, at the WORLD'S FAIR, LONDON, and WORLD'S FAIR, NEW-YORK. For sale only at No. 251 Broadway, corner Murray-st., New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Chief among Broadway beauties are the establishments of KNOX, the hatter, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, and No. 533 Broadway, under Prescott House, which are ever brilliant with the most recherche fashions. KNOX'S Winter Hats, &c., are the most uniquely elegant ever issued.

[Advertisement.]

Meerschaum pipes and cigar-holders of KALDENBERG & SON, is the present for gentlemen smokers. Stores No. 23 Wall-st., No. 6 John-st. and No. 717 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

Always wide awake and ready to ring upon the approach of danger. E. Holmes' Burglar Alarm Telegraph, No. 201 Broadway, needs only to be seen to be appreciated.

E. WARD, Washington-st.

Passengers Arrived.

DEC. 22—*In steamship Hermann from Bremen.*—G. W. Kruger and wife, John A. Kasson, G. Schunemann, W. Krummacher, G. Buchner, Nathan Ries and family, Sara Ries, John G. Mohrbeck, C. Niemann, Mrs. Niemann, M. Fische, O. Ehni, J. H. Koch, E. Jung, Frank Schaefer and family, G. Sauter, Jacob Kohler, Louis Wach, and 345 in steerage.

In steamship George Cromwell, from New-Orleans—Mrs. A. Brooks, H. A. Carpenter, Dr. H. T. Berthelot, Leon Hirsch, H. A. Hardenbuck, John Thompson, J. S. Cameron, S. D. Merrick, J. H. Garvin, Wm. Penson, A. J. King, P. Doyce.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 22 | Sun sets..... 4 37 | Moon rises.. 4 54

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 5 56 | Gov. Island. 6 45 | Hell Gate..... 8 07

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, Dec. 22.

Arrived.

Steamship Hermann, (Brem.,) Wenke, Bremen Dec. 7, via Southampton 10th, at 3 P. M., with mdse. and 401 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Has had strong westerly winds and heavy head sea the entire passage, and was detained off Sandy Hook 16 hours by dense fog. Dec. 18, lat. 45 33, lon. 51 16, passed steamship Weser, hence for Bremen. 19th, lat. 43 19, lon. 58 16, passed one of the Inman steamers, bound east.

Steamship George Cromwell, Vaill, New-Orleans via S. W. Pass Dec. 15, 7 A. M., with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co. Has experienced strong head winds and sea south of Hatteras; hove to 20 hours, and detained outside the Hook 12 hours by fog.

Steamship Somerset, Childs, Baltimore 38 hours, with mdse. to Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Co.

Steamship Niagara, Blakeman, Richmond and City Point, with mdse. and passengers to N. L. McCready & Co.

Steamship Thames, Pennington, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steamship Louisa Moore, Wallace, Newbern, N. C., with mdse. and passengers to Murray, Ferris & Co.

Steamship Acushnet, Kelly, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Ferguson & Wood.

Steamship Saratoga, King, Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to N. L. McCready & Co.

Steamship Ellen S. Terry, Chapman, Newbern, N. C., with mdse. and passengers to Goodspeed & White.

Steamship Emily B. Souder, Libby, Charleston, S. C., Dec. 19, with mdse. and passengers to Wheeler & Lipnard.

Steamer Osprey, ——, Providence.

Ship Blue Jacket, Simmons, Liverpool Nov. 20, with mdse. to E. R. Green. Was 11 ds. to the Grand Banks, with easterly winds; since then has had heavy westerly gales. Took pilot 21st, Barnegat light bearing N. W. 20 miles.

Ship Humboldt, (Hamb.,) Peyn, Hamburg 61 ds., with mdse. and 327 passengers to R. M. Sloman & Edye. Has had very unsettled weather the latter part of the voyage. Had 6 deaths and 3 births among the passengers.

Bark Golden Fleece, (of Barbados,) Rhoades, Barbados 28 ds., with sugar to H. Trowbridge's Sons. Has been 20 ds. west of Bermuda with strong N. W. gales; split sails, &c. Dec. 12, lat. 37 20, lon. 70 26, passed a vessel, bottom up, about 60 feet keel, bottom painted brown, and rudder gone, apparently a schooner of 100 tons burden.

Bark James M. Brett, (of Bangor,) Nickerson, Buenos Ayres Oct. 12, and Montevideo 17th, with hides to Brett, Son & Co. Has been 20 ds. west of Bermuda, with heavy westerly gales. Dec. 16, exchanged longitude with brig Philip Larabel, from Buenos Ayres for Providence.

Bark Lord Palmerston, (of Cape Town,) McCready, Buenos Ayres Oct. 29, and Montevideo Nov. 1, with hides to Harbeck & Halsey. Has been on the coast for the last 14 ds., with strong northerly winds.

Bark Montezuma, Hammond, Trinidad, Port Spain, 26 ds., in ballast to T. T. & F. A. Dwight. Has had northerly gales the entire passage, and been 10 ds. north of Hatteras.

Bark Trovatore, Blanchard, Havana 17 ds., in ballast to master.

Bark American Eagle, Harford, Aspinwall 42 ds., with mdse. to J. F. Joy. Passed Cape Hatteras Dec. 11; on the 12th, in a heavy gale, lost foresail, foretopsail and royals, and split spanker. Was hove to for six days, and drifted across the Gulf. Anchored on the Bar on the 22d inst. at 4 A. M., and lost both anchors and part of the chain.

Bark Robert Murray, Jr., Mulligan, Miragoane 32 ds., with logwood, coffee and five passengers to R. Murray, Jr. Passed Hatteras Dec. 8, and took a strong N.E. gale on the 12th, and was driven across the Gulf again.

Bark Terpsichore, (Dan.,) Niemann, Rio Janeiro 55 ds., with coffee to Funch, Menck & Wendt. Dec. 18, lat. 36 30, lon. 70, spoke brig Spanish Main, from Porto Rico for Halifax.

Bark Jenny, (Brem.,) Henrici, Bremen 62 ds., with mdse. and 203 passengers to F. Schoon. Has had heavy weather; sprung foretopsail yard and split sails. Had 8 deaths among the passengers—7 children and 1 adult. Is anchored in the Lower Bay.

Bark Philena, (of Portland,) Davis, Havana Nov. 23, via Delaware Breakwater Dec. 20, with sugar to Miller & Houghton.

Bark Rebecca Caruana, Savage, Matanzas 13 ds., with guano and honey to Waydell & Co.

Brig Lizzie Kimball, Langley, Sisal 23 ds., with hemp to Merrill & Abbott.

Brig Frank Churchill, Collins, Turk's Island 14 ds., with salt to master. Had very heavy weather on the passage.

Brig A. R. Dunlop, (of Liverpool, N. S.,) Dunlop, Curacoa 14 ds., with fustic to Jones & Lough.

Brig Julia, (of Barbados,) Logan, Demerara 47 ds., with sugar and molasses to Harvey Barnes. First part of passage had light calms; latter part strong N. W. and E. gales.

Brig Kolon, Kasper, Machias, with lumber to F. Talbot & Co.

Brig Philip Larrabee, Dye, Buenos Ayres for Providence, in ballast to master. Put into this port with loss of both anchors.

Brig Eliza Thompson, Wright, Fajardo, P. R., 30 ds., with sugar to J. V. Onativia.

Brig Scotland, (of Barbados,) Crowell, Mayaguez, P. R., 16 ds., with fruit to E. T. Smith & Co. Has been on the coast for the last 8 ds., with continuous northerly gales.

Brig L. M. Johnson, (Br.,) Williams, Mondego Bay, Jam., 17 ds., with logwood, &c., to A. H. Soloman & Co.

Schr. Clara Montgomery, Borden, Baracoa 22 ds., with fruit to N. L. McCready & Co. Has been 14 ds. north of Hatteras, with northerly gales. Dec. 10, lat. 34, lon. 74, in a gale from W. S. W., sprung foretopmast-head, split fore and main sails, chafed main rigging and sprung foreboom.

Schr. Sarah Maria, Horton, Mayaguez, P. R., Dec. 6, with oranges to J. & T. Pearsall. Sld. in co. with brig Scotland, for New-York.

Schr. Matilda, (Br.,) Stevens, Baracoa 23 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall. Has been 14 ds. north of Hatteras, with strong northerly gales.

Schr. Snow Squall, (of Camden,) Stevenson, Aux Cayes 20 ds., with logwood and coffee to Kunhardt & Co. Has had heavy gales, and been on the coast for the coast for the last 14 ds.; split main and fore sails.

Schr. Annie Bell, (of New-Haven,) Prindle, Curacoa Nov 29, with salt to master.

Schr E. Closson, (of Brookhaven,) Coombs, Curacoa 23 ds., with fustic to Miller & Houghton.

Schr. Fannie Blake, Clark, Calais, to master. Dec. 13, in a heavy gale from N. E., lost part of deck load of lath and veneer.

Schr. John Boynton, (of Calais,) Reed, Montego Bay, Jam., 24 ds., with logwood to John Boynton, Son & Co.

Schr. Daniel Simmons, Jones, Providence for Virginia.

Schr. Stephen Morgan, Bennett, Baltimore for Jersey City.

Schr. Belle Bartlett, Hawse, Boston for Virginia.

Schr. Mary B. Dyer, Bervier, Boston for Virginia.

Schr. Morrison, Higgins, Boston for Virginia.

Schr. White Foam, Ellis, New-Haven.

Schr. Robert Smith, Davis, New-Haven.

Schr. Nellie Bloomfield, Hobbie, Stamford.

Schr. Chowan, Mellon, Norwalk.

Schr. T. S. Parker, Neill, Glen Cove.

WIND—At sunset, S. W., fresh.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Dec. 22—Arr. steamer Neptune, from New-York; brig Meteor, Darien via New-Orleans, where she was ashore.

Below, at anchor in the roads—Barks E. J. Harriman, from Buenos Ayres; A. B. Walker, from Swan Island for Weymouth.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 21—Sld. steamships Champion, for New-York; Sea Gull, for Baltimore; Geo. B. Upton, Boston.

22d—Arr. steamship Moneka, New-York; brig Manuel, St. Jago de Cuba.

Sld. bark Leonidas, Liverpool; schr. My Rover, Boston; schr. Ella Mathews, Wilmington, N. C.

FORTRESS MONROE, Dec. 22—Arr. brig Water Witch, West Indies; bark Santa Rosa, Valparaiso, for orders.

Passed up—Brigs Osprey, from Matanzas, and D. D. Haskell, from Navassa for Baltimore.

The large fleet which was anchored in the roads sailed this morning.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 22—Steamship Belgian sailed for Liverpool last evening.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Dec. 22—Arr. steamship North Point, for Baltimore; Herman Livingston, New-York; bark Earl George, Philadelphia; bark Seringapatam, London; schr. Caroline E. Hall, Richmond; brig Chas. Westley, Providence.

Sld. steamer Bienville, for New-York.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 20—Arr. the Alice M. Minot and Beatrice, from Liverpool.

Cld. to-day, the Flatbeck, for Liverpool, with 16,000 sacks of wheat.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 21—Arr. steamship Rebecca Clyde, New-York.

Miscellaneous.

RETURNED.—Bark Evening Star, Hiller, hence for St. Jago 21st inst., returned on account of head winds.

The fog and warm rain of yesterday has entirely cleared the Lower Bay of ice.

The schr. Henry Allen, from Washington, N. C., for Providence, was at Hatteras Inlet, wind bound, with 10 sail of vessels, bound north.

Spoken, &c.

Anglo-Saxon—bark, steering N., Dec. 11, lat. 26 N., lon. 70 W.

Emma F. Harriman—bark, from Buenos Ayres for Boston, Nov. 4, lat. 22 38 S., lon. 35 30 W.

John Boynton—schr., from Kingston, Jam., for New-York, with loss of sails, Dec. 19, lat. 38 30, lon. 73 40.

Foreign Ports.

At Mayaguez, P. R., Dec. 6, schrs. W. H. Dewitt, for New-York in 2 ds.; Bowdin, for do. in 10 ds.; Mary E. Mangum, for do. in 6 ds.; Dauntless, for Philadelphia in 8 ds.; Edward Laymeyer, for Newburyport in 5 ds.

At Aux Cayes, Dec. 1, schrs. Clara Sawyer, hence, dischg.; Irvin, from Wilmington, N. C., do.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 22.—The Royal Mail steamship Persia, Capt. Lott, which left New-York on the 11th inst., arrived at this port to-day, and after landing mails, &c., sailed for Liverpool.

Marine Disasters.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 22.—A dispatch from Lisbon reports that the American bark Palermo, Capt. Merrish, which sailed from New-Orleans Oct. 25, for Vigo, is ashore on the west of Portugal, near Aveiro.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES KIDNEY DISEASE.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES RHEUMATISM.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES URINARY DISEASES.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES GRAVEL.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES STRICTURES.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
CURES DROPSY.

For the diseases named above, and for WEAKNESSES and PAINS IN THE BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and DISORDERS arising from excesses of any kind, it is INVALUABLE. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Principal Depot, HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
NO. 594 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
Sold by Druggists everywhere.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

PADUCAH—EXTRA CLASS, No. 135, Dec. 21, 1867.
41, 24, 25, 75, 69, 18, 21, 23, 76, 67, 17, 49, 1, 28.
PADUCAH—CLASS No. 136, Dec. 21, 1867.
55, 3, 66, 41, 6, 52, 20, 30, 59, 12, 36, 76, 33, 45.
STATE LOTTERY—EXTRA CLASS No. 35, Dec. 21, 1867.
19, 29, 38, 39, 25, 60, 63, 31, 66, 20, 67, 65, 23.
STATE LOTTERY—CLASS No. 36, Dec. 21, 1867.
4, 35, 68, 81, 34, 64, 15, 41, 7, 42, 57, 28, 26, 72.

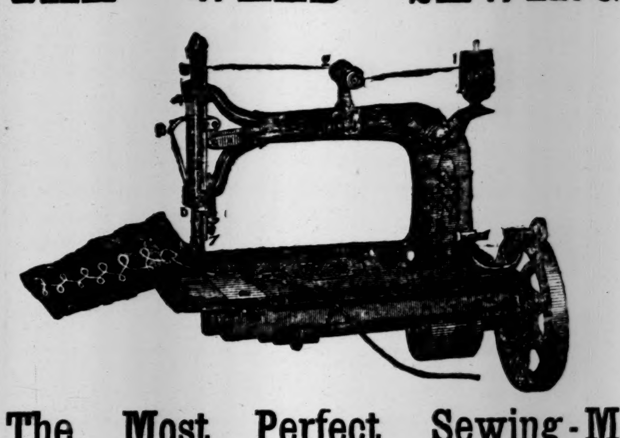
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information given.
JOSEPH BATES, No. 78 Broadway.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

CIRCULARS AND INFORMATION FURNISHED in all legalized lotteries. J. CLUTE, Broker, No. 176 Broadway, and No. 153 Fulton-st.

PRIZES CASHED IN ALL LEGALIZED lotteries, and information given. GALLAGHER & BROTHERS, No. [illegible] Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

A SPLENDID HOLIDAY GIFT.
THE WEED SEWING-MACHINE



HAS BEEN AWARDED
MORE
FIRST-CLASS
PREMIUMS
THIS YEAR
THAN ANY OTHER.
OFFICE,
NO. 613 BROADWAY.
IT IS
The Most Perfect Sewing-Machine in the World.

THE MOST
POPULAR
GARMENTS
OF THE SEASON ARE OUR
Splendid Winter Overcoats at $15.
Heavy Walking Jackets at $12.
Having at length overtaken the demand for these DESIRABLE GOODS, we are now prepared to furnish them in large quantities.
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. GRAND-ST.,
BROADWAY, COR. WARREN-ST.

THE WALRUSSIAN
OVERCOAT,
PRICE $18;
A New Article in the Glengary Style, but Less Expensive.
Elegant New Black Cloth
Dress Frock Coats,
FOR $20;
Nothing so Stylish and so Cheap Since 1860.
DEVLIN & CO.

ROBES DE
CHAMBRE,
SMOKING JACKETS,
AND OTHER
NOVELTIES
FOR THE HOLIDAYS,
ALL MARKED DOWN.
BEST YORK MILLS SHIRTS
THREE DOLLARS EACH.
DEVLIN & CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. WARREN-ST.,
BROADWAY, COR. GRAND-ST.

! ! ! ! ! ! !
! KELLEY'S WEEKLY !
CHRISTMAS NUMBER,
OUT ON MONDAY.
A BEAUTIFUL GIFT NUMBER.
Contains the continuation of
JACK O' THE MILL;
A NEW CHRISTMAS STORY,
By
A. E. LANCASTER;
besides many shorter stories and sketches.
THE FIRST-PAGE CUT,
"CHRISTMAS,"
Designed by H. L. STEPHENS,
is one of the finest engravings ever produced in this or any other country.
"CHRISTMAS SCENES,"
a full-page picture, also designed by Stephens, is a masterpiece and is alone worth ten times the price of the paper.
! ! ! ! ! ! !
ACCIDENT ON THE VERMONT CENTRAL RAILROAD.
A TRAIN OF CARS BACKED OVER A PRECIPICE 70 FEET HIGH.
This cut is from a sketch by H. E. Mead.
Another of Hans Christian Andersen's Stories,
&c., &c., &c.
ALL IN KELLEY'S WEEKLY,
OUT ON MONDAY.
! ! ! ! ! ! !
On SATURDAY, Feb. 8, 1868,
we will distribute
HALF A MILLION
of the profits in shares, including one hundred thousand dollars in greenbacks to our patrons.
One share returned to every subscriber.

One share, cash	$20,000
One share, cash	10,000
One share, cash	4,000
One share, cash	3,000
One share, cash	2,000
Five shares, cash, $1,000 each	5,000
Ten shares, cash, $500 each	5,000
Other shares, cash, amounting to	53,000
Other shares, pianos, watches, sewing-machines, sets of diamonds	400,000

A committee to be chosen by the subscribers will distribute SATURDAY, Feb. 8, 1868, the above-named shares, and the Committee's report will be published in *Kelley's Weekly*.
TERMS TO SUBSCRIBERS:

1 copy one year, with four numbers of shares	$4 00
1 copy six months, with two numbers of shares	2 00
1 copy three months, with one number of shares	1 00

The paper will be mailed regular to subscribers with number of share on receipt of price.
Address all letters to
A. A. KELLEY & CO., Publishers,
No. 808 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—GERMAN accordeons, flutinas, concertinas, guitars, musical boxes, the largest and cheapest assortment in the city. Also, the new chromatic scale concertina, (Bandonian,) with 88, 100 and 130 notes.
J. SAENGER, Importer,
No. 165 Essex-st., New-York.

HAVANA ORANGES FOR SALE BY the barrel, at No. 65 Front-st. Just arrived by steamer.

ATTENTION
IS INVITED
TO THE
LARGE STOCK
OF FINE
CLOTHING
NOW OFFERED
AT
RAYMOND'S,
Nos. 121, 123 and 125 FULTON-ST.,
AND
WHICH IS BEING SOLD
AT
PRICES SO LOW
THAT THE MOST
ECONOMICAL CAN AFFORD
TO PURCHASE A
NEW SUIT
FOR THE
HOLIDAYS.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
A great variety of goods for
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS,
AT LOW PRICES.
A splendid assortment of
CONFECTIONERY,
ELEGANT BON-BON BOXES,
AT
TAYLOR'S SALOON,
No. 555 Broadway.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
DON'T WASTE YOUR MONEY ON
"GIMCRACKS."
BUY THE
DOTY WASHING MACHINE,
AND THE
UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER,
Which save their cost in clothing every year, besides saving half the time and labor of washing.
Delivered free everywhere, and warranted.
R. C. BROWNING, General Agent,
No. 32 Cortlandt-st., New-York,
Opposite Merchants' Hotel.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS,
By the case, gallon or bottle, at the AMERICAN WINE COMPANY'S, NO. 243 BROADWAY, (opposite City Hall Park, between Murray-st. and Park-place.)
During the coming festivities of the season
NO SIDEBOARD
will be complete WITHOUT
SPEERS' PORT GRAPE WINE,

VINUM BONUM
BONUM SANGUINEM
FACIT.
GOOD WINE
MAKES
GOOD
BLOOD.
PRIZE CUP

A WINE
which excels every other wine produced in this country for its fruitiness, flavor and generous qualities.
This celebrated wine is made from the juice of the Oporto grape raised in this country, and is well worthy of the high esteem in which it is held.
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